



Disruptive Innovation in Drug Development and Personalized Medicine: Human Organ Chips and Beyond

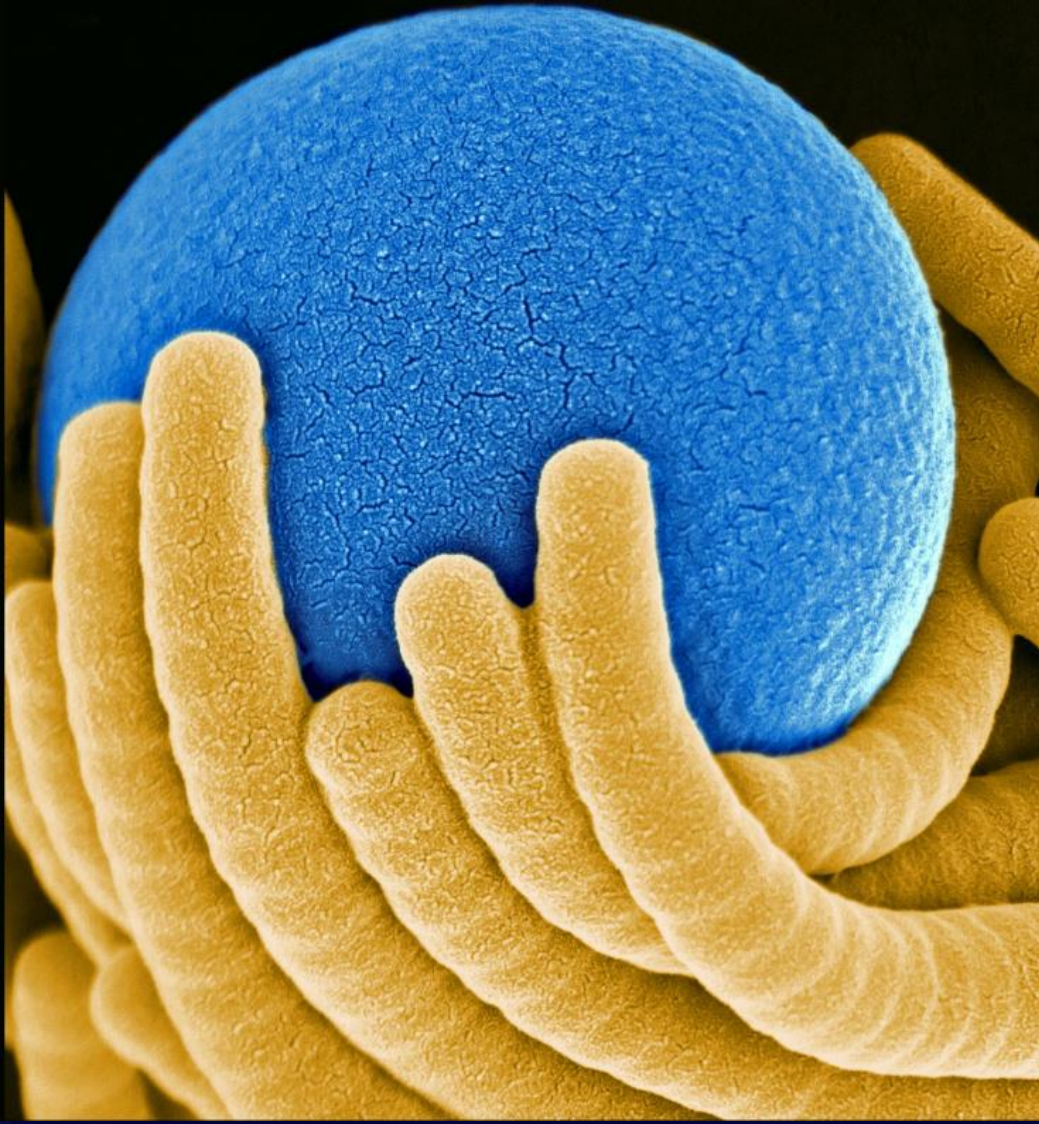
Don Ingber, MD,PhD

Founding Director, Wyss Institute at Harvard University
*Judah Folkman Professor of Vascular Biology, Harvard Medical School
& Vascular Biology Program, Boston Children's Hospital*

Hansjörg Wyss Professor of Bioinspired Engineering, Harvard School of Engineering and Applied Sciences

Our Mission

*To transform healthcare and the environment
by emulating the way Nature builds*



The Drug Development Model is Challenged



- Cost to develop & approve a new drug > \$3 Billion
- Animal studies take years to complete
- Innumerable animal lives are lost
- **>70% of results don't predict clinical responses!**



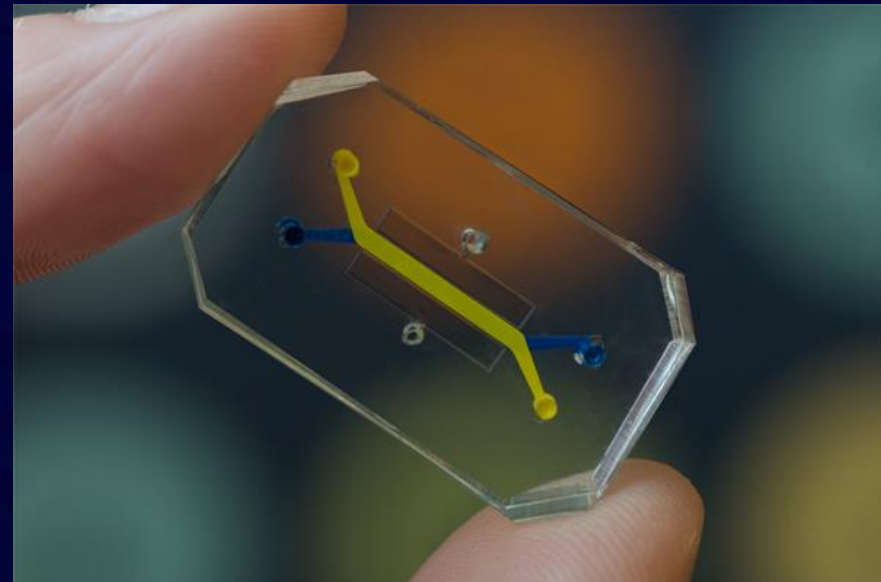
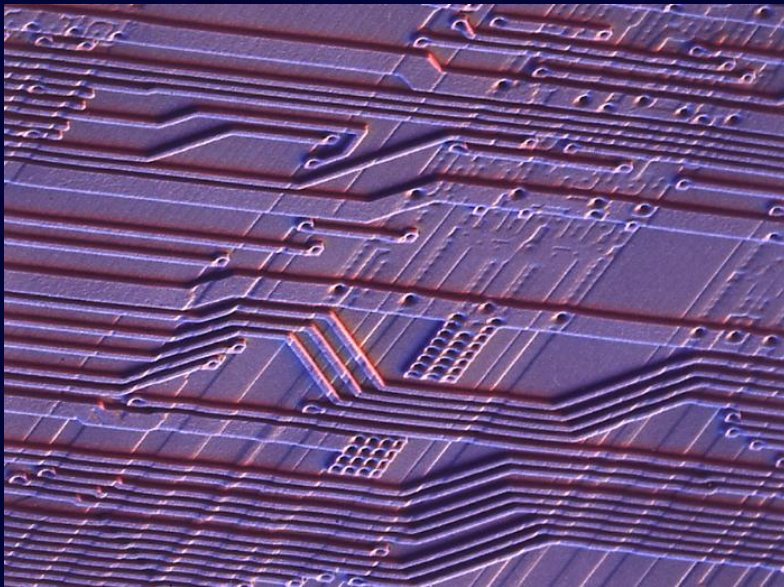
*Can we develop safer and more effective drugs
faster and at lower cost?*

Human Organs-on-Chips



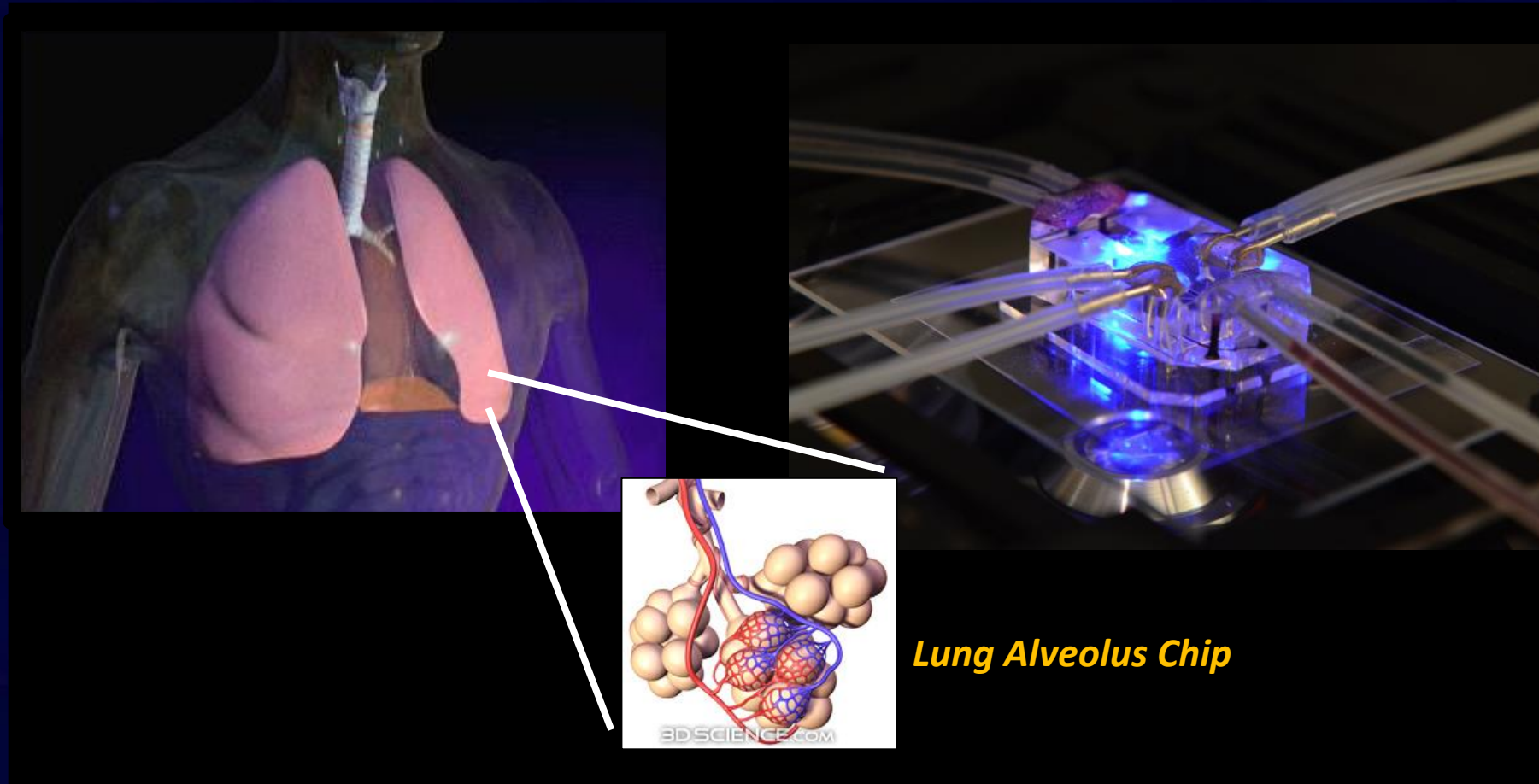
Engineered microchips containing living human cells that reconstitute *organ-level functions*

- *Accelerate drug development, replace animal testing, and advance personalized medicine*

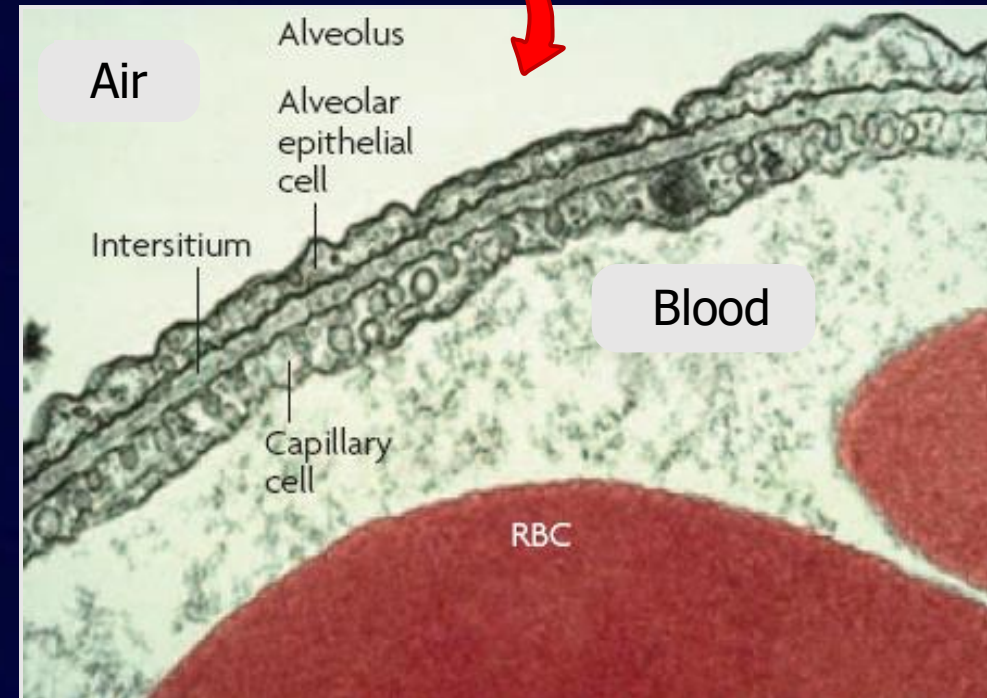
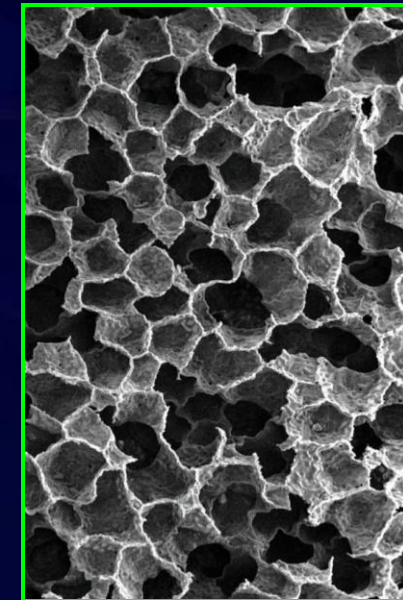
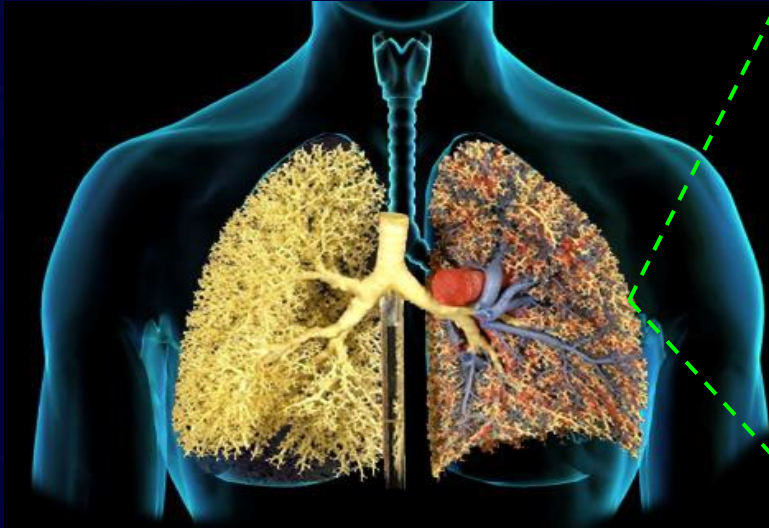


A Human Breathing Lung-on-a-Chip

(DAN HUH et al., *Science* 2010)

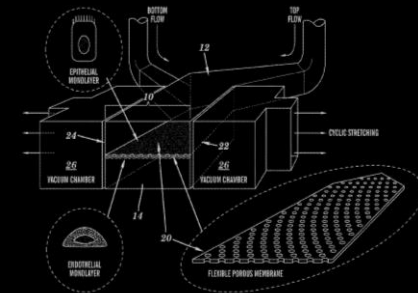
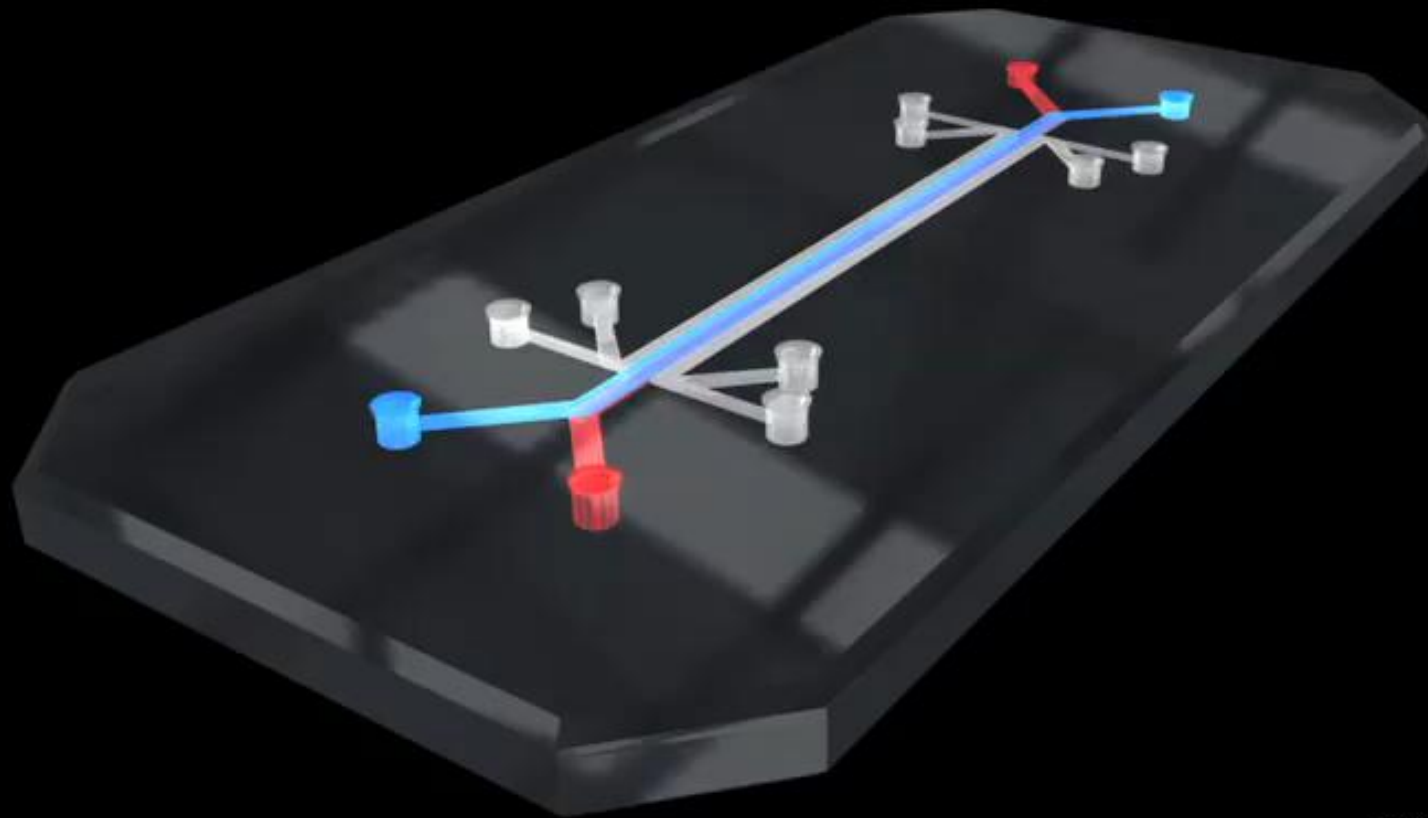


Alveoli (air sacs)



BIODESIGN PRINCIPLES:

- Tissue-Tissue Interface
- Dynamic Flow
- Cyclic Breathing Movements



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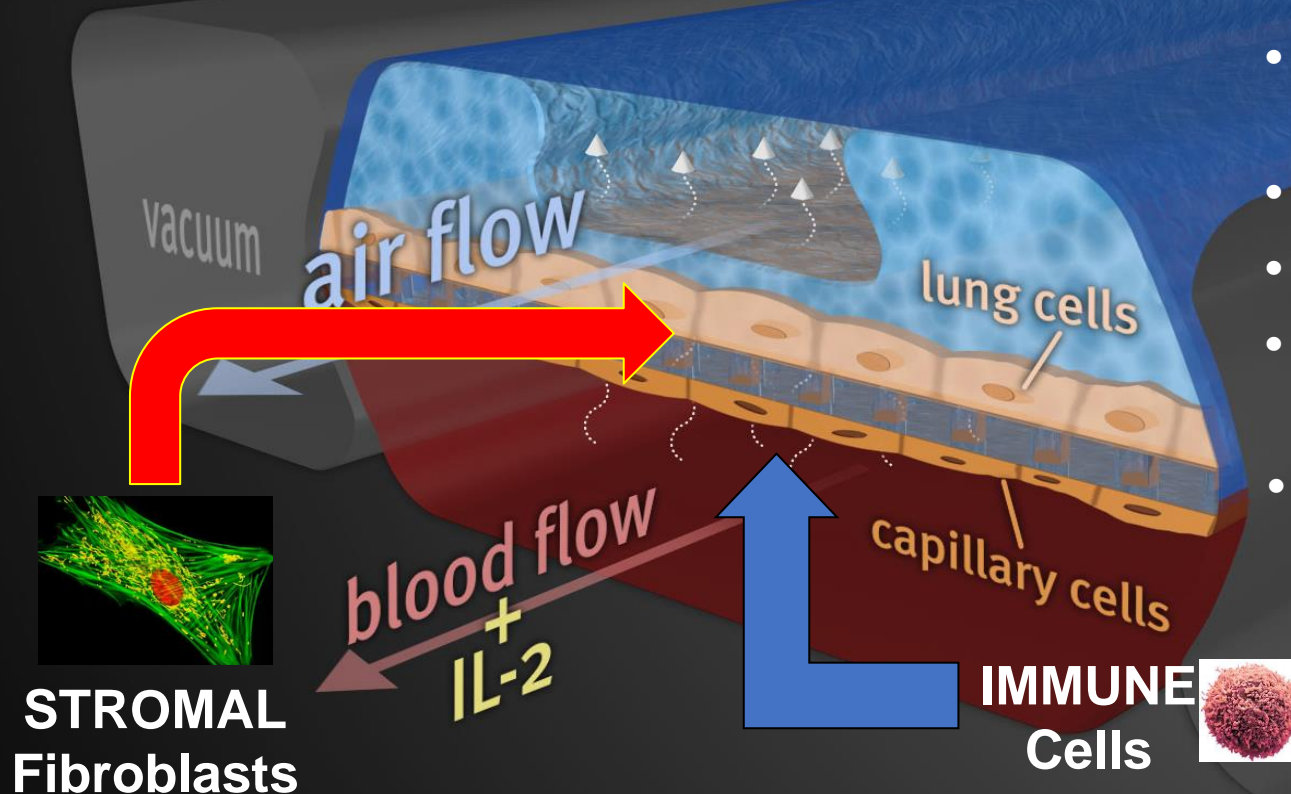
Technology Validation

Human Lung Alveolus Chip

(Huh et al., *Science* 2010 & *Sci. Trans. Med.* 2012; Jain et al., *Clin. Pharm. Ther.* 2018; Barrile et al., *Clin. Pharm. Ther.* 2018)

Demonstrated **PROOF-OF-PRINCIPLE** for:

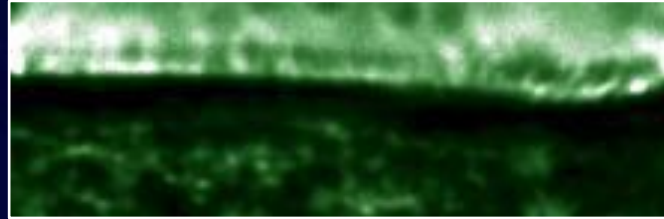
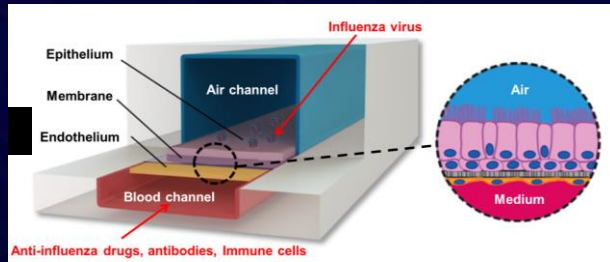
- Human Disease Model
- Human Drug Toxicity Model
(even when not seen in animals)
- Drug Efficacy Model
- Therapeutic Target Discovery
- New Drug Discovery
(now in Phase II Clinical trials)
- Gene Therapy Delivery



- **NC3Rs Award**
- Nat. Centre 3Rs, London 2013
- **World Economic Forum**
- Top 10 Emerging Technologies 2016
- **International Design Award**
- London Design Museum 2015
- **Museum of Modern Art NY**
- MoMA- permanent collection 2015

Human Lung Airway Chip

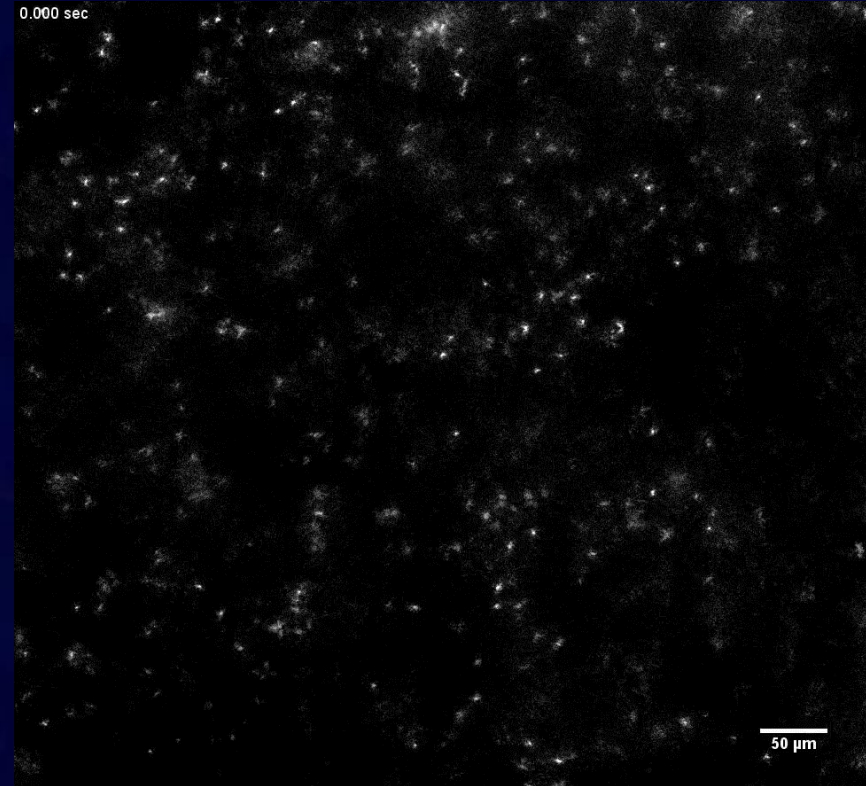
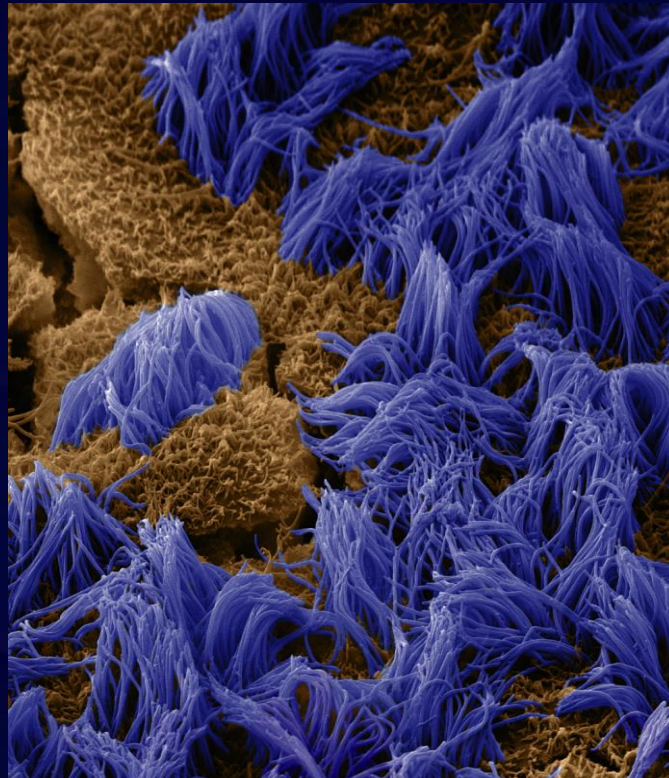
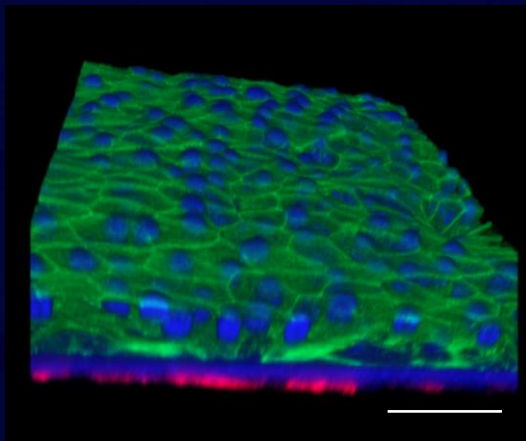
(KAMBEZ BENAM et al., *Nature Meth.* 2016)



Mucociliary Transport On-Chip

(Real-Time Imaging)

*Primary Human
Lung Bronchial Epithelium
+ Human Lung Endothelium*

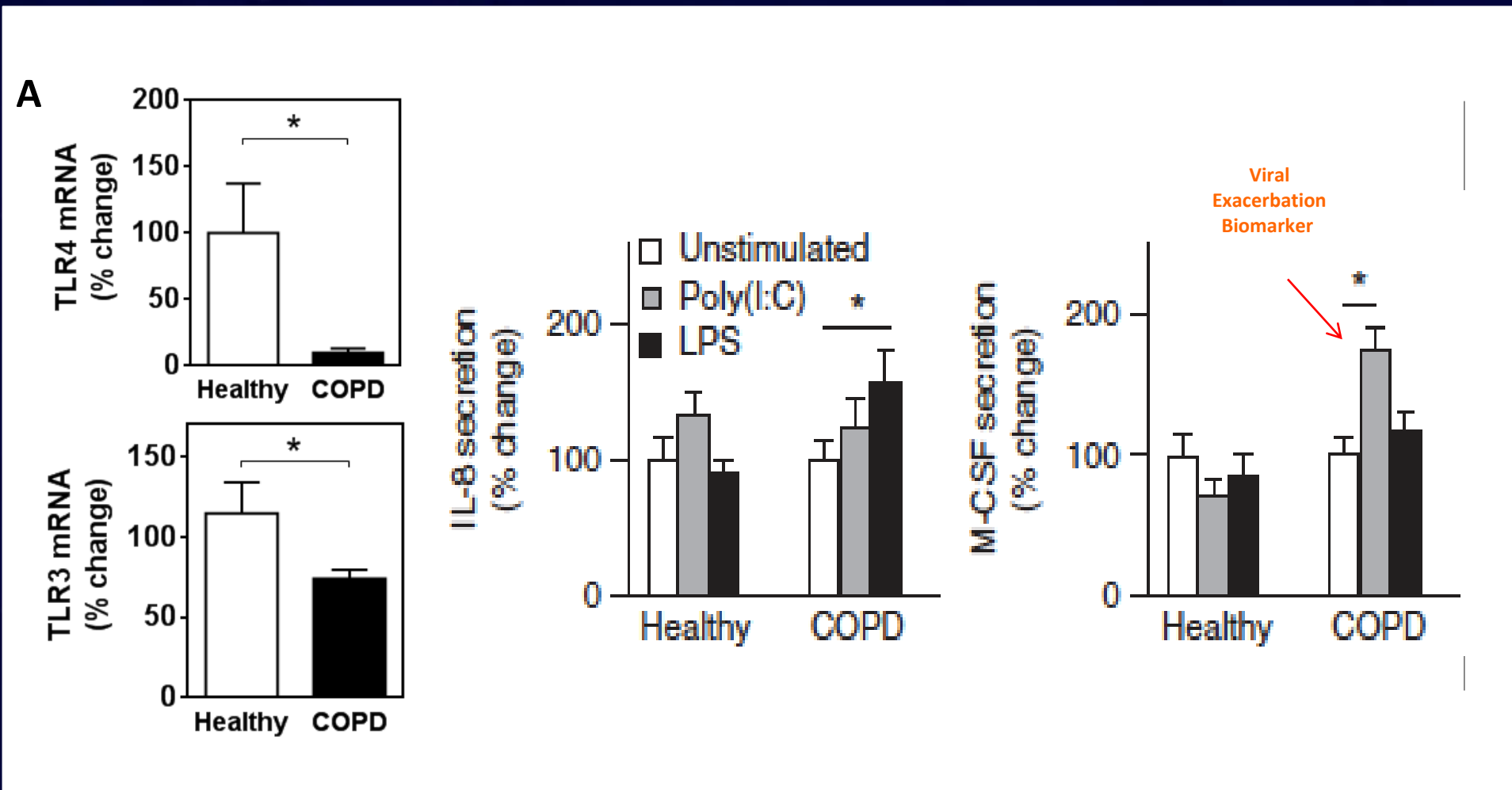


Chips Lined by Cells from COPD Patients

(COPD = Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease)

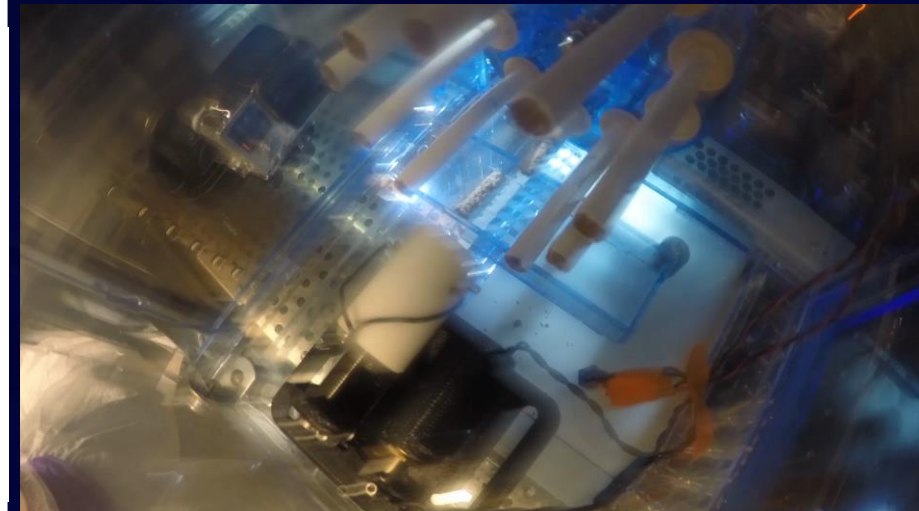
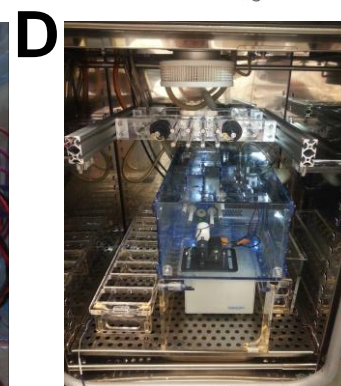
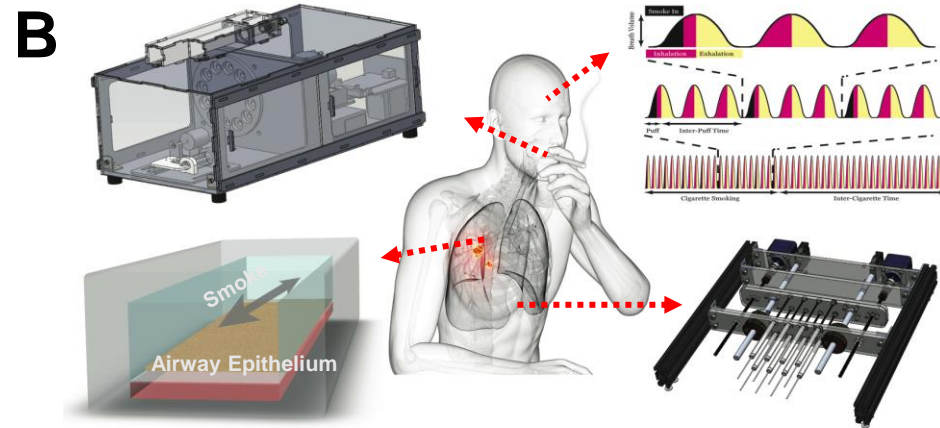
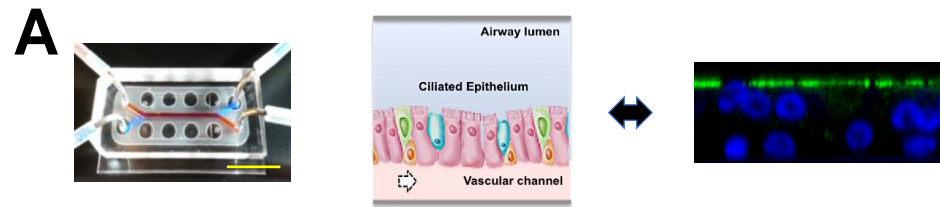


Human COPD Exacerbations Recapitulated On-Chip



Cigarette Smoke Exposure in Airway Chips

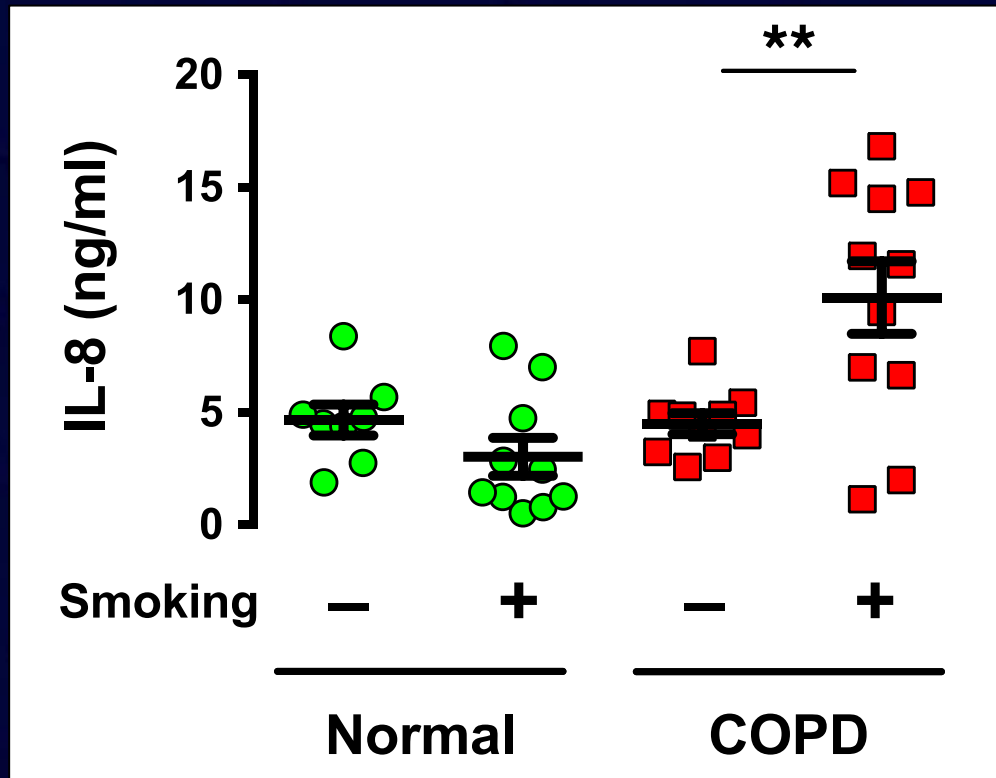
(KAMBEZ BENAM et al. *Cell Syst.* 2016)



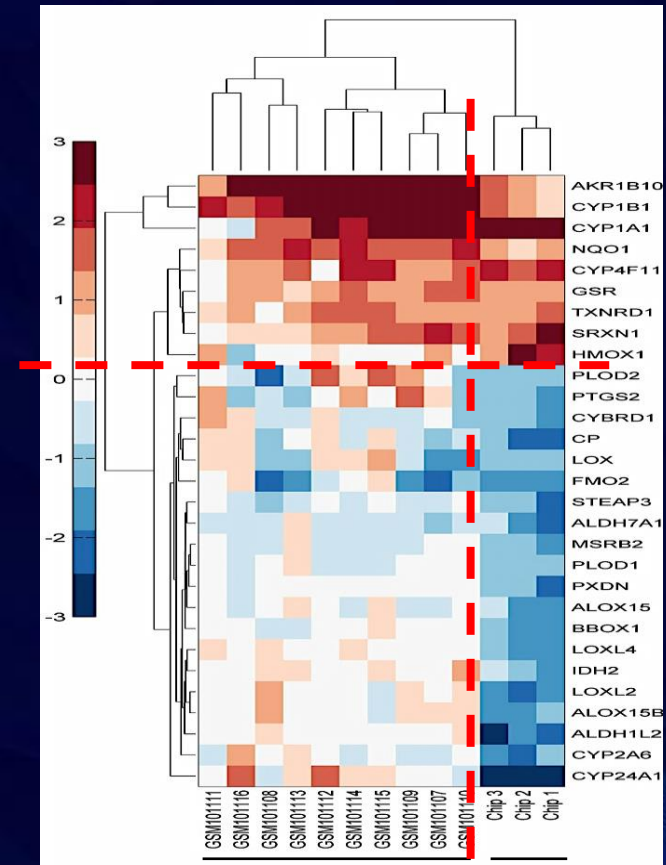


Cigarette Smoke: Matched Comparative Modeling in Lung Chips

Cytokines



Gene Microarrays

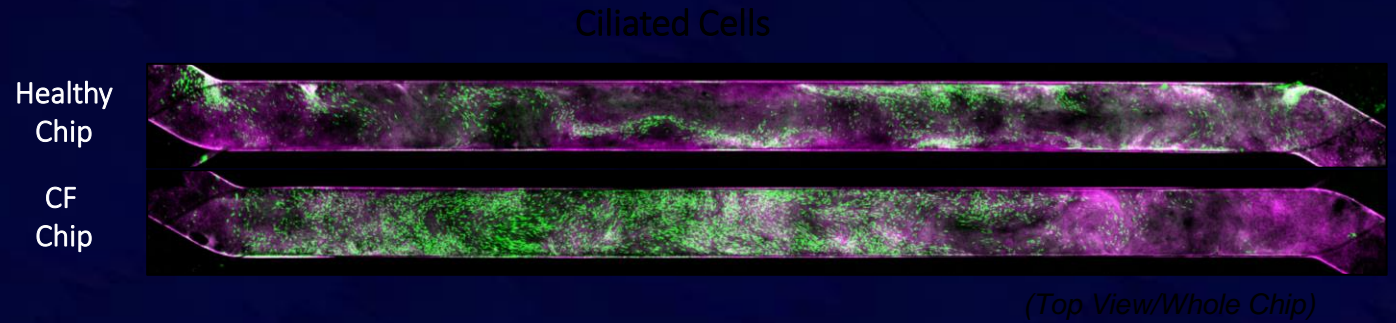


Normal smokers Smoking chips

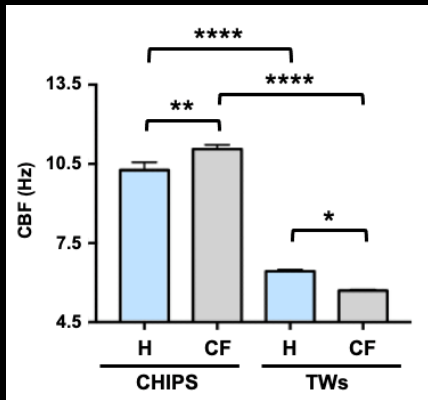
Human Airway Chip Cystic Fibrosis Model

(ROBERTO PLEBANI et al., *J. Cyst. Fibrosis* 2021)

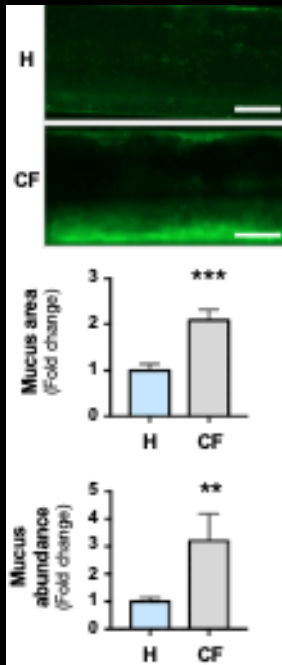
Chips lined with bronchial epithelium from Healthy vs. CF Patients



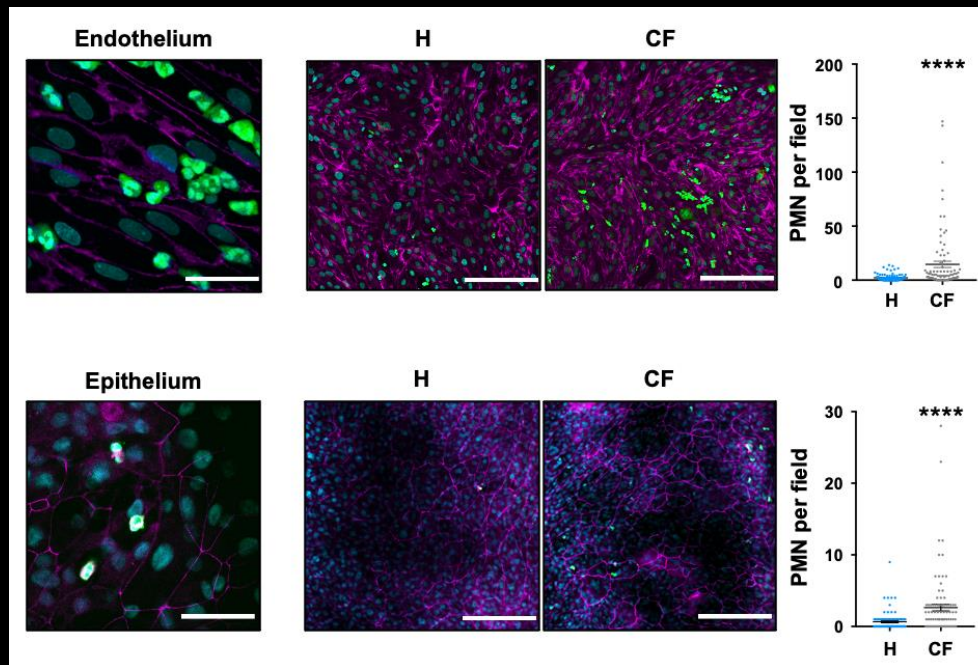
Cilia Beating Frequency



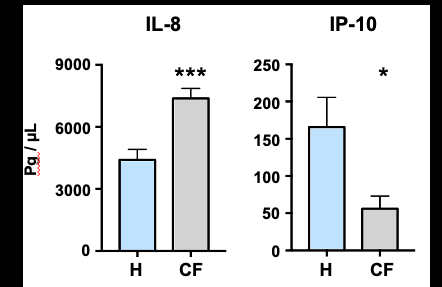
Mucus Production



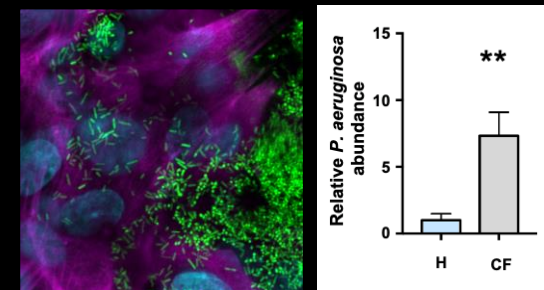
Immune Cell Recruitment



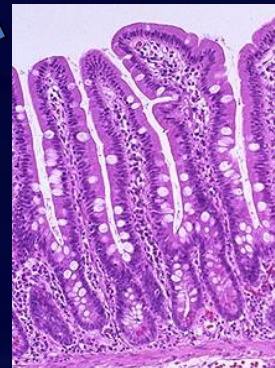
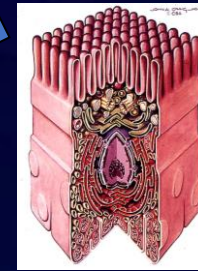
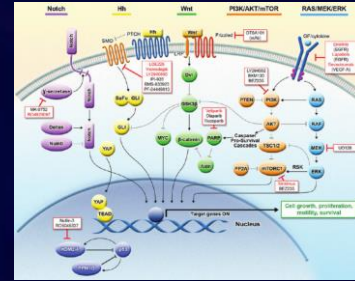
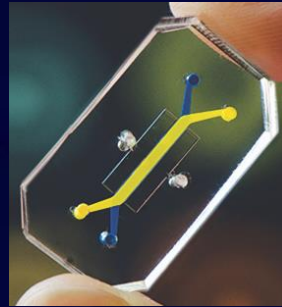
Cytokine Release



P. Aeruginosa Growth



Organ Chips



provide a Window

on Molecular Scale Activities

inside Living Human Cells

within a relevant Tissue

and Organ Context

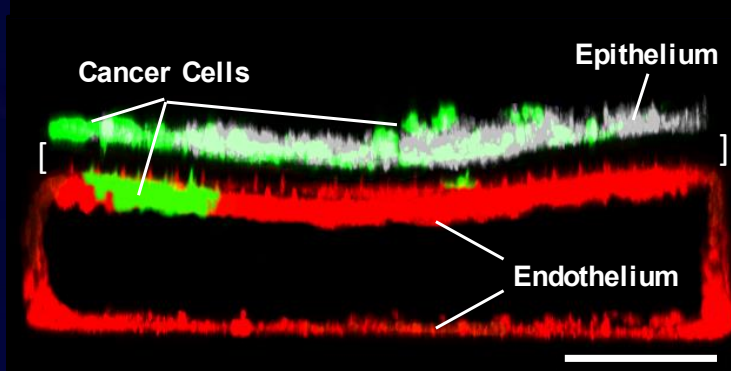
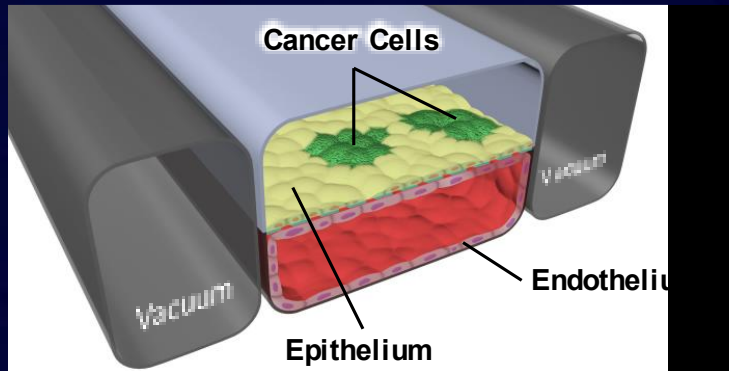
**➔ Could enable new Mechanistic Insights & Drug Discovery
+ Provide a way to Experimentally Test Predictions**

Human Orthotopic Lung Cancer Chips

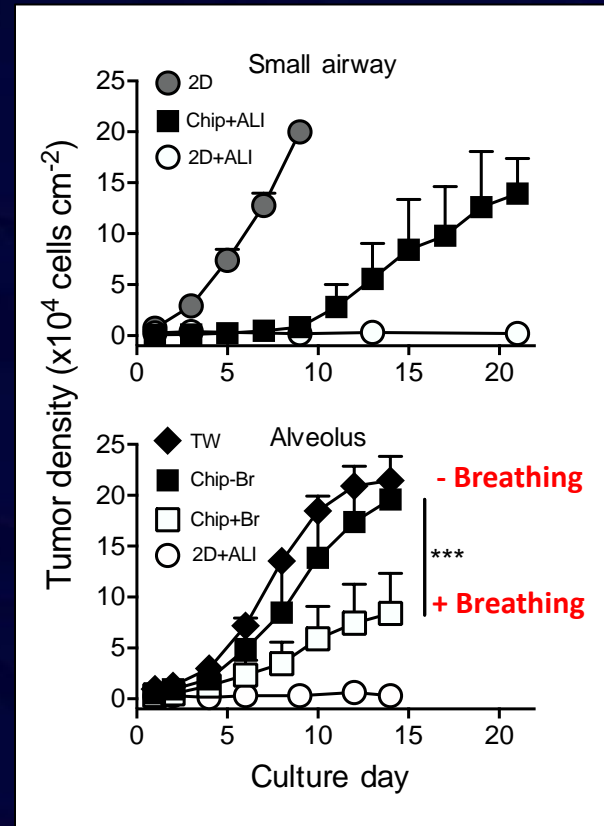
(BRYAN HASSELL et al., *Cell Reports* 2017)

Human Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) 'adenocarcinoma'

Emerges in distant bronchiole but preferentially grows in alveoli in vivo



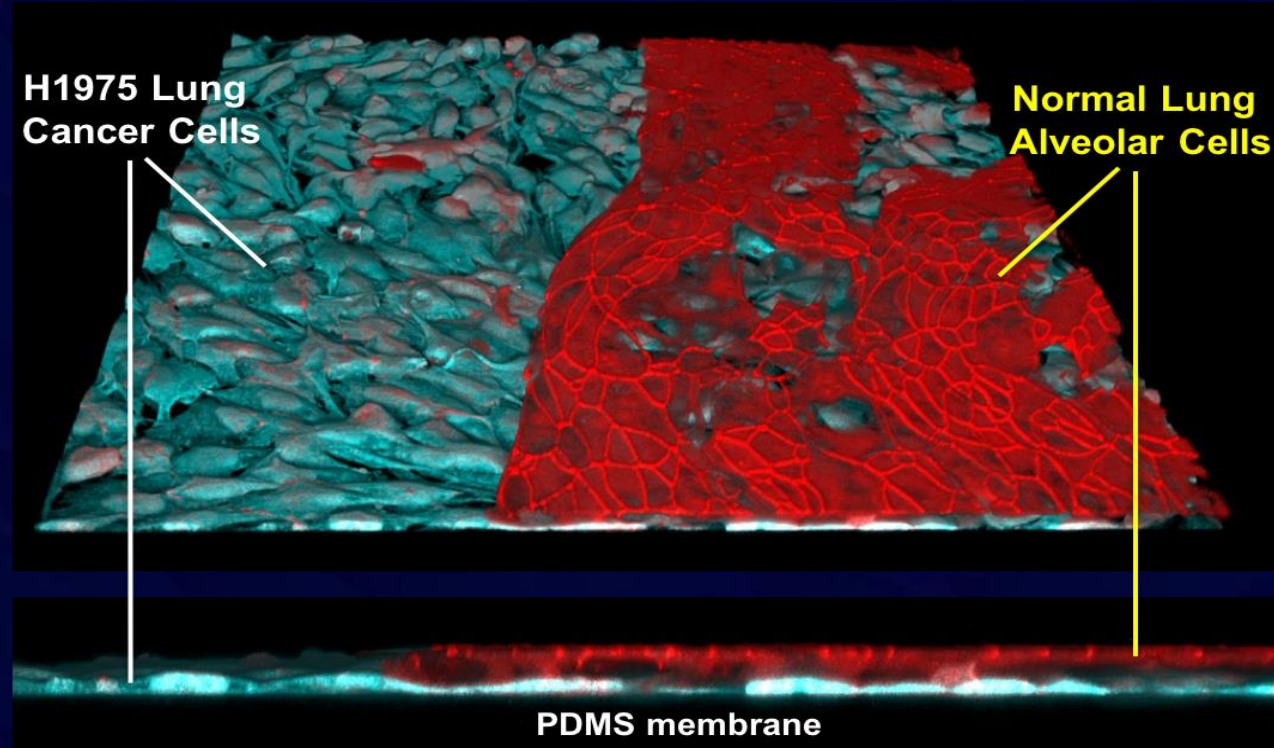
GFP-H1975
NSCLC cells



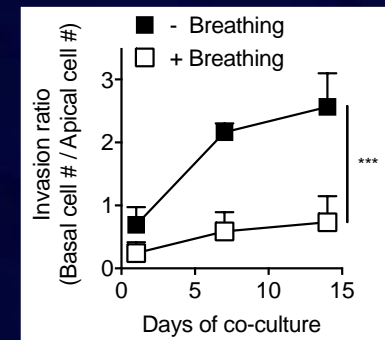
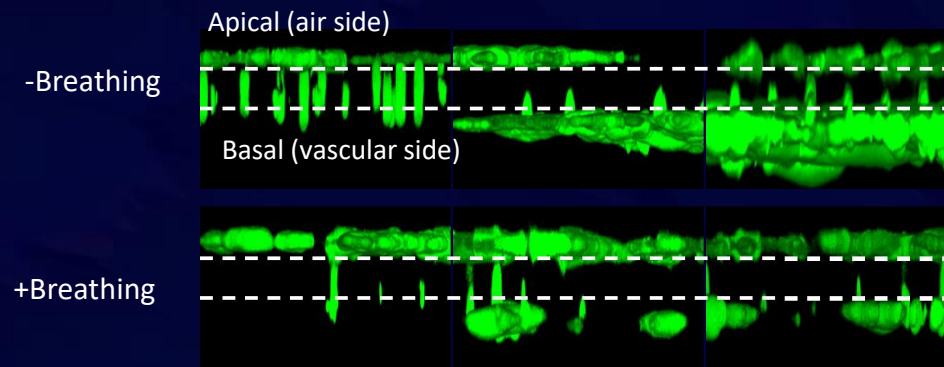
*Recapitulates
Orthotopic Cancer
Growth Patterns
in vitro*

*+
Breathing
Motions
Suppress
Lung Cancer
Growth*

NSCLC Adenocarcinoma in Lung ALVEOLUS Chip



Tumor
Invasion
On-Chip

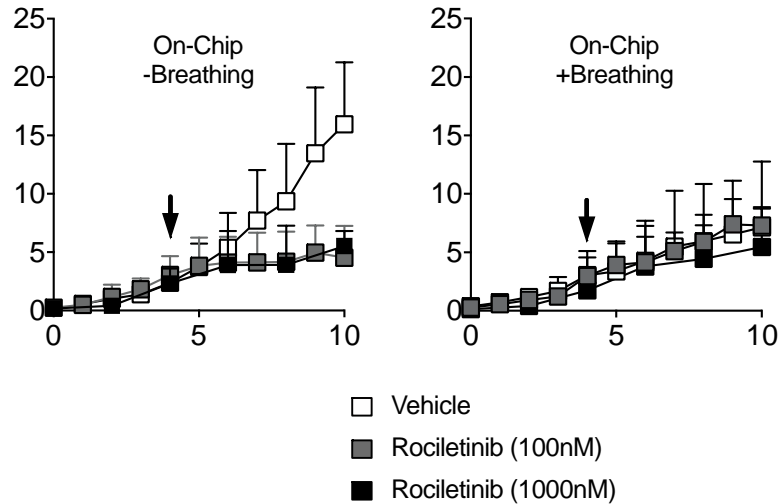


Breathing
Inhibits
Invasion

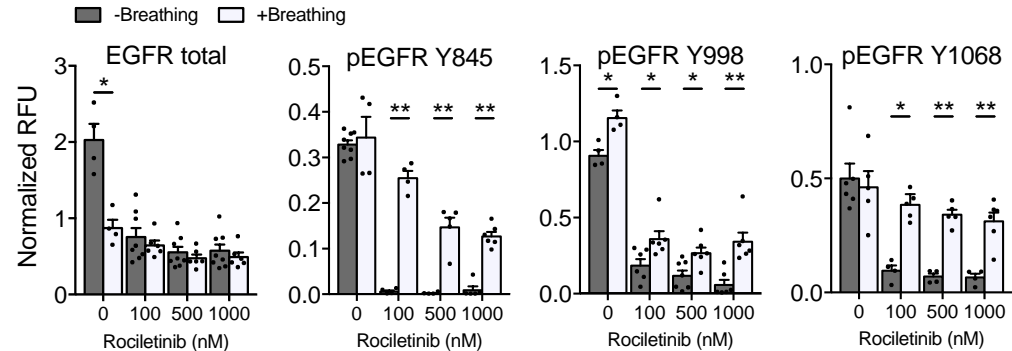
Tumor Cells are LESS Responsive to Therapy with Mechanical Breathing Motions

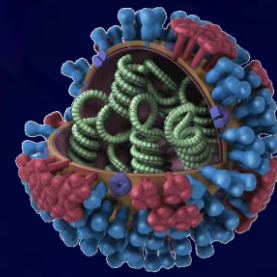
(mediated by altered EGFR Phosphorylation)

Breathing Regulates Therapeutic Response



Breathing Regulates EGFR Signaling

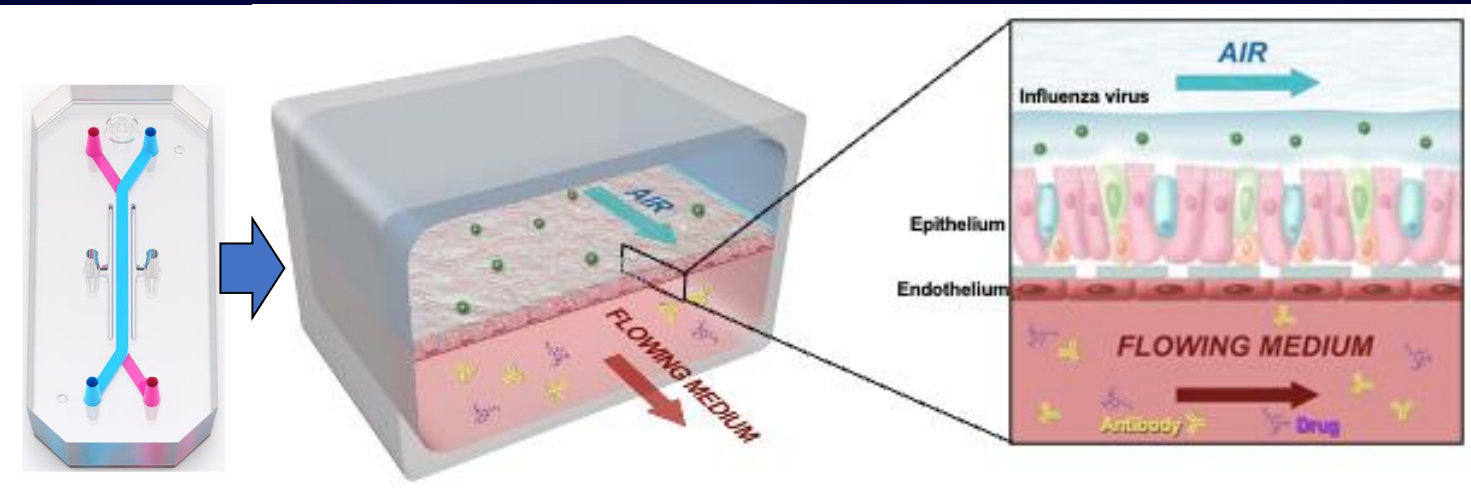


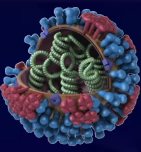


Large Airway Chip Viral Infection Model

(Si et al., *Nature Biomed. Engin.* 2021 & *Microbio. Spectrum* 2021)

Live Infection
(GFP-Influenza H1N1)



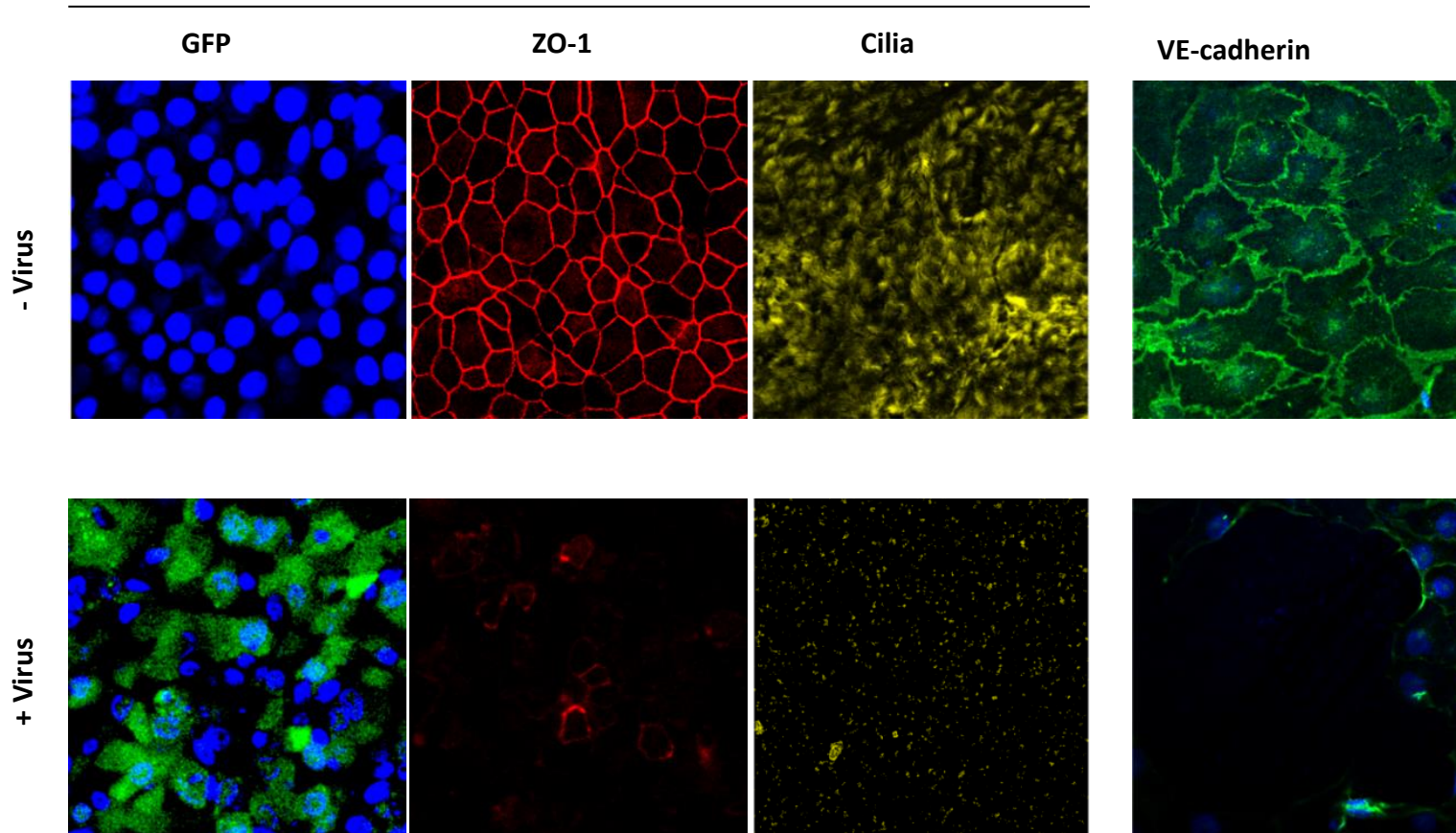


Human Airway Influenza Infection Chip

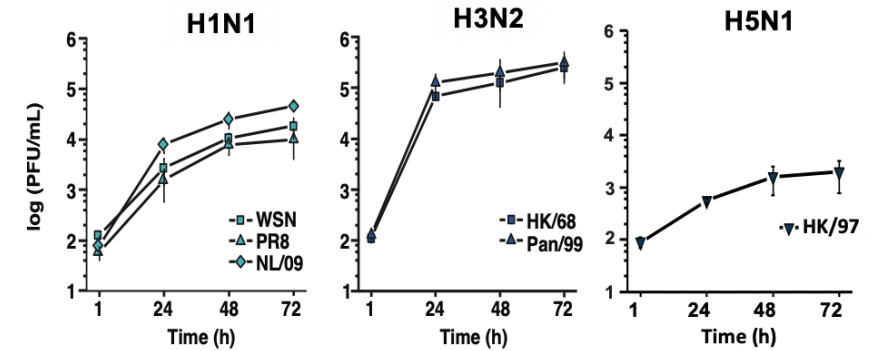
(LONGLONG SI et al., *Nature Biomed. Engin.* 2021)

Epithelium

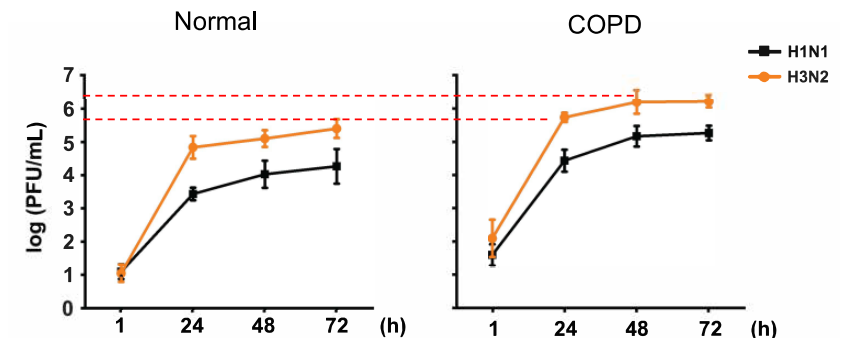
Endothelium

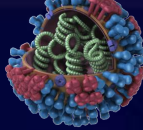


Viral Strain-Dependent Virulence



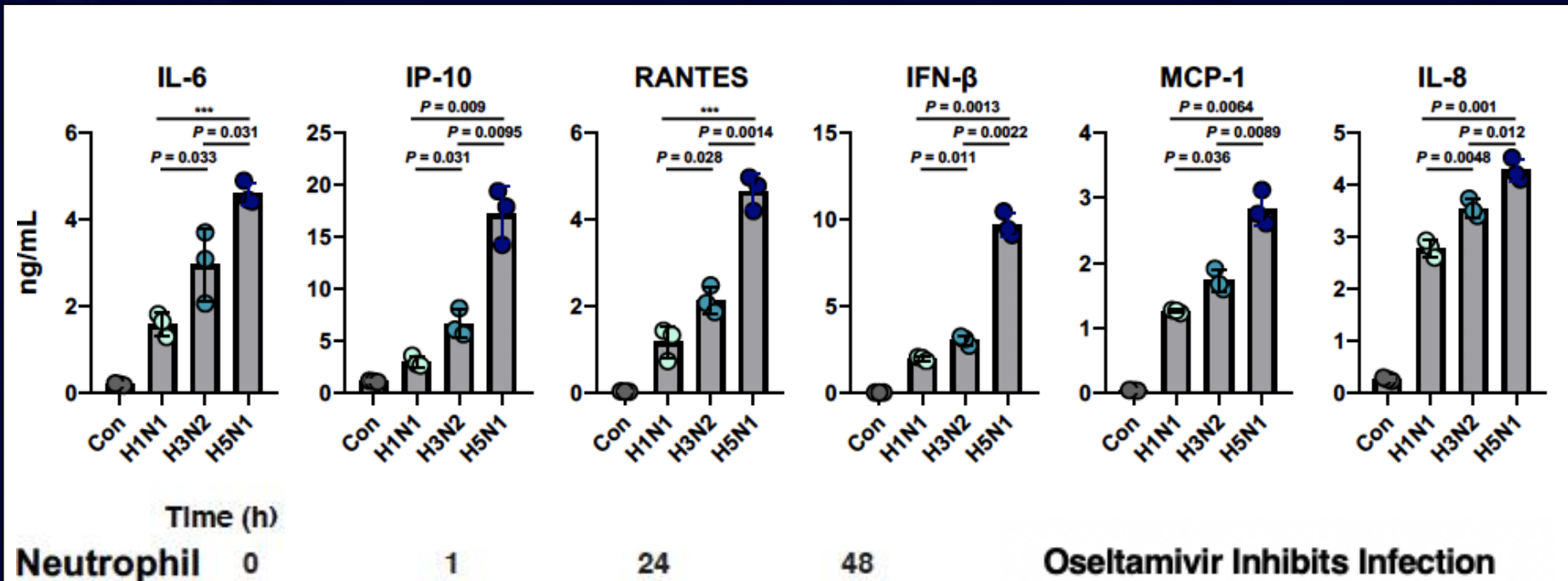
Effects of Comorbidity



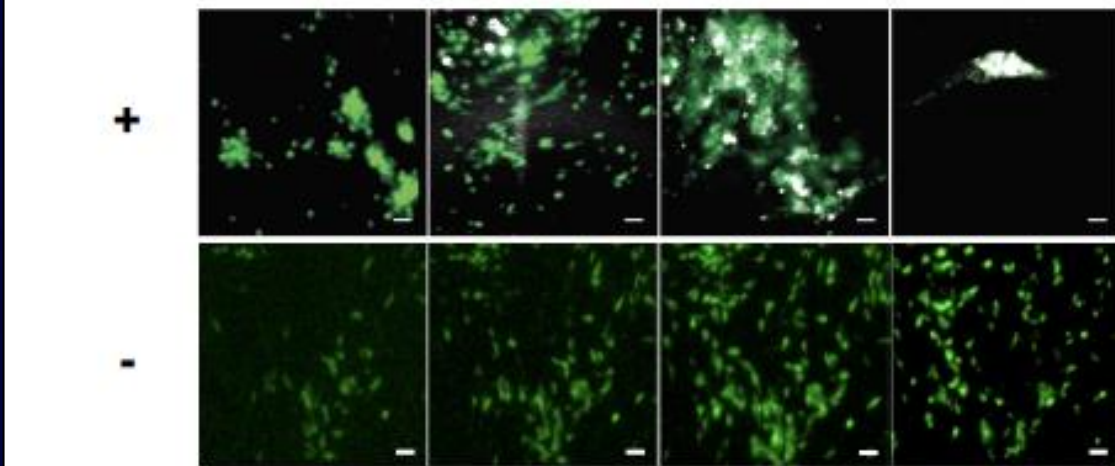


Can Analyze Host Responses to Infection & Drugs

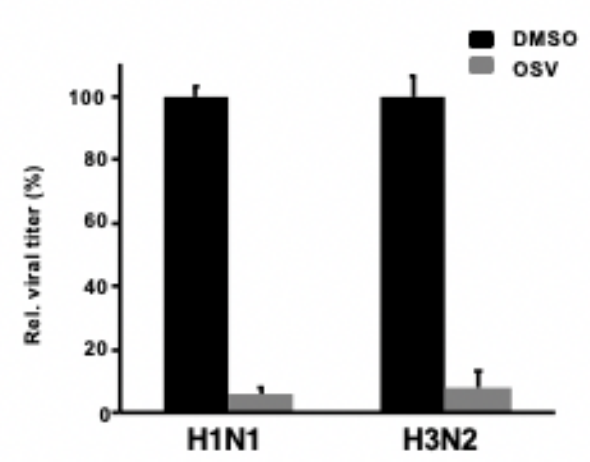
Cytokines



Immune Cell Recruitment



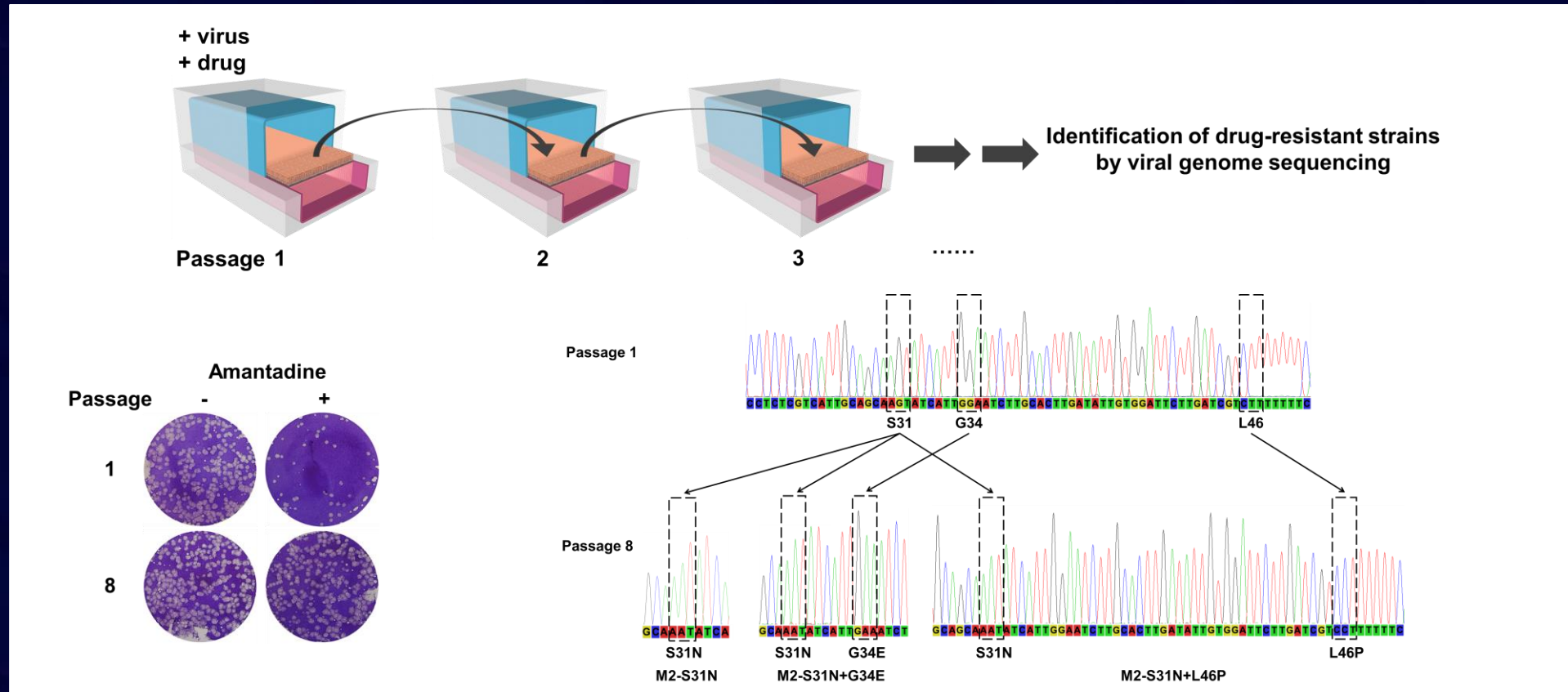
Oseltamivir Inhibits Infection



Drug Effects

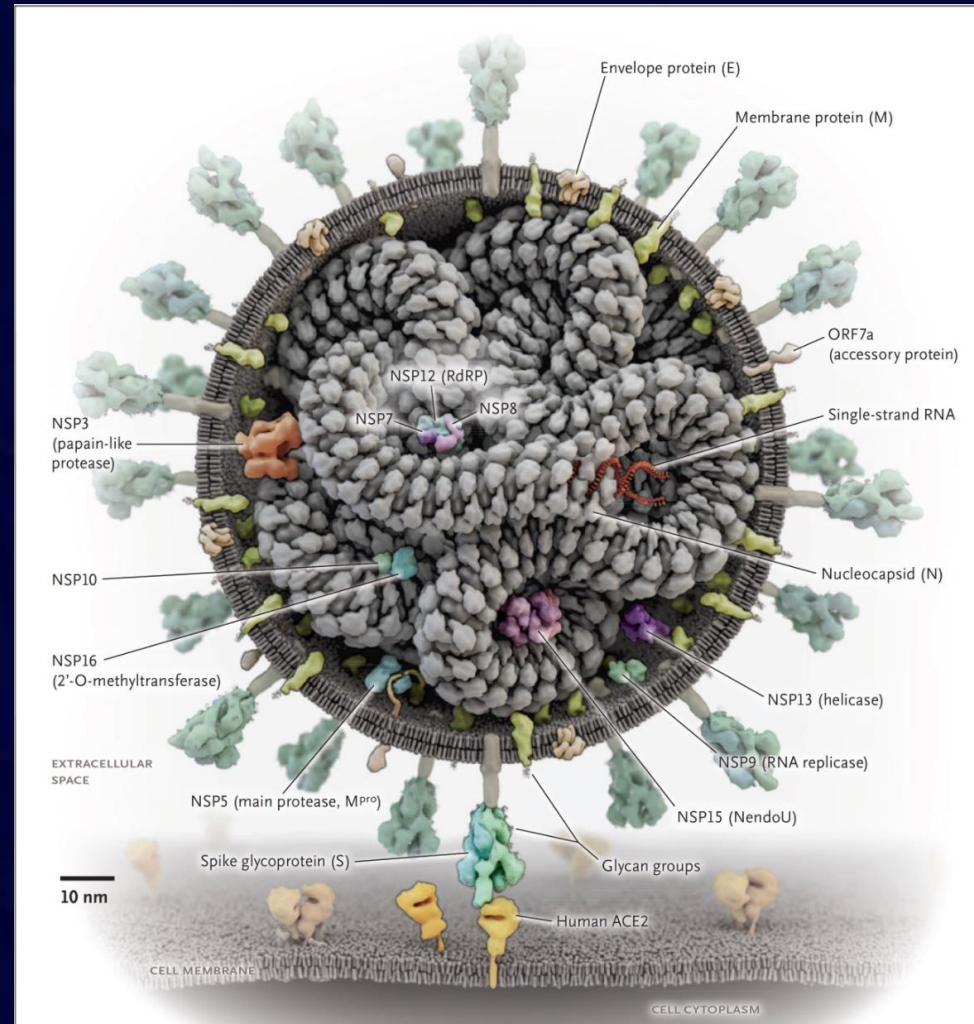
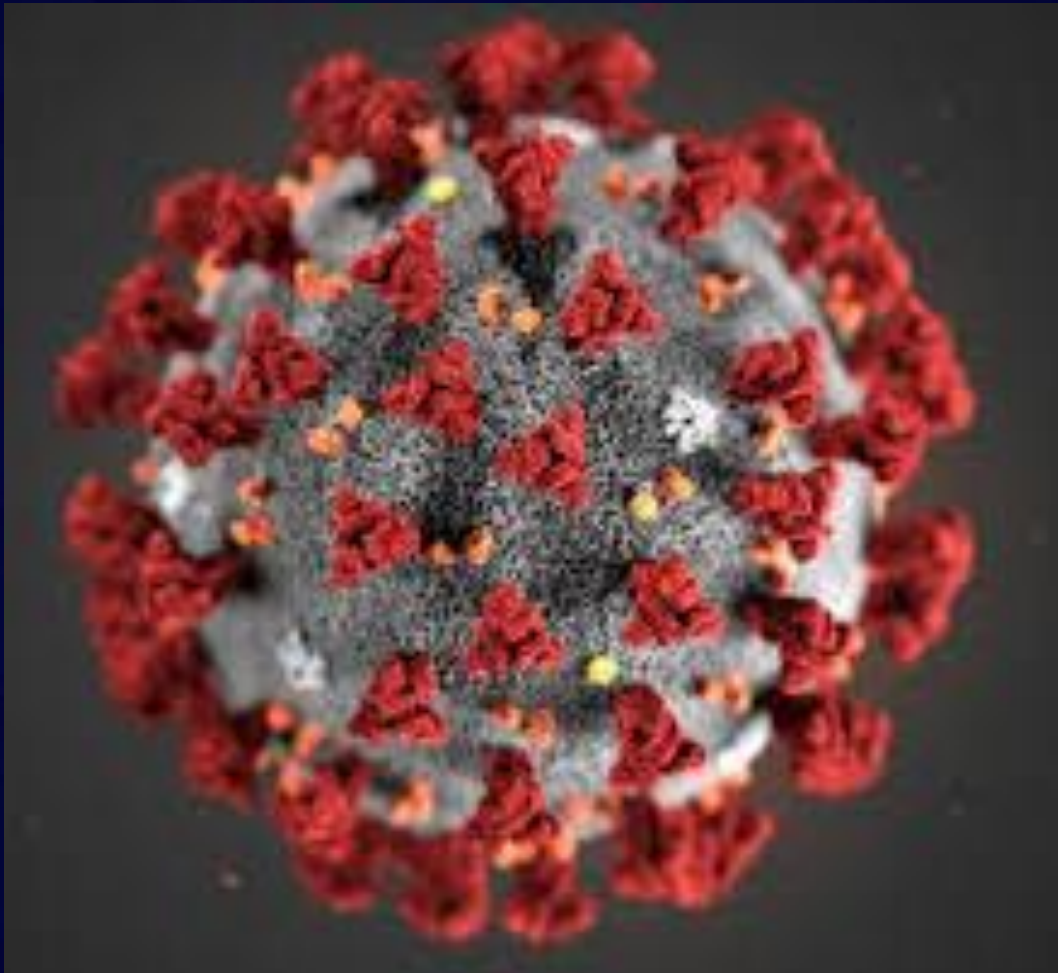
Modeling Viral Evolution of Resistance to Therapy due to Human-to-Human Transmission in vitro

(Longlong Si et al., *Microbiology Spectrum* 2021)



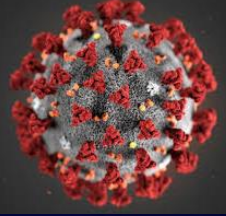
- *Influenza evolution under drug pressure and patient-to-patient transmission can be mimicked on-chip*
- *3 known and 2 unknown mutations were identified that mediate resistance to amantadine & oseltamivir*

Pivot to COVID-19

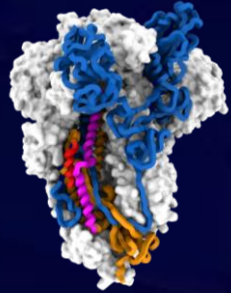


DARPA COVID19 Program

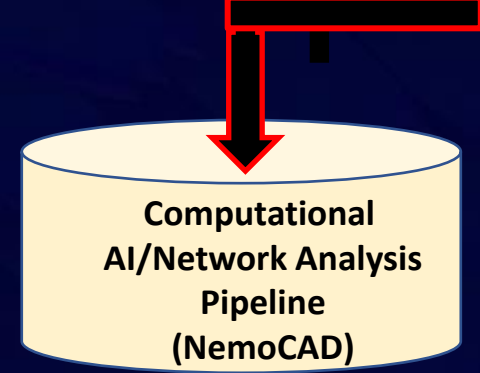
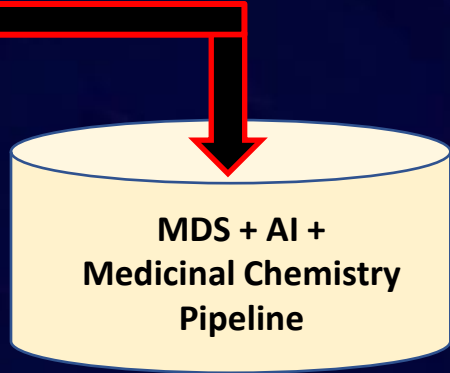
(12 months duration; May 2020 start)



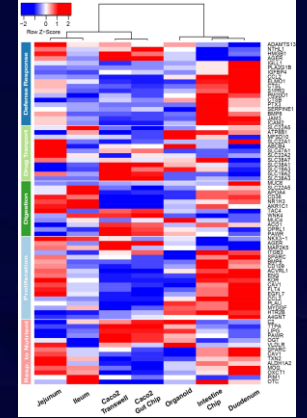
Structural Similarity and SAR



CoV-2 Spike Protein



Transcriptomic Data from COVID patients



FDA Approved Drugs

In vitro Assays & Human Organ Chips

[with Matt Frieman, U. Maryland Sch. Med.]

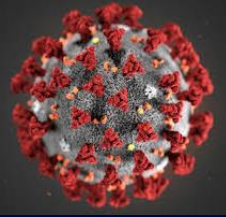
Hamster/PK

Hamster Native CoV2 Models

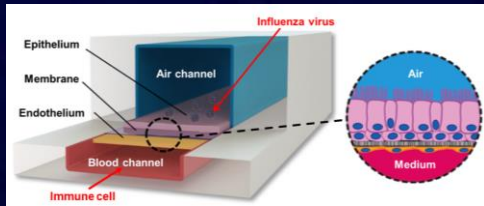
[with Ben tenOever, Mt Sinai Sch. Med.i]

Repurposing of Drugs for COVID-19 enabled by Human Lung Chips

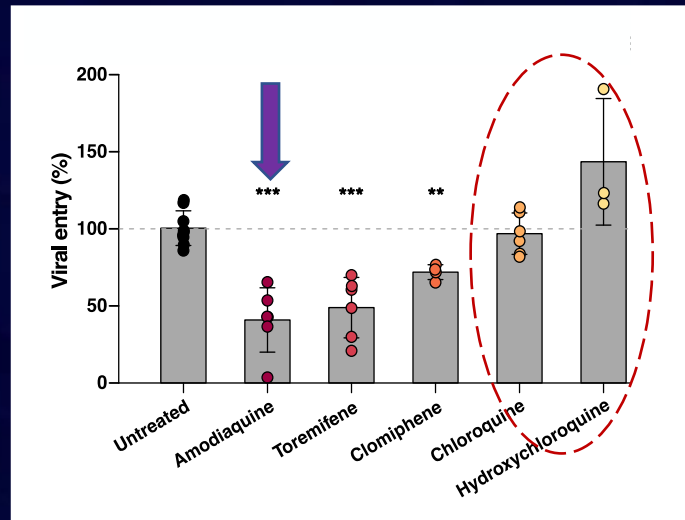
(LONGLONG SI et al., *Nature Biomed. Eng.* 2021)



Lung Airway Chip

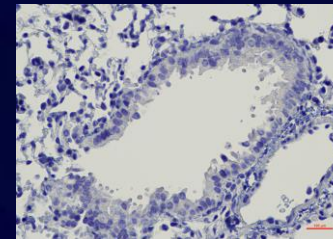


Drugs Flowed through Chip at Clinical Doses (C_{max})

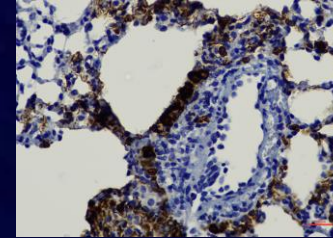


Hamster COVID-19 model with Ben tenOever, Mt. Sinai

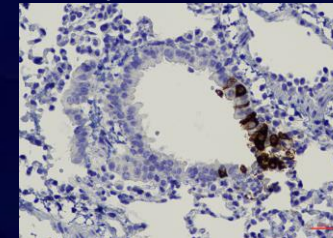
Mock Infected



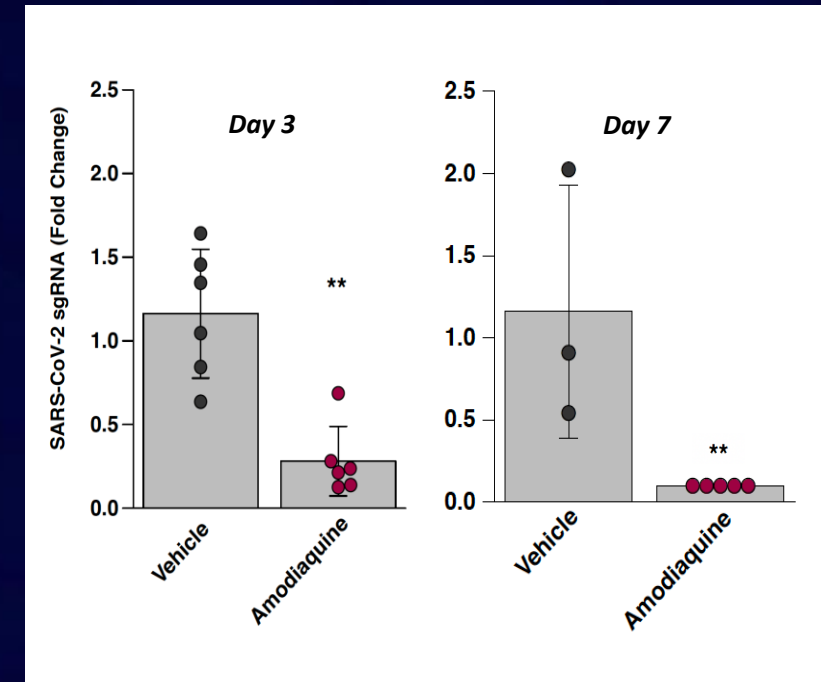
Vehicle + SARS-CoV2



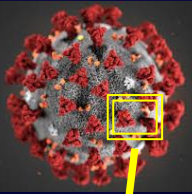
Amodiaquine + SARS-CoV2



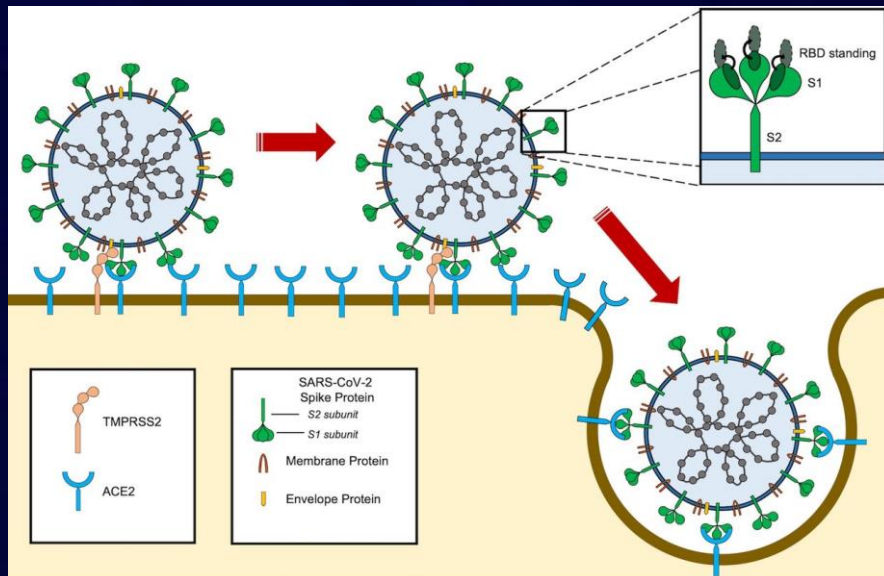
TREATMENT MODE



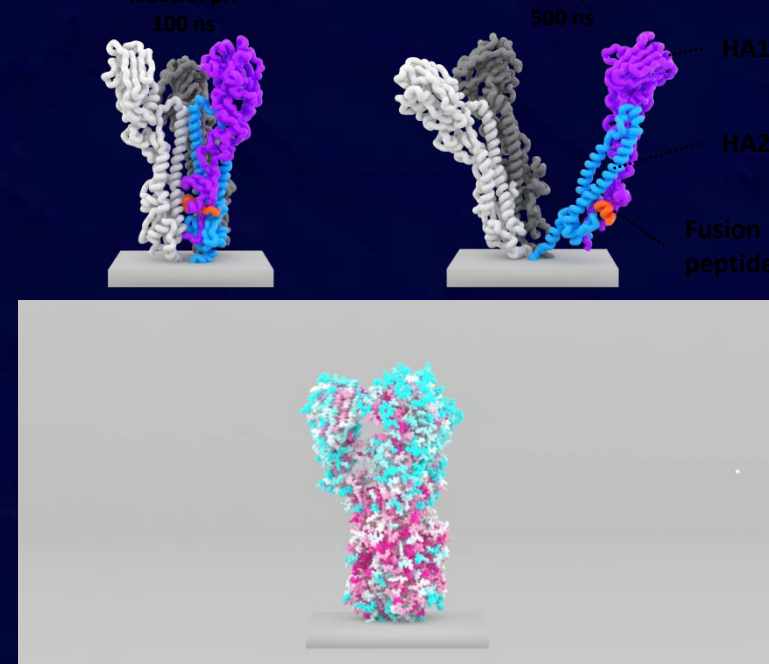
Drug moved to Clinical Trials across 20 sites in Africa

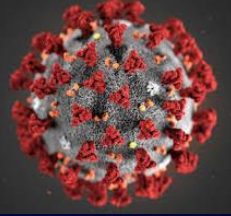


MDS APPROACH: Targeting Conserved Regions of CoV-2 Spike Protein for Broad-Spectrum Activity

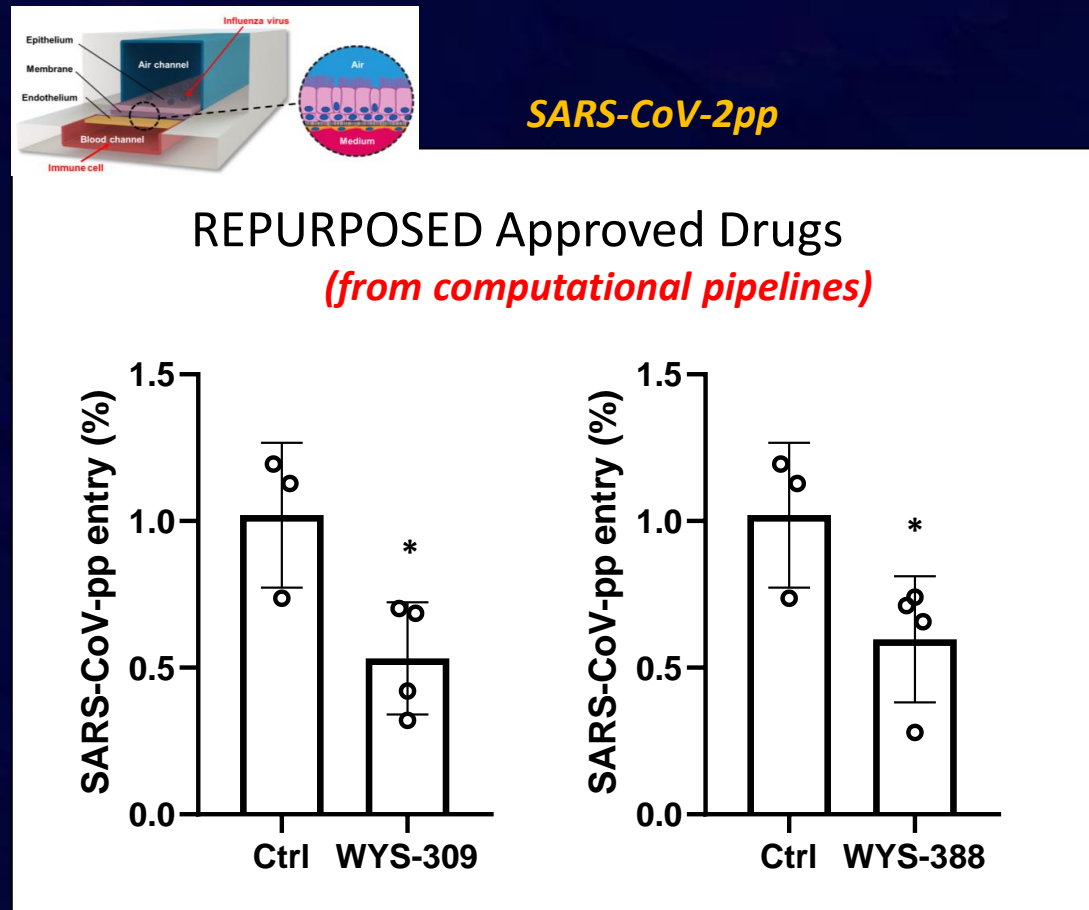


Molecular Dynamics Simulation (MDS)





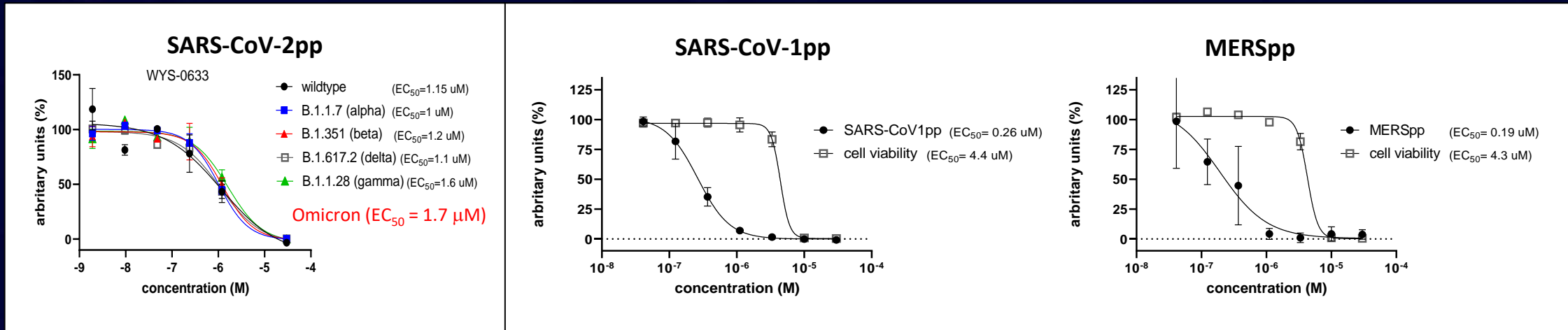
MDS-identified Compounds Inhibit SARS-CoV-2pp Infection in Human Lung Airway Chips



10 μM dose

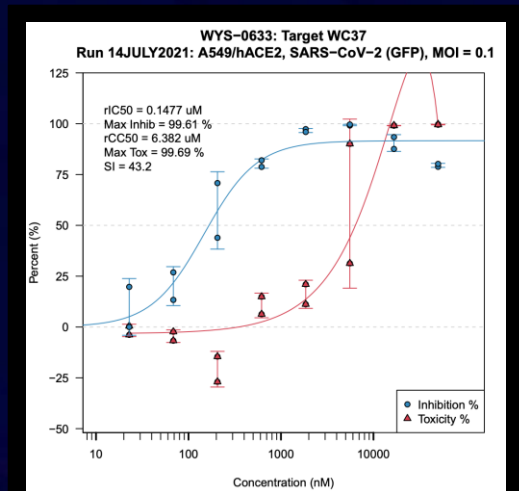
Novel Analogue Displays Broad Spectrum Activity

Pseudotyped Virus Assays:



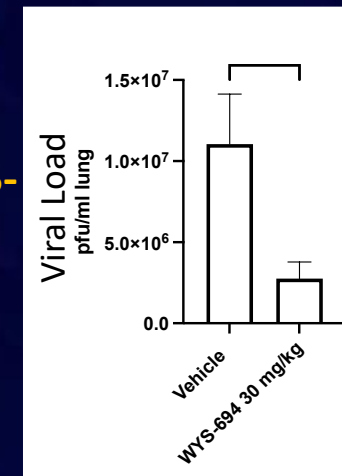
Potent Inhibition of Infectious SARS-CoV2 in Human Lung Cells

(with Matt Frieman, U. Maryland)



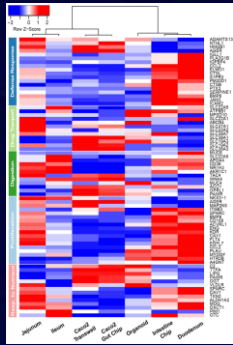
$IC_{50} = 150 \text{ nM}$

Inhibition of Infectious SARS-CoV2 In Vivo (Mouse) using ORAL ADMINISTRATION

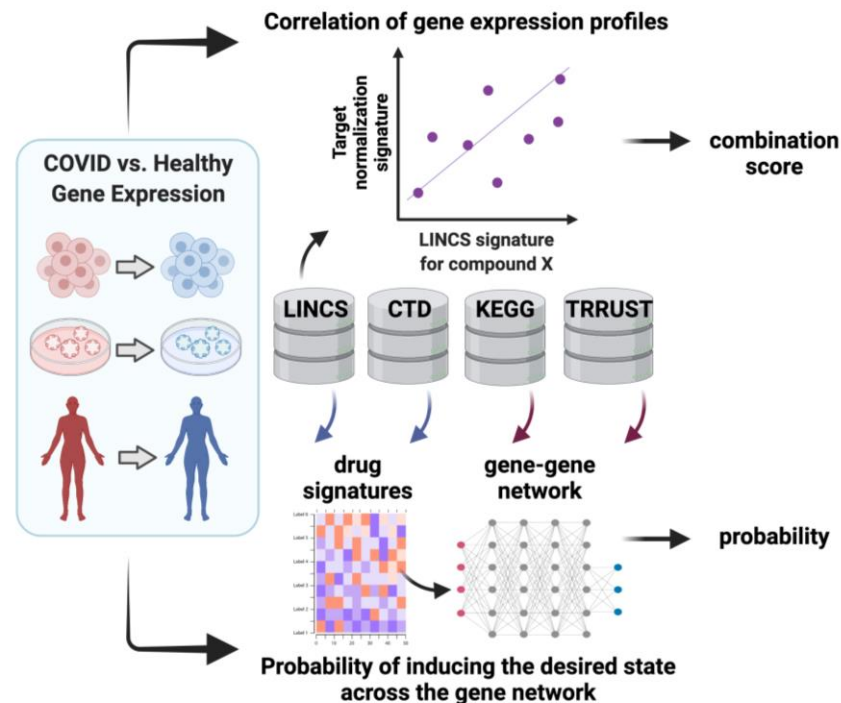


Computational AI Approach Predicts Specific Statins Protect Against COVID-19

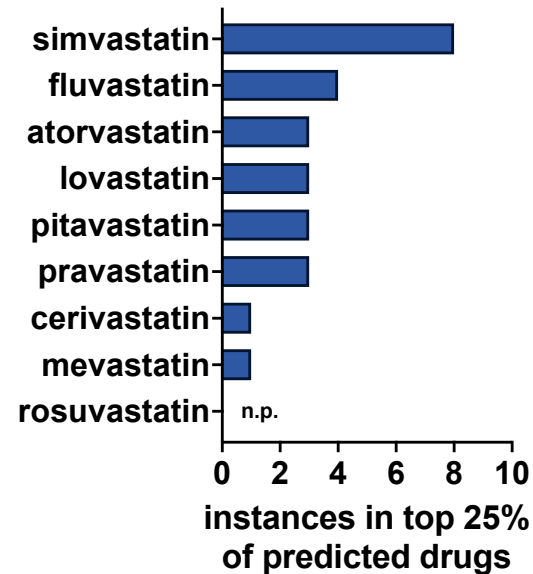
(Sperry et al., *PLOS Comp. Biol.* 2023)



NemoCAD



NemoCAD Predictions



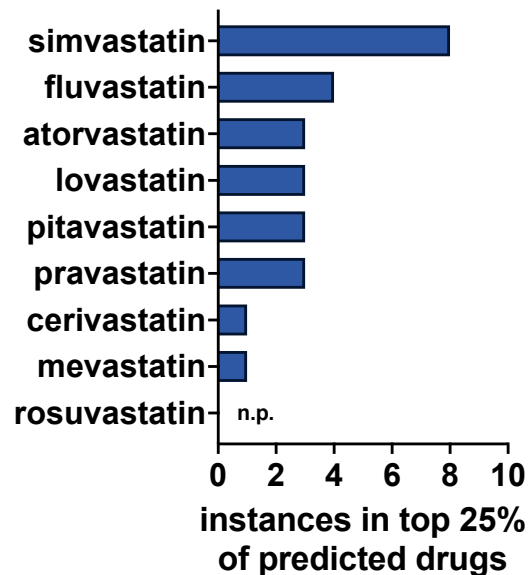
In Vitro Measurements (SARS-CoV-2 infected Vero Cells)

Statin	Max Inhibition (%)	IC50	Max Toxicity (%)	CC50
atorvastatin	24.4	1.9	92	5.4
fluvastatin	19	--	80.4	10.6
lovastatin	55.8	7.8	74.2	16.9
pitavastatin	19.1	1.6	83.6	0.3
pravastatin	21.7	--	4	--
simvastatin	93.7	0.8	78.5	6.5
simvastatin hydroxy acid	57.0	3.2	79.2	5.7

Retrospective Clinical Study Confirms Statin-Specific Increases in COVID-19 Patient Survival

(Sperry et al., *PLOS Comp. Biol.* 2023)

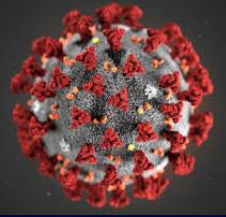
NemoCAD Predictions



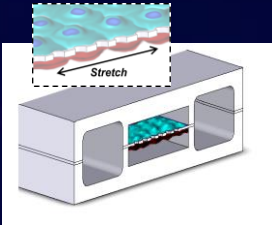
Retrospective Analysis of Clinical Database (4,000 patients w/ Stanford U.)

Statin (moderate dose)	treated patients		controls		Relative risk (95% CI)	Adjusted P-value*
	Mortality rate, %	No. died/No. treated	Mortality rate, %	No. died/No. treated		
Atorvastatin	16.1	431/2676	20.4	545/2676	0.86 (0.80-0.93)	6.24E-05
Lovastatin	21.4	15/70	19.1	134/700	1.14 (0.66-1.96)	0.76
Pravastatin	18.5	71/383	23.1	883/3830	0.78 (0.61-1.00)	0.05
Rosuvastatin	13.1	53/404	21.0	850/4040	0.59 (0.45-0.78)	9.61E-05
Simvastatin	19.5	153/784	23.3	914/3920	0.83 (0.70-0.97)	0.02

COVID-19 Drug Repurposing Enabled by Mechanistic Studies in Human Lung Chips



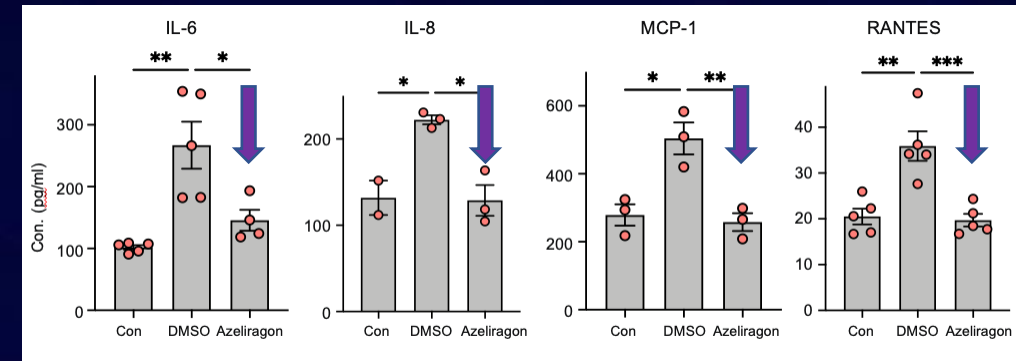
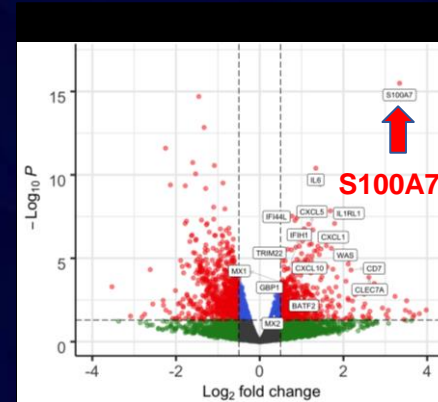
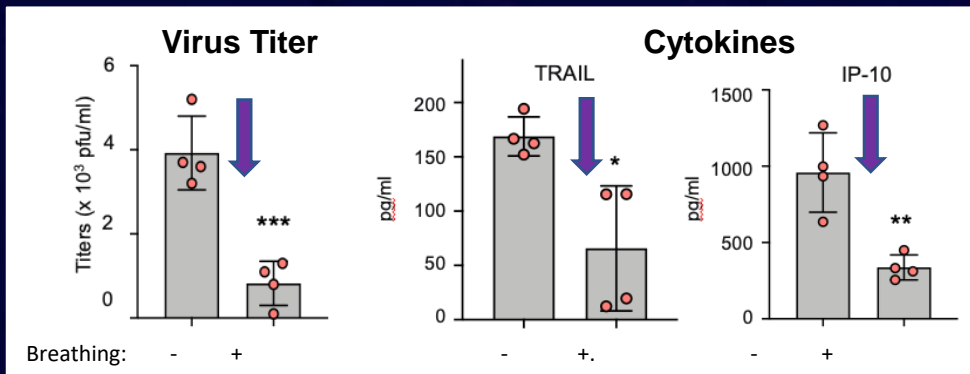
(**HAIQING BAI** et al., *Nature Commun.* 2022)



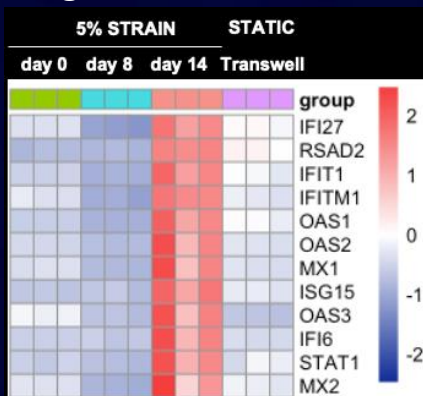
Breathing Motions Suppress
Viral Infection & Inflammation

Gene Expression
+ vs - Breathing

AZELIRAGON Drug Prevents
Viral Infection-Induced Inflammation



Breathing Activates Innate Immunity



Interferon-
Stimulated
Genes

- **S100A7 Binds RAGE**
- **AZELIRAGON is a RAGE Inhibitor Drug**

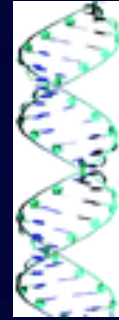
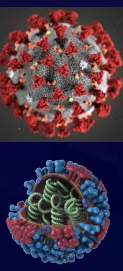


Data included in IND application to FDA
by Cantex Pharma to start COVID-19 Trials

Discovery of Broad Spectrum Antivirals

Type I/III Interferon-Inducing Short Duplex RNAs

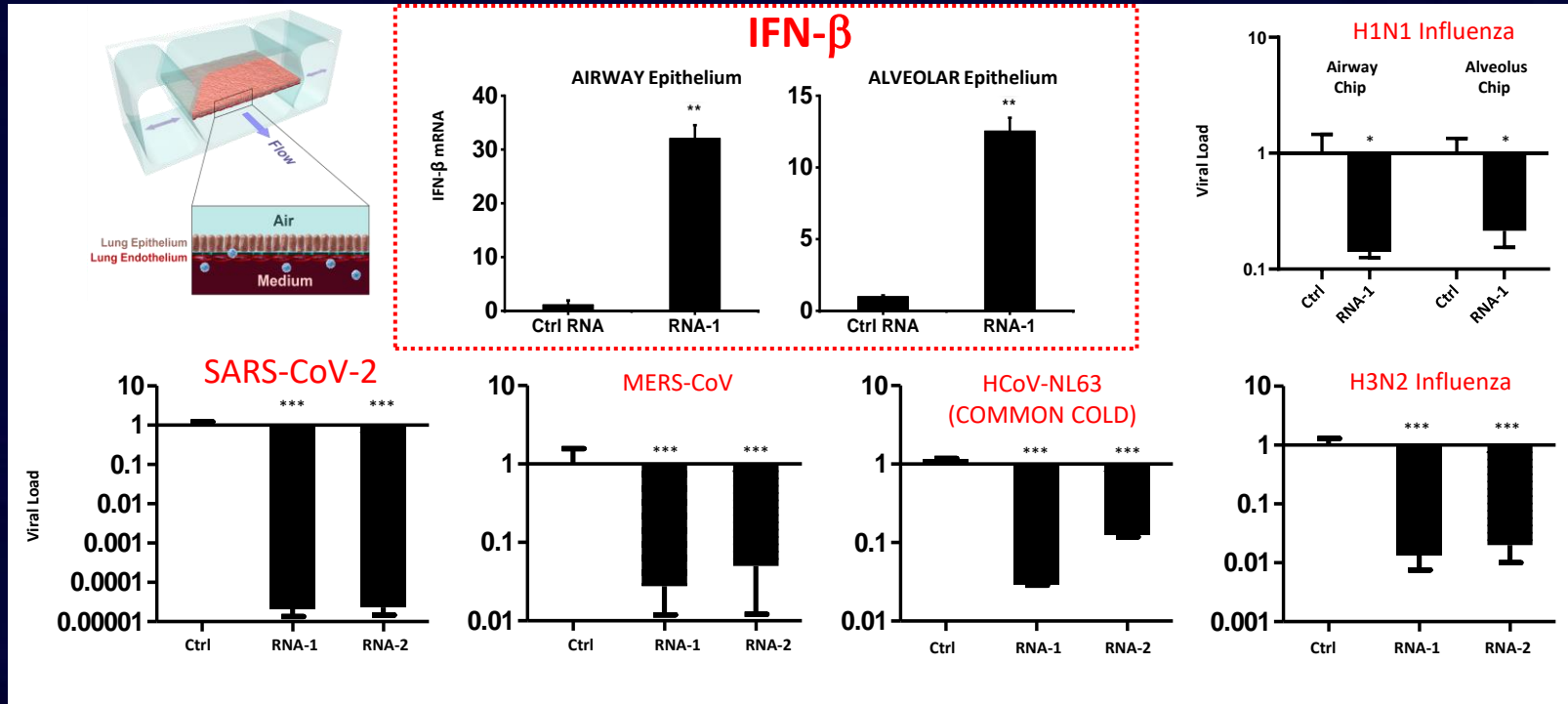
(Si et al., *Mol. Ther. Nucl. Acid* 2022)



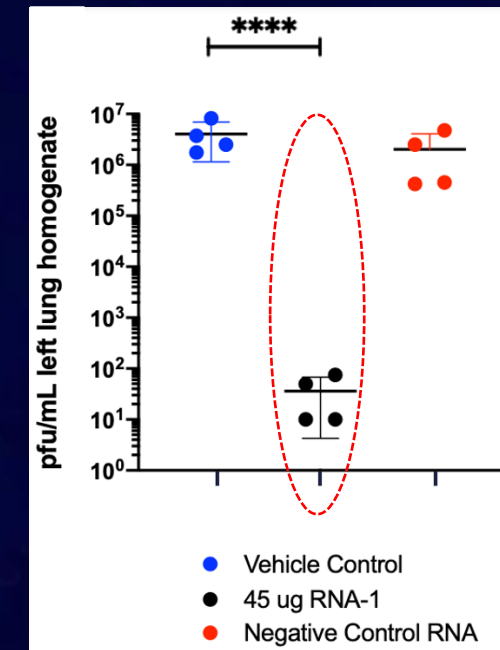
In Vitro:

Potent Induction of IFN- α , β , and λ

In Vivo:



SARS-CoV-2 Infection in Mice



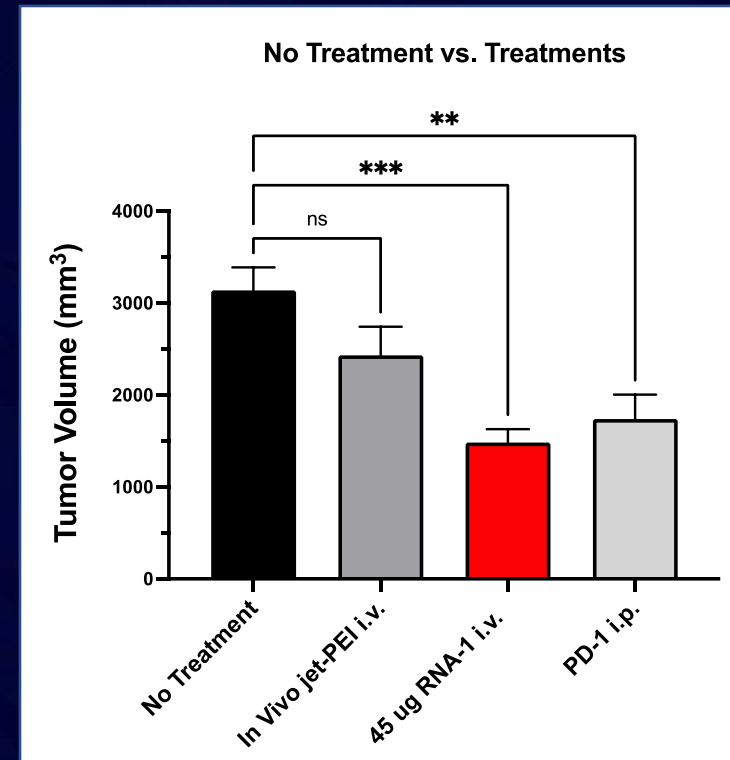
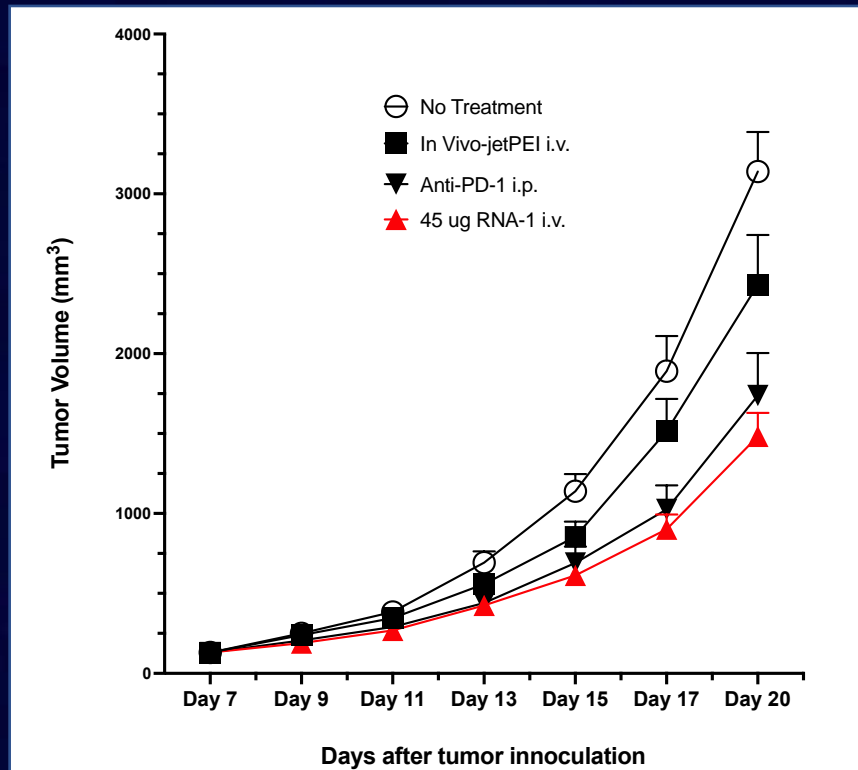
Viral Load

10,000 to 100,000-fold
REDUCTION in Virus #

dsRNA Innate Immunotherapeutics are Disease Agnostic

Short Duplex RNAs also Inhibit Cancer Growth

Daily I.V. administration
in B16-ova Melanoma Model

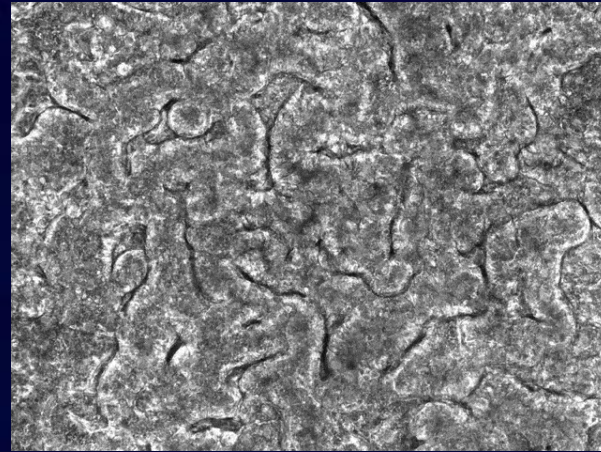


Daily treatment was well tolerated
(no effect on body weight or clinical signs)

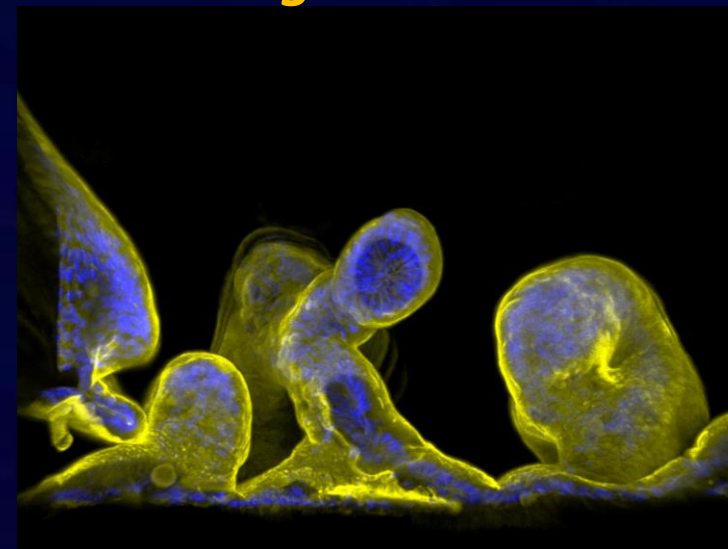
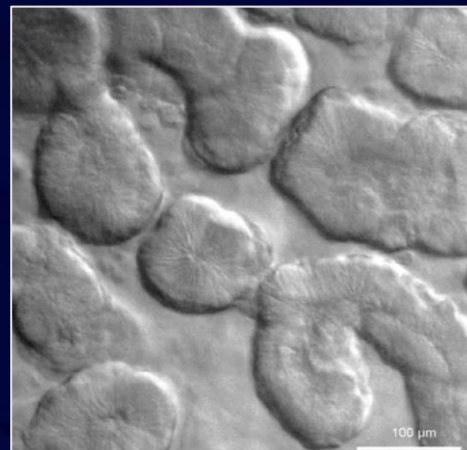
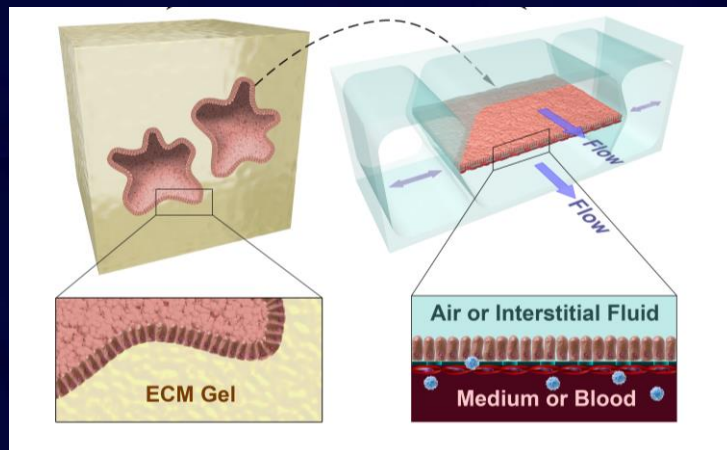
Human Intestine Chip

(HYUN JUNG KIM et al., *Lab Chip* 2012, *Integ. Biol.* 2013 & *PNAS* 17; MAGDA KASENDRA et al., *Sci. Rep.* 2018; ALEXANDRA SONTHEIMER-PHELPS et al., *Cell Mol. Gastro. Hep.* 2019)

**INTESTINAL VILLI
FORMATION
on-chip**



PRIMARY Intestine Chips using cells from Patient-Derived Organoids:



**DUODENUM
Chip**

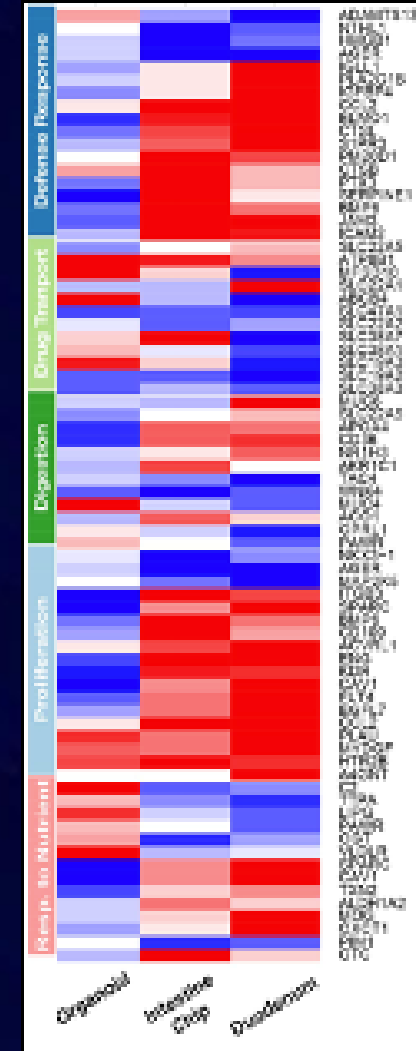
Intestine Chip More Closely Mimics Duodenum than Duodenal Organoids

(MAGDA KASENDRA et al. *Sci. Rep.* 2018)

Human Intestine Chip
(lined by cells from
DUODENAL Organoids)



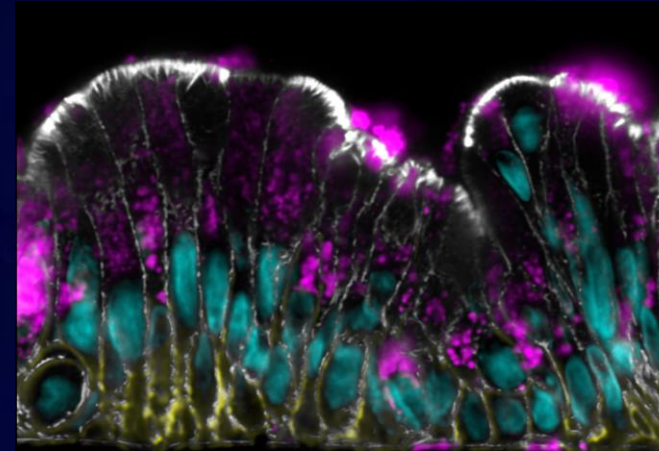
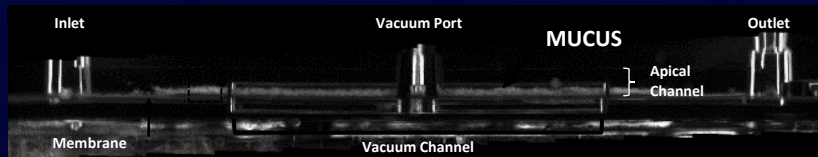
Transcriptomic Analysis:



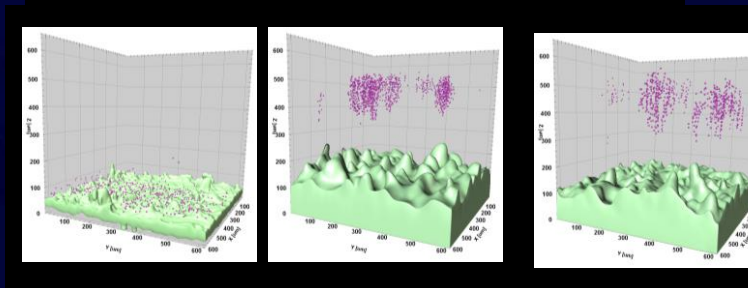
Human Colon Chip Forms a Mucus Bilayer

(Sontheimer-Phelps et al., *Cell Mol. Gastro. Hepatol.* 2019)

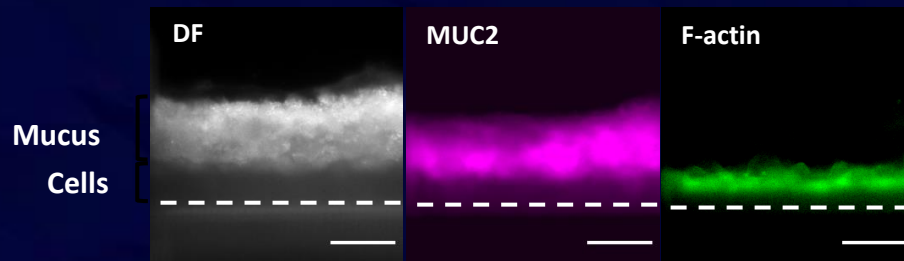
SIDE VIEW of Whole Chip



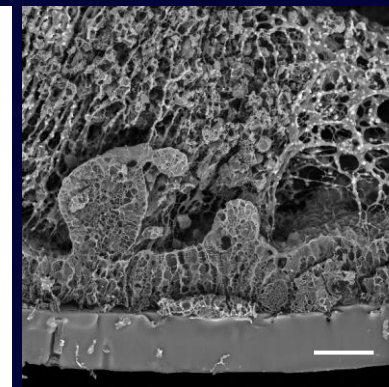
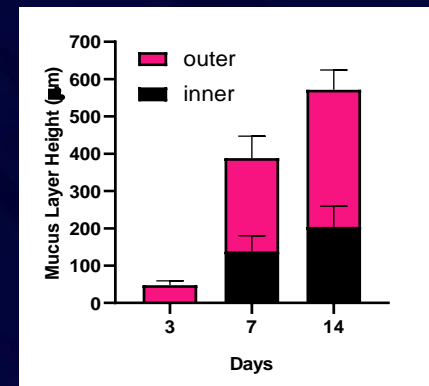
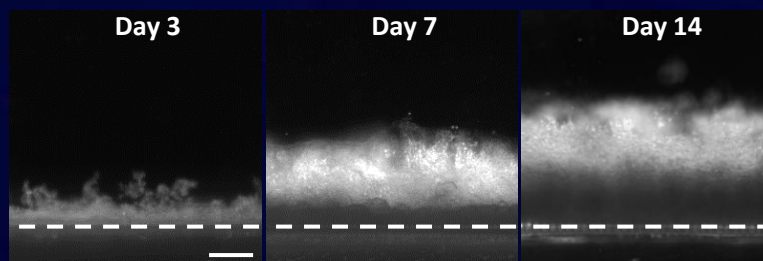
Chip Cross-Section



Penetrable MUCUS Layer
NON-Penetrable MUCUS Layer



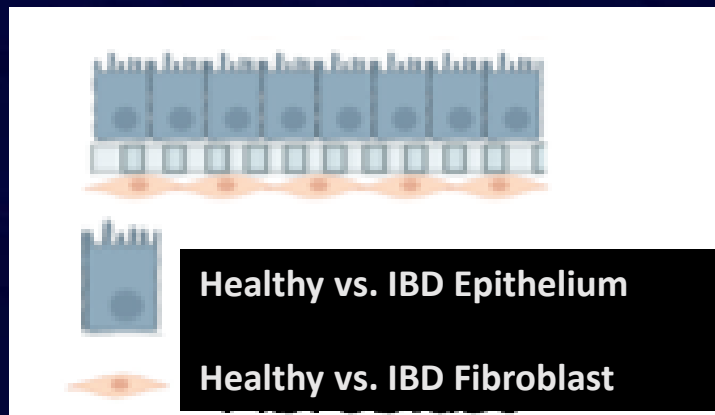
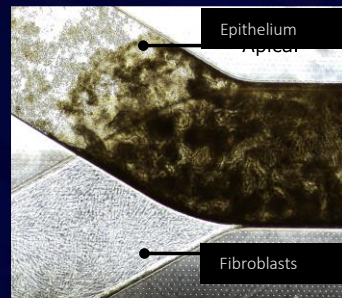
Live Imaging



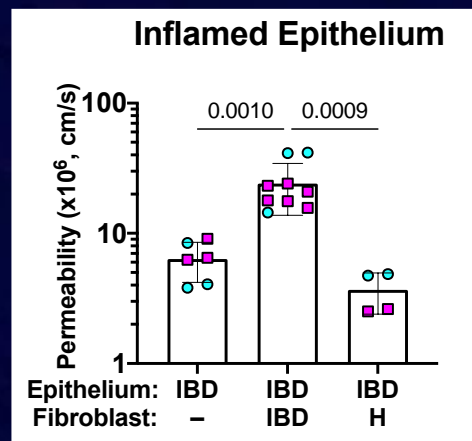
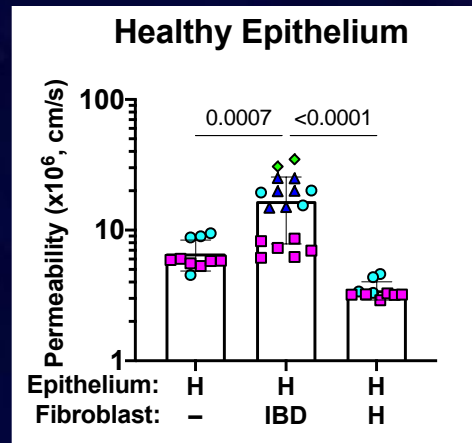
Effect of Stromal Microenvironment in Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) Colon Chips

(Ozkan et al., - in preparation)

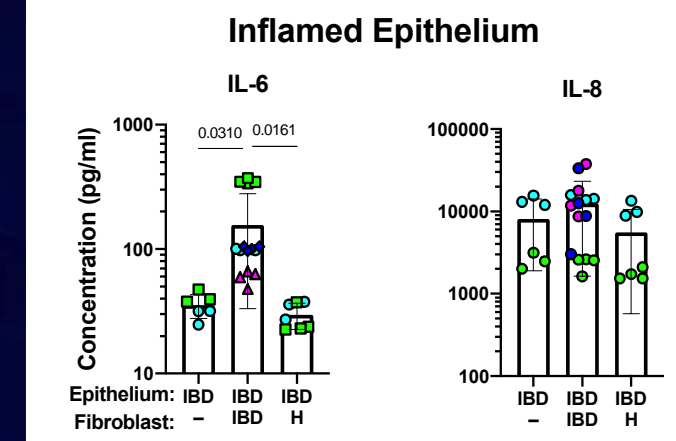
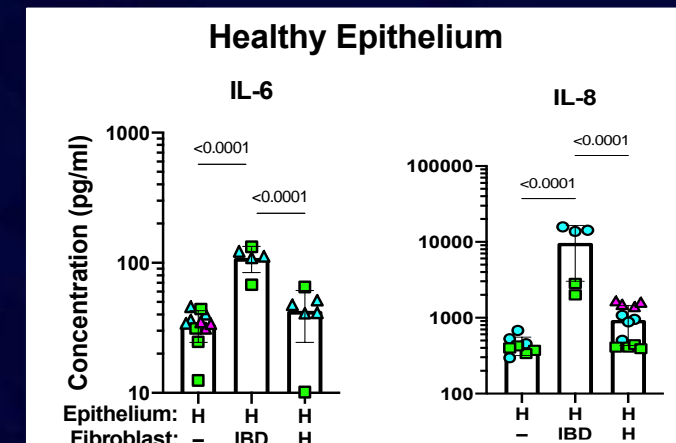
Epithelium-Stromal Tissue Recombinants On-Chip



IBD Stroma DISRUPTS Barrier Integrity

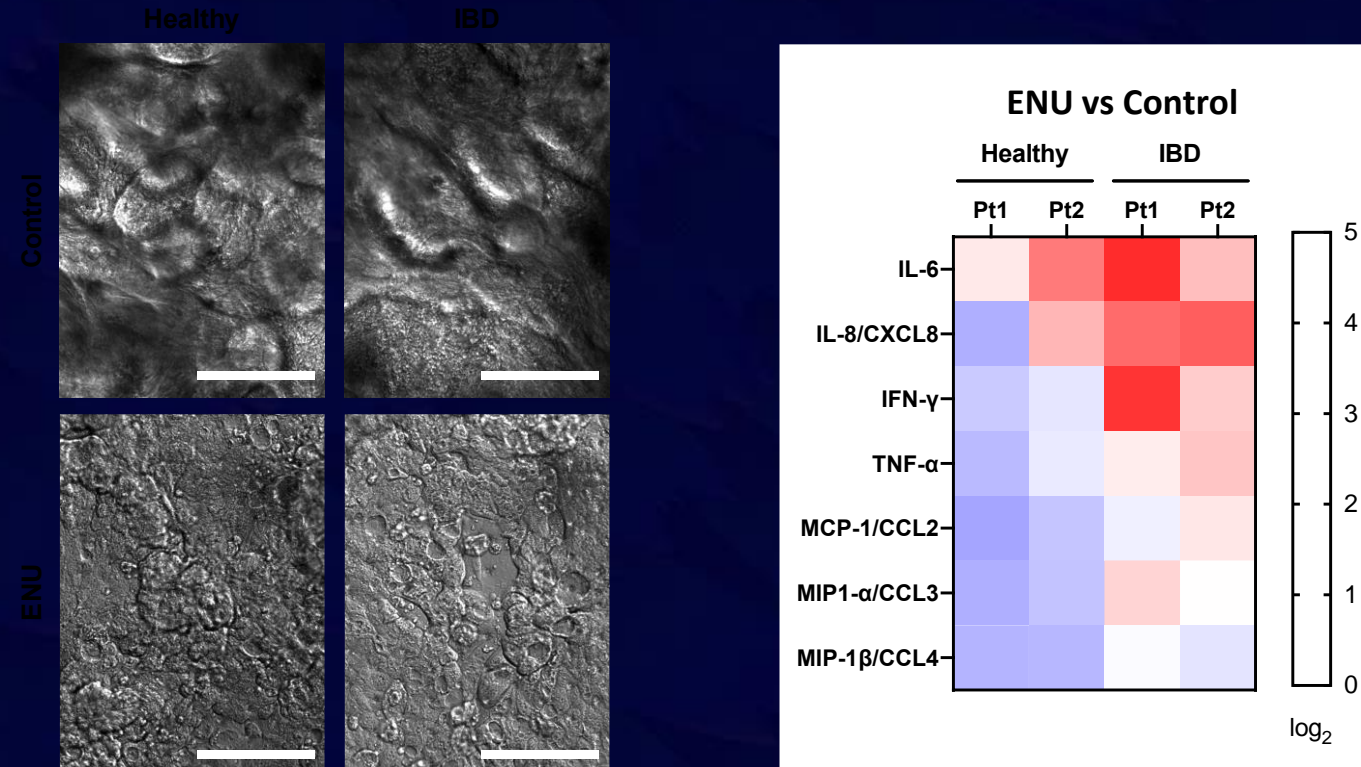


IBD Stroma INCREASES Inflammatory Cytokines



Modeling Carcinogen Exposure in Colon Chips

ENU carcinogen stimulates increased inflammation in IBD chips



- N-ethyl-N-nitrosourea (ENU) is a highly potent mutagen
- Healthy and IBD colon-chips were exposed to ENU for 3 weeks

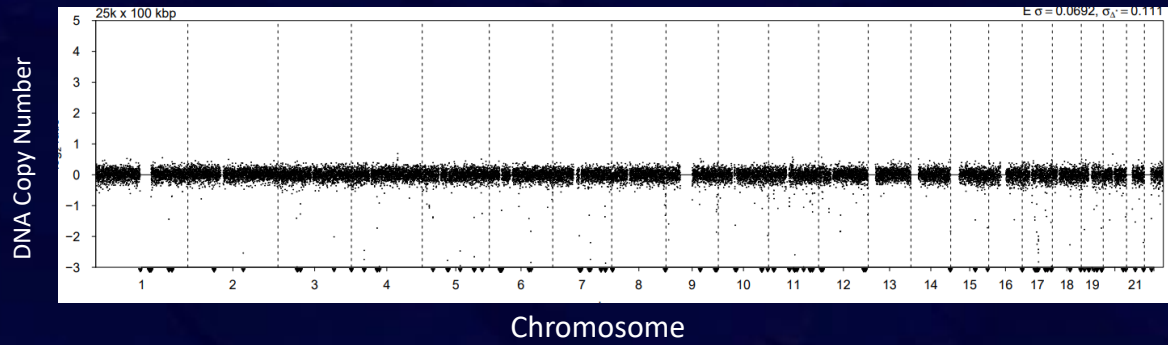
ENU Only Induces Mutations in IBD Colon Chips

(w/ Stuart McDonald, Queen Mary University of London)

DNA copy number only increased in IBD Colon Chips

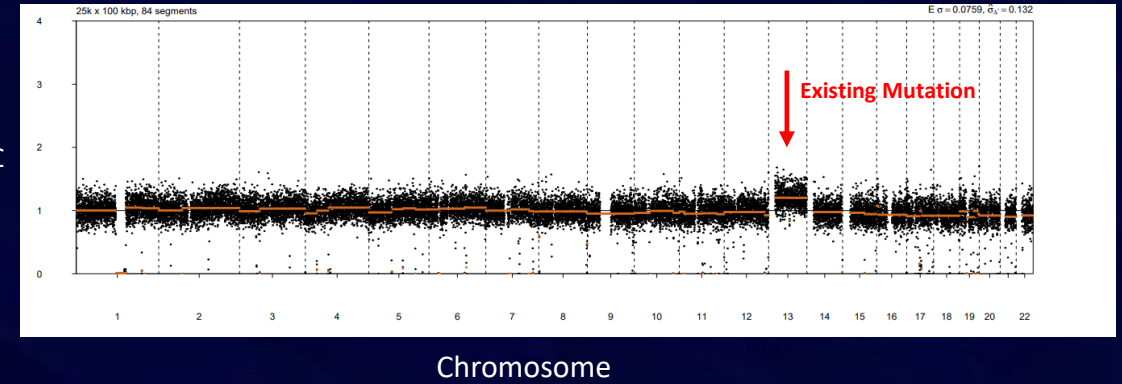
IBD Colon Chip - Patient 1

Control



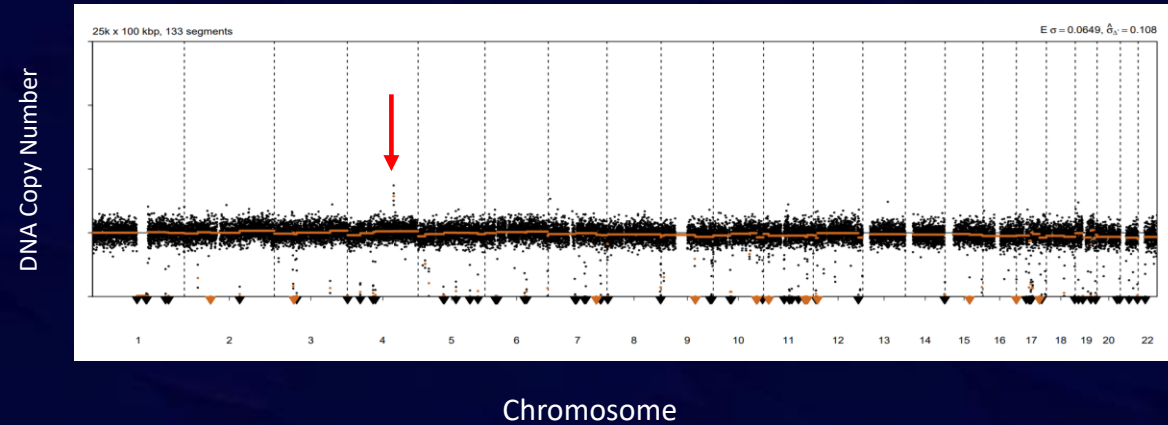
IBD Colon Chip - Patient 2

DNA Copy Number



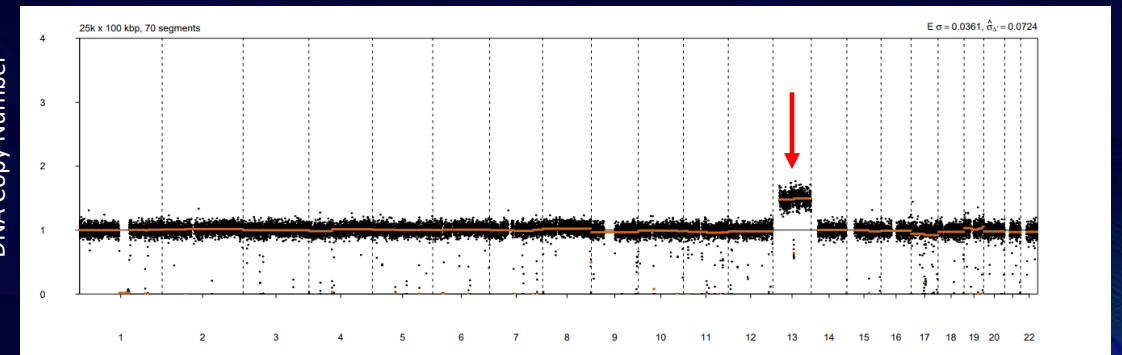
Chromosome

ENU (3 weeks)



Chromosome

DNA Copy Number

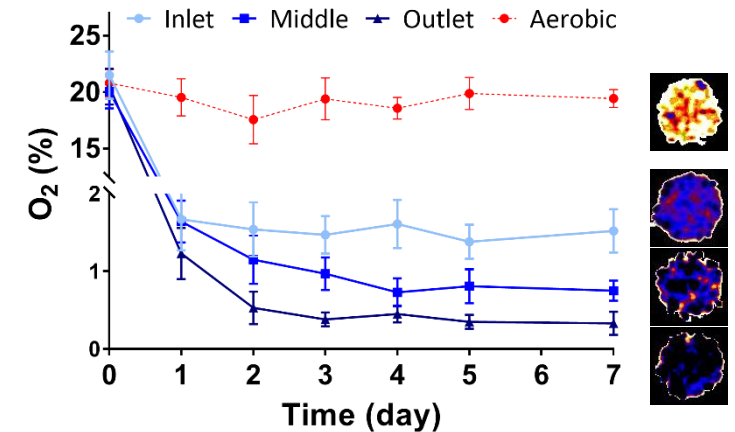
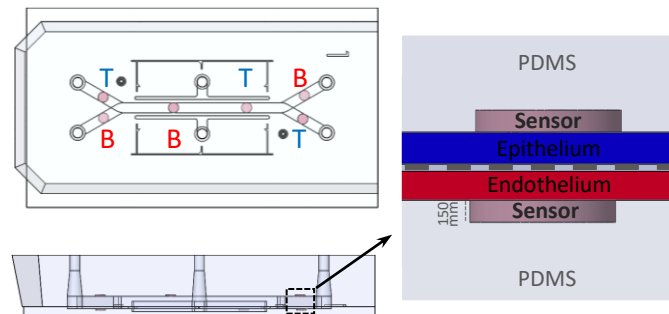
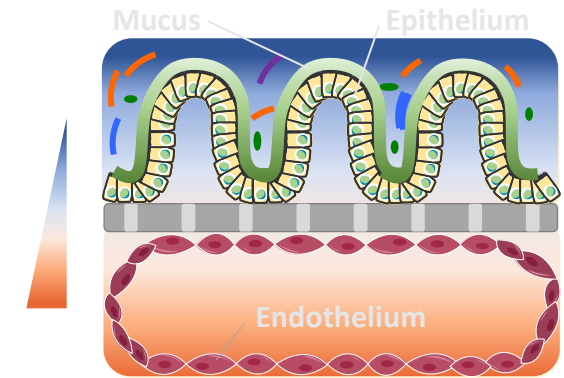
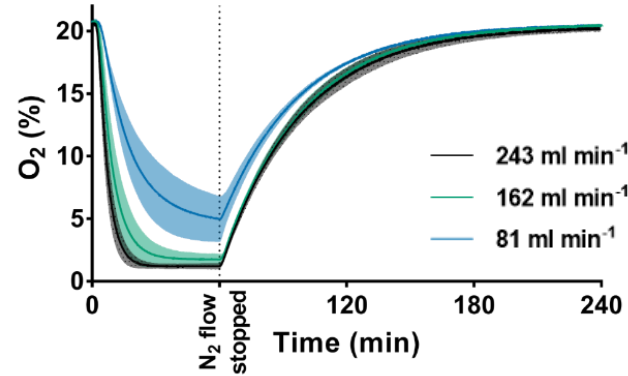
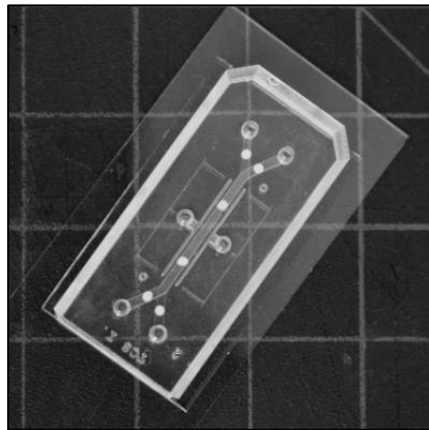


Chromosome

Integration of Aerobic & Anaerobic Gut Microbiome

(Jalili-Firoozinezhad et al, *Nature Biomed.Engin.* 2019)

Generation of a Hypoxia Gradient On-Chip

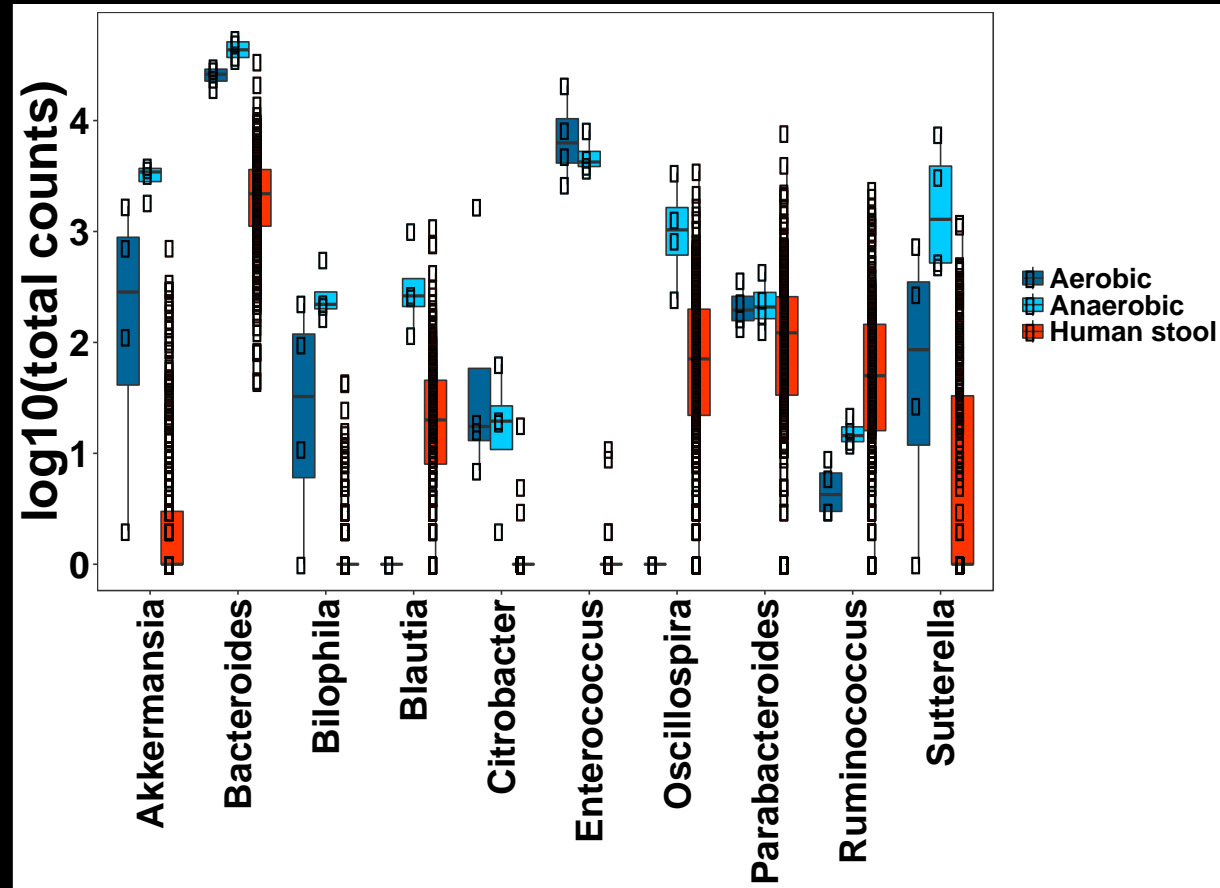


Intestine Chip Maintains Microbiome Complexity Similar to Human Stool

Bacteria on Mucus
On-Chip

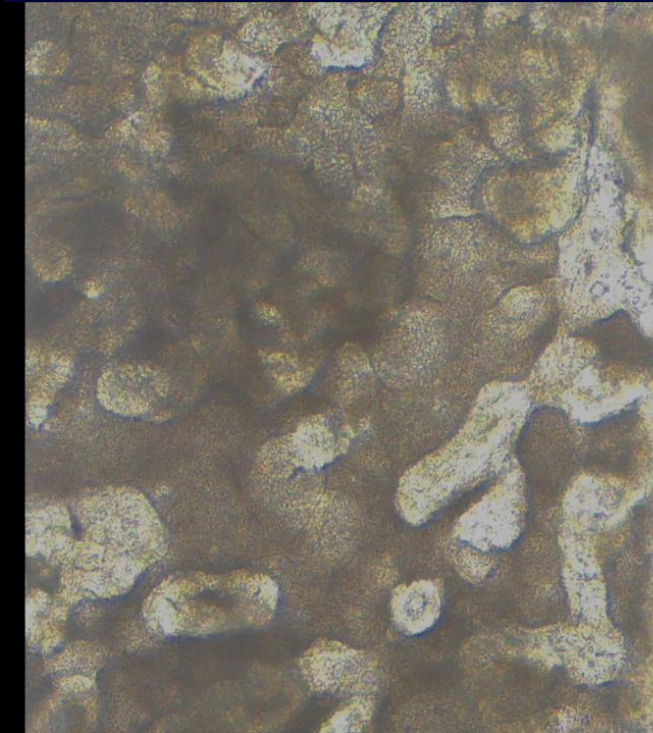


Includes
Aerobes
& Anaerobes



200 types of bacteria from 11 different genera

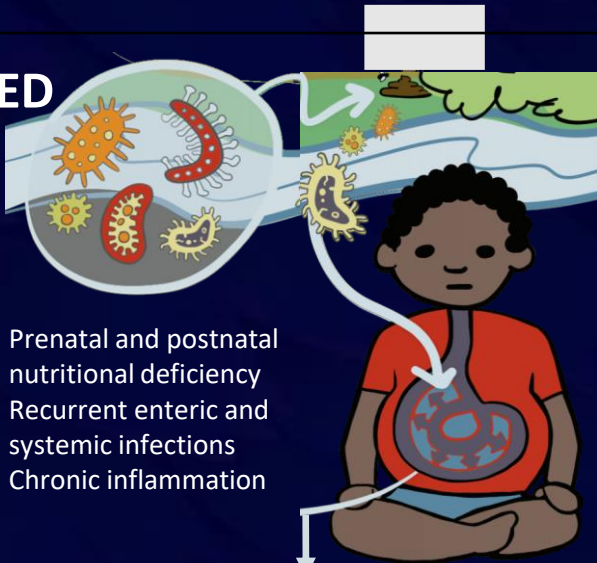
Preterm Infant Microbiome
3 days on-chip



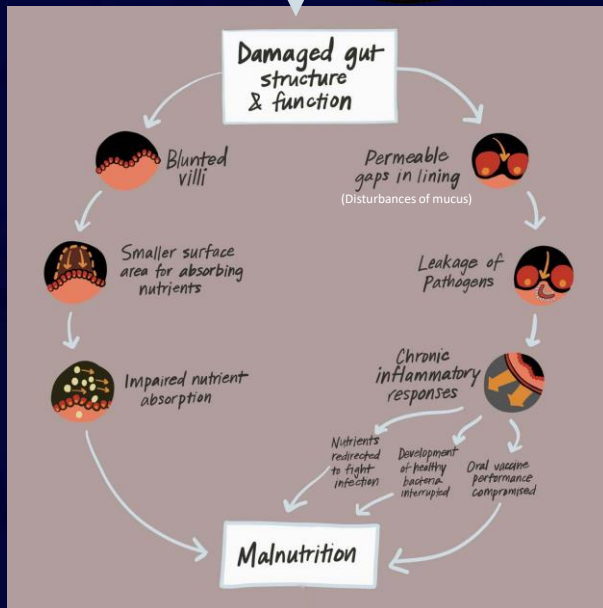
Real-Time Video

Environmental Enteric Dysfunction (EED) Chip

EED

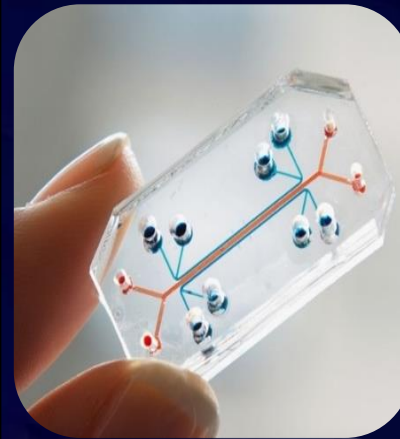


- Prenatal and postnatal nutritional deficiency
- Recurrent enteric and systemic infections
- Chronic inflammation



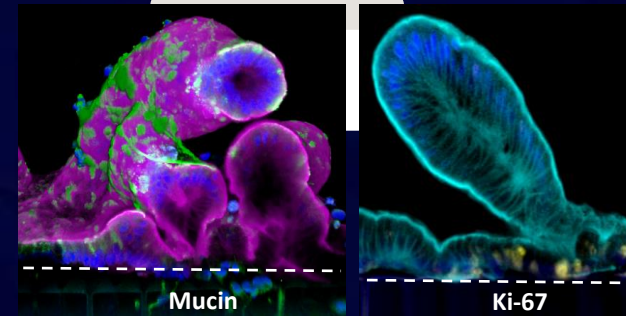
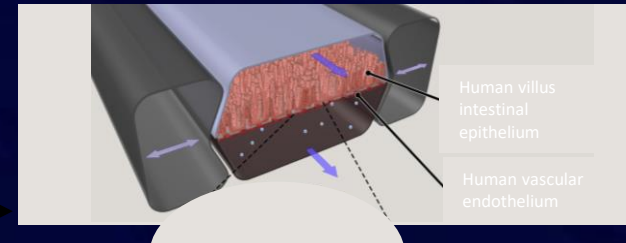
PRIMARY SMALL INTESTINE CHIP

(Sci Rep. 2018; 8:2871)



Seeding

Top – Intestinal Epithelial cells
Bottom – Intestinal microvascular cells



FORM:

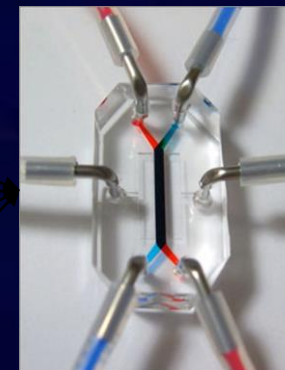
- Villus-like structures
- Multi-lineage differentiation

FUNCTION:

- Mucus
- Epithelial barrier
- Digestion
- *In vivo*-like transcriptome

EED CHIP

- Malnutrition (-N/-T)
- Dysbiosis
- Pathogen Exposure
- Immune Response



Healthy or EED Derived Primary Epithelial Cells

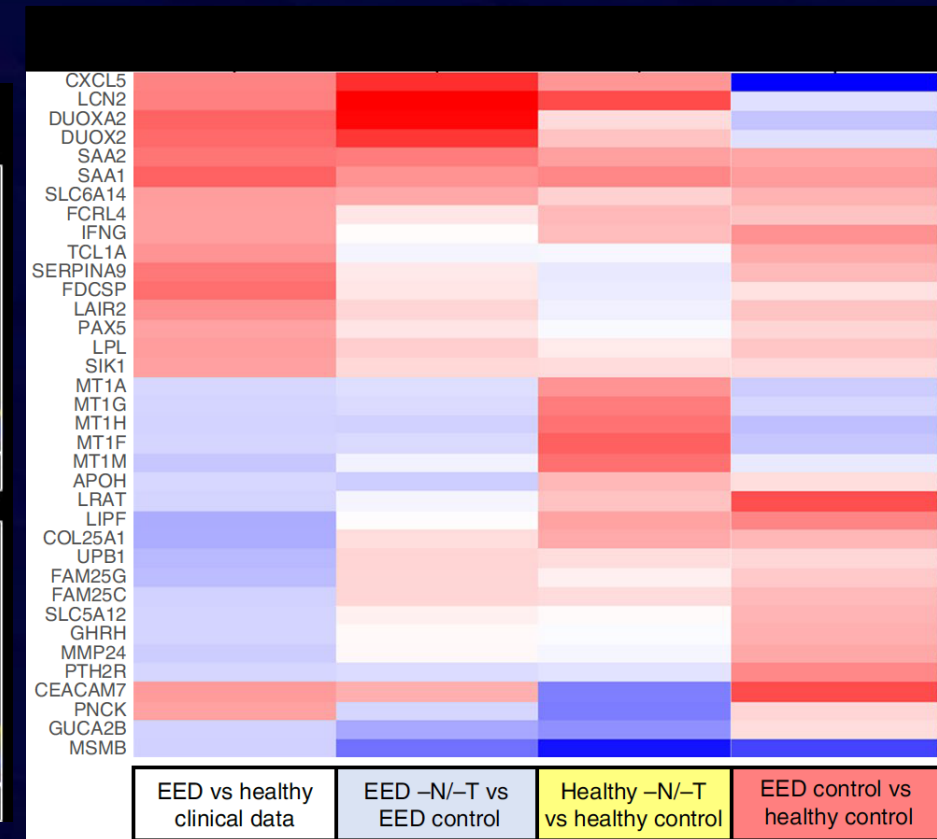
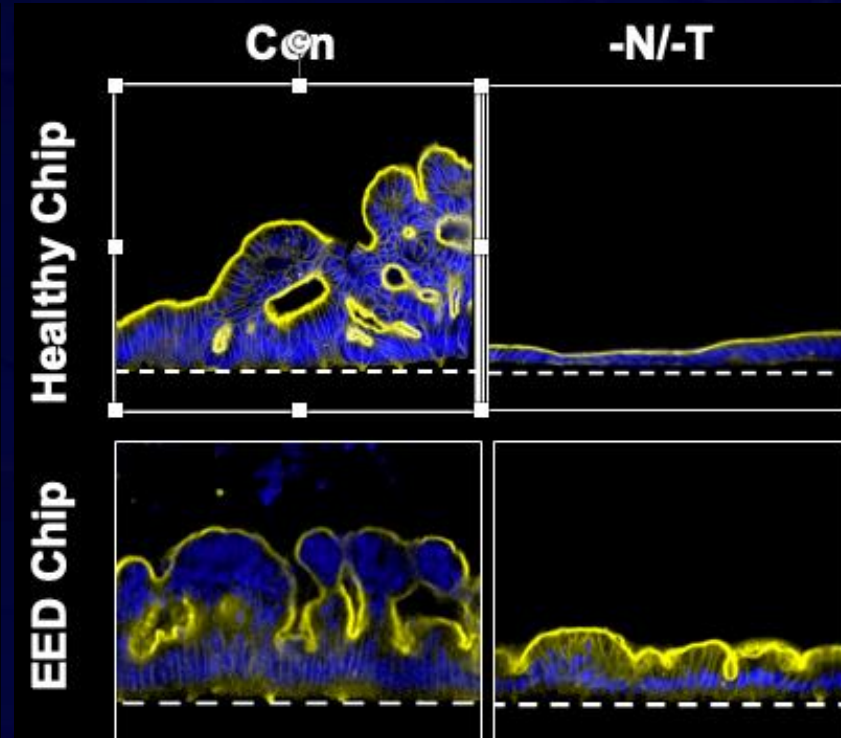
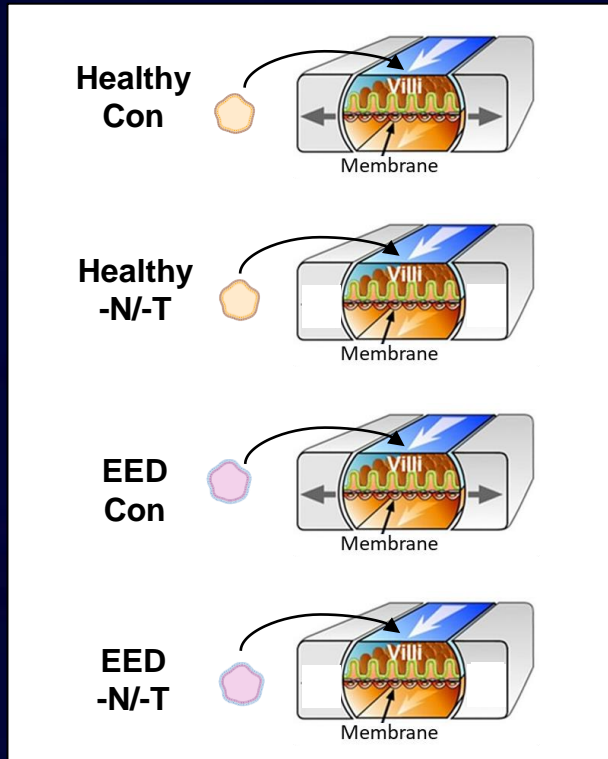
Human preclinical model with features of EED useful for:

- Contributory analysis
- Biomarker development
- Therapeutic screening

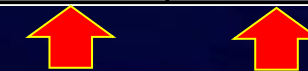
Intestine Chips with EED Patient Cells + Nutritional Deficiency Mimic Clinical EED Signature

(AMIR BEIN & CECILY FADEL et al, *Nature Biomed. Engin.* 2022)

EED Patient Duodenal ORGANOID-derived Epithelium On-Chip



-N/-T = Medium DEPLETED of Nicotinamide & Tryptophan



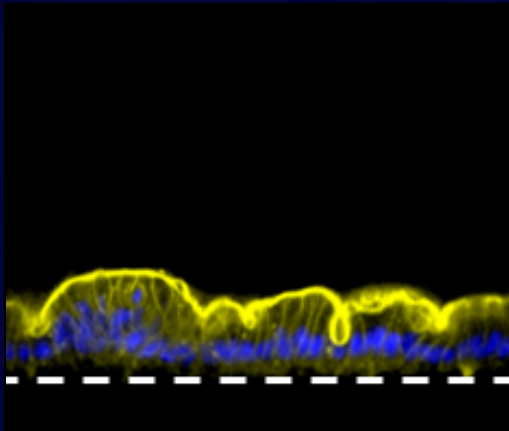
Effect of Living Microbiome

Patient Intestine Chip + Patient Microbiome reveal EED-Associated Inflammation and Barrier Compromise

(consortia provided by Jeff Gordon, Wash. U.)

Inflammatory Effects of EED Microbiome

EED Chip

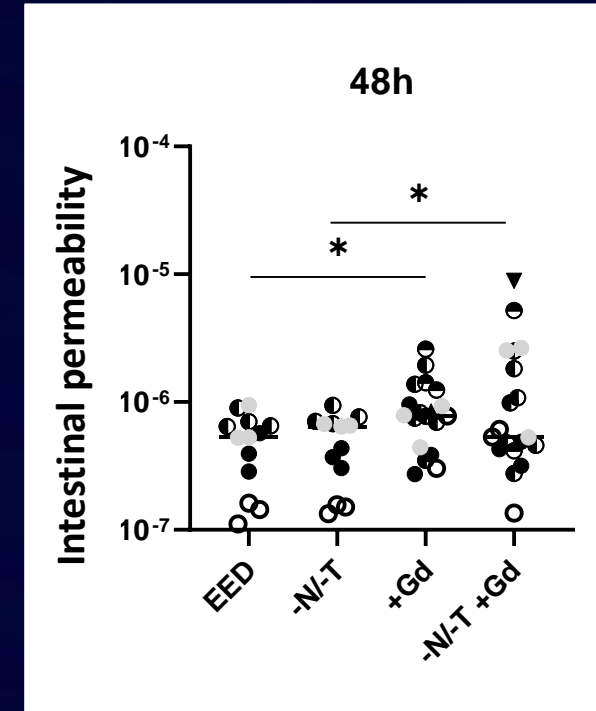
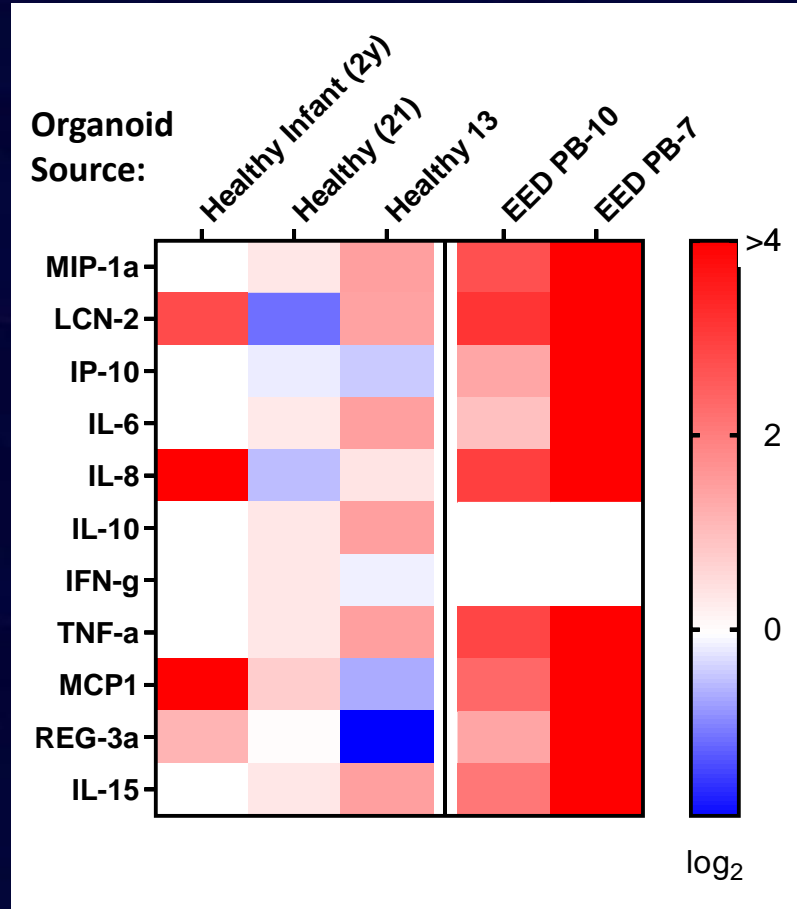


EED

microbiome



22 different commensals

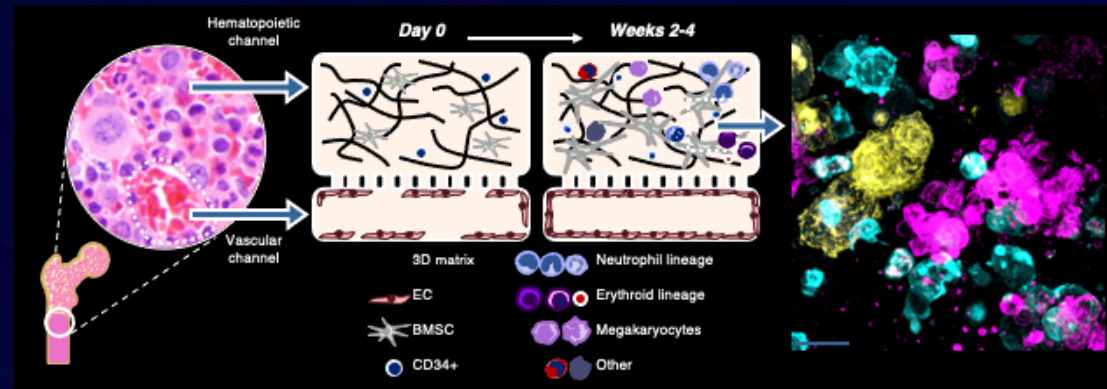


Other Key Goals

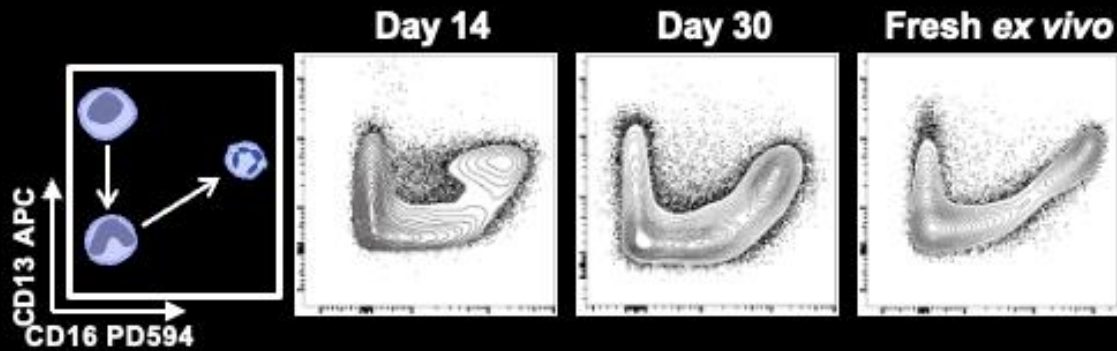
- To predict responses to drugs using *clinically relevant dose exposures*
- To develop *personalized disease models* for individual patients
- To create models that replicate *complex immune responses*
- To carry out a *head-on comparison with existing animal models*

Human Bone Marrow Chip

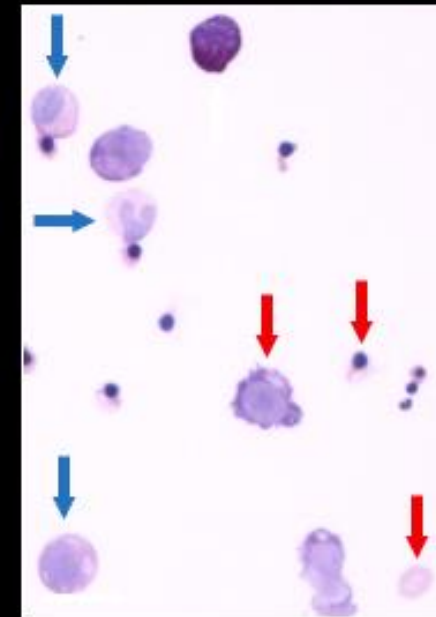
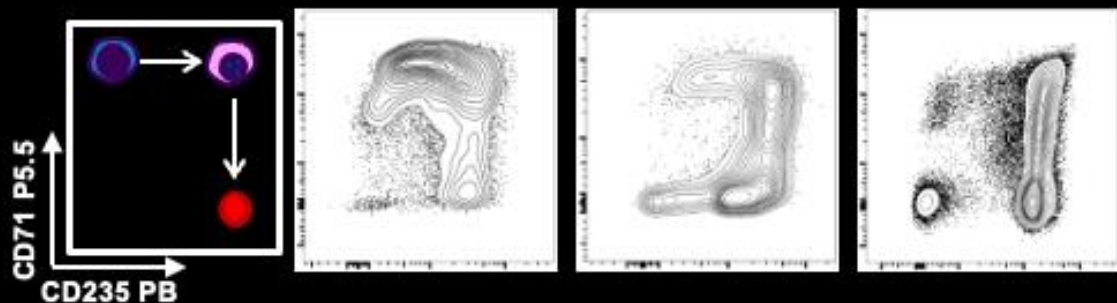
(DAVID CHOU et al., *Nature Biomed. Engin.* 2020)



Neutrophil maturation

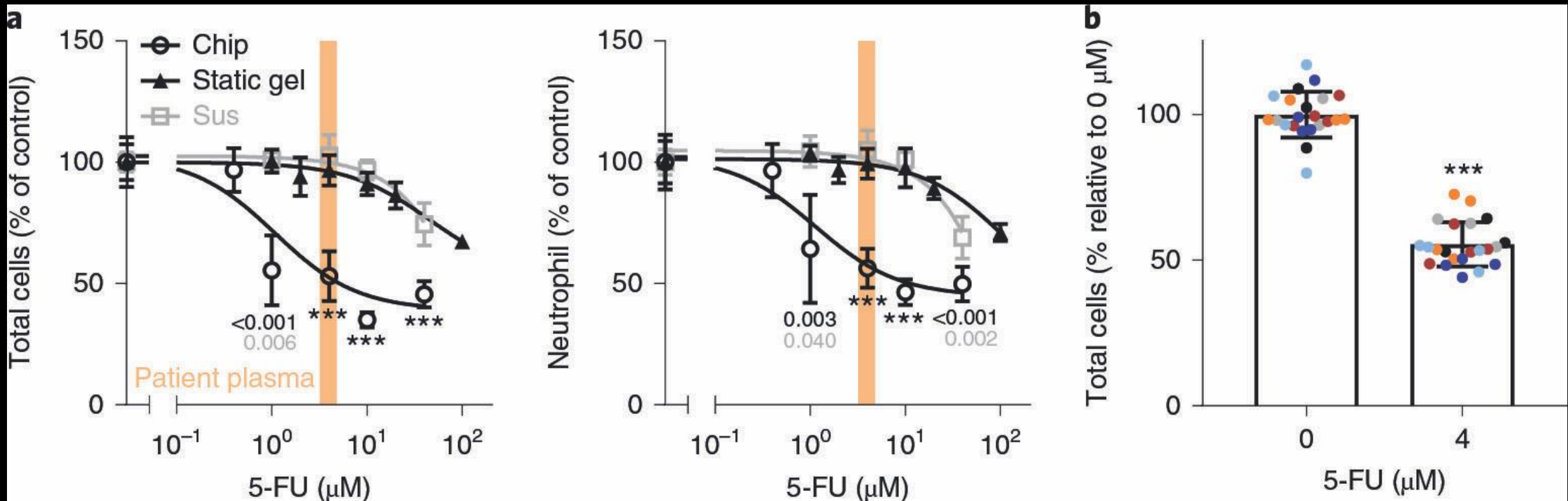


Erythroid maturation



Recapitulation of 5-FU Marrow Toxicity at Human-Relevant Drug Exposures

2 Day infusion as in patients (plasma concentrations ~ 3.2 - 4.8 μM)



n = 6 individual patients
3-4 replicates per patient

Replicating Human Toxicities with Clinical Drug Exposures

(collaboration with AstraZeneca)

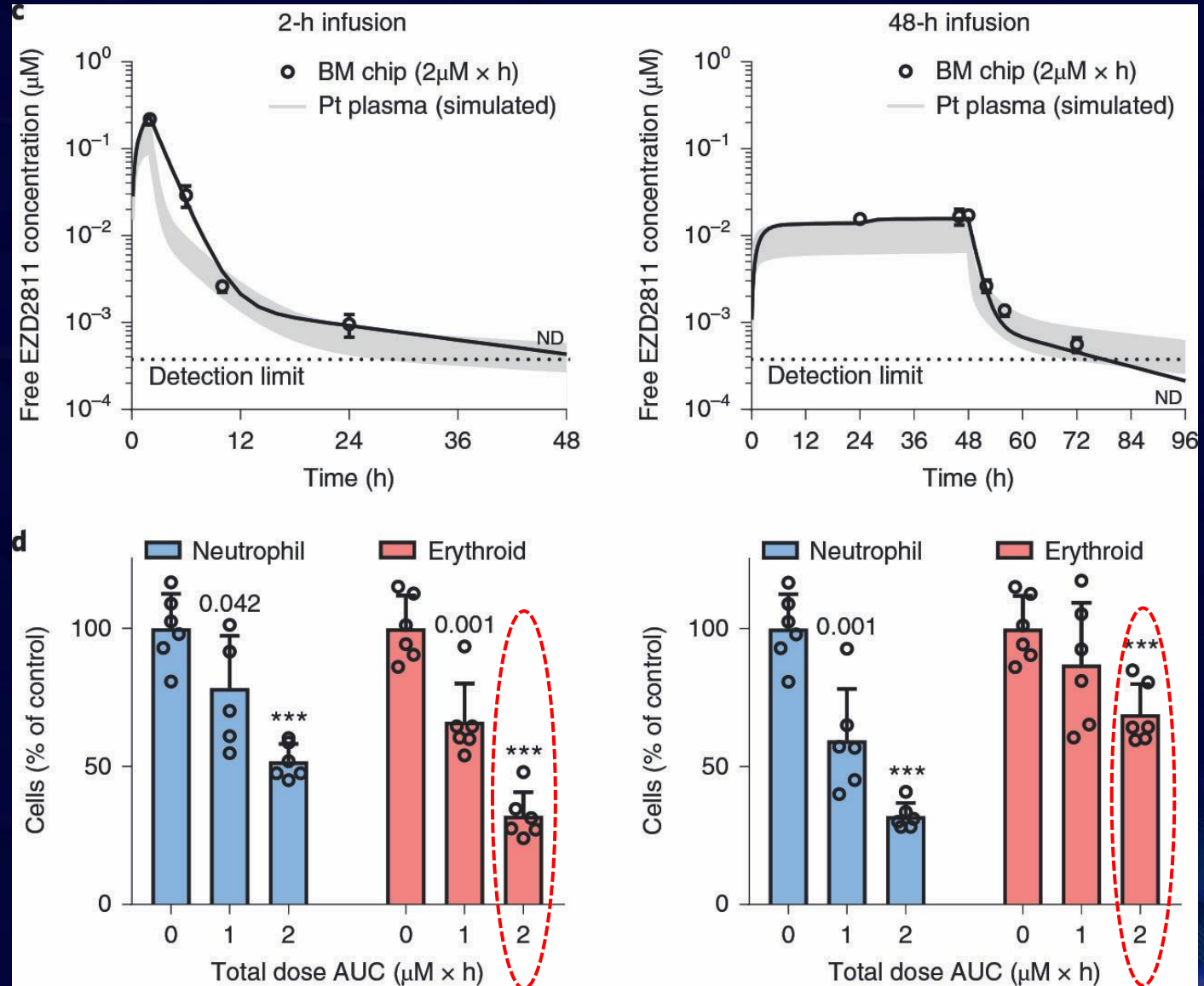
Clinical Observation:

	<u>2h dosing</u>	<u>48h dosing</u>
	Neutropenia	Neutropenia
	Anemia	

Clinical Drug Exposure Profiles (PK)
Recreated On-Chip

Chip Toxicity Results Replicate
Clinical Findings with same
Dosing

*(Not observed in
Suspension Cultures)*



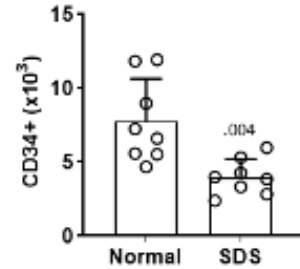
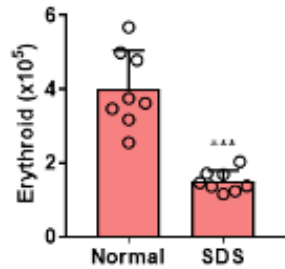
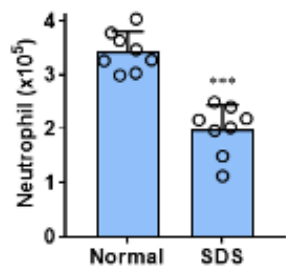
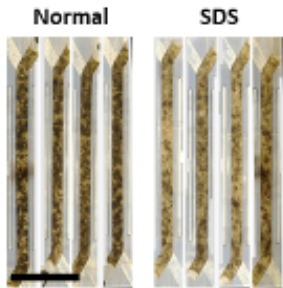
Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome Chip

(with Akiko Shimamura and Carl Novina, BCH & DFCI)

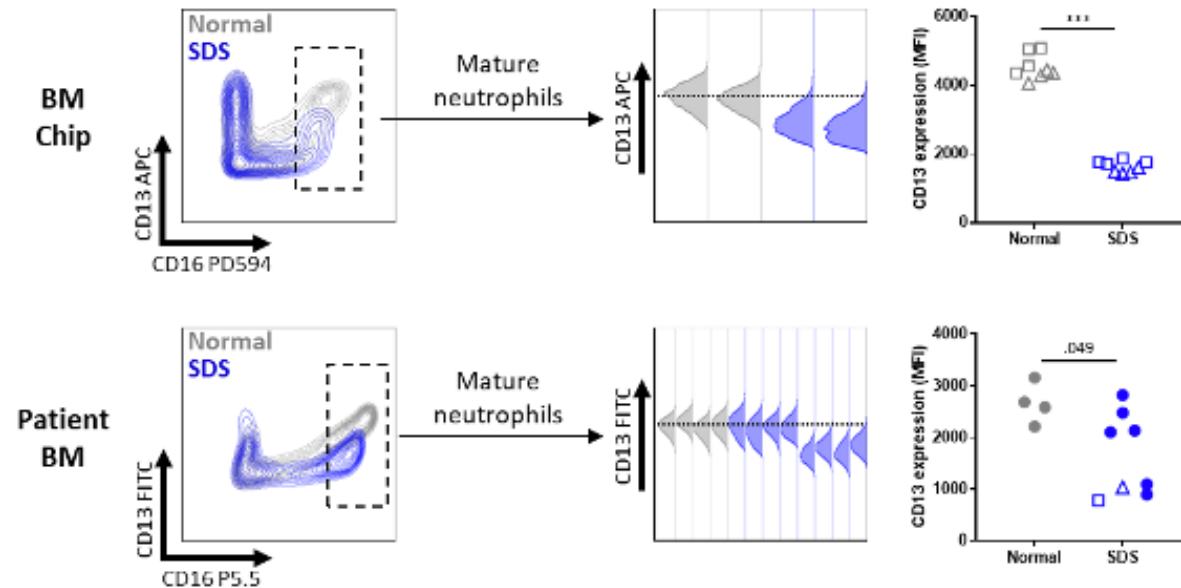
Using
Patient
Cells

Results correctly predict undescribed neutrophil maturation abnormality

Impaired neutrophil + erythroid development
in Shwachman-Diamond syndrome



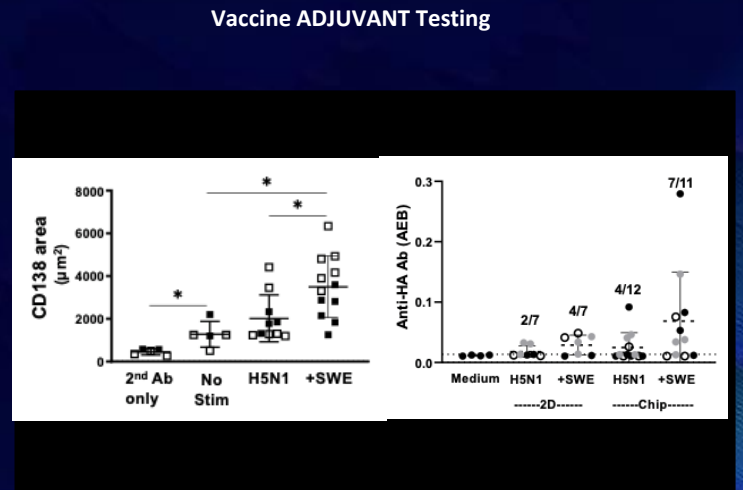
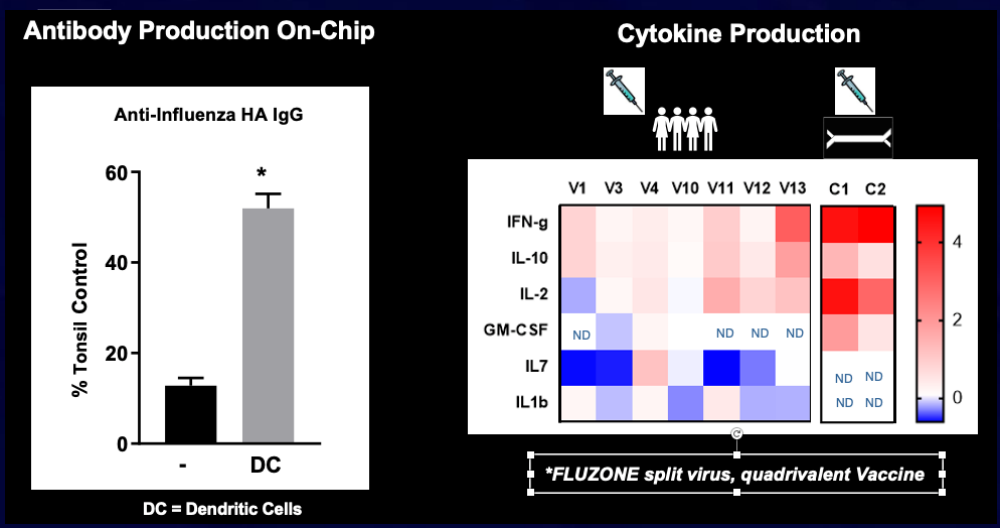
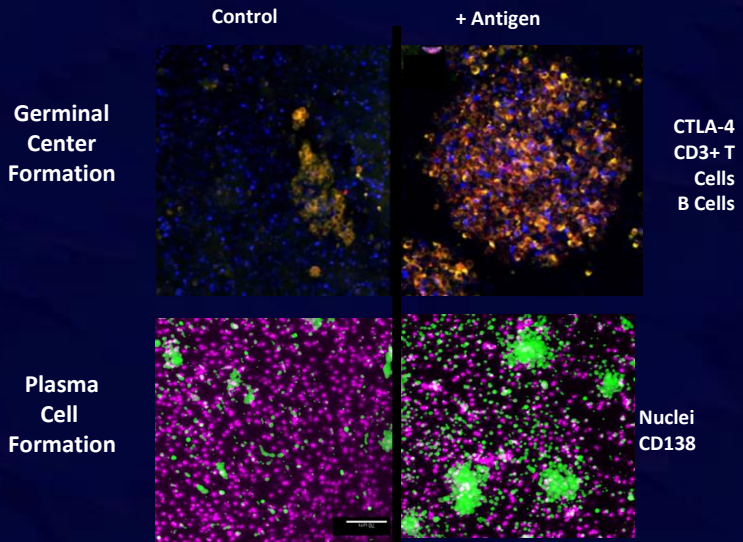
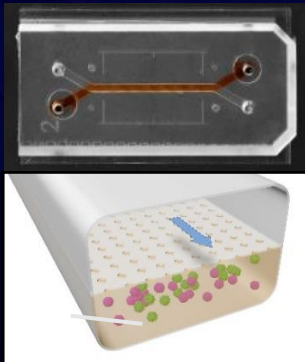
Altered neutrophil maturation in BM chip
is validated in patient BM aspirates



Human Lymphoid Follicle Chip

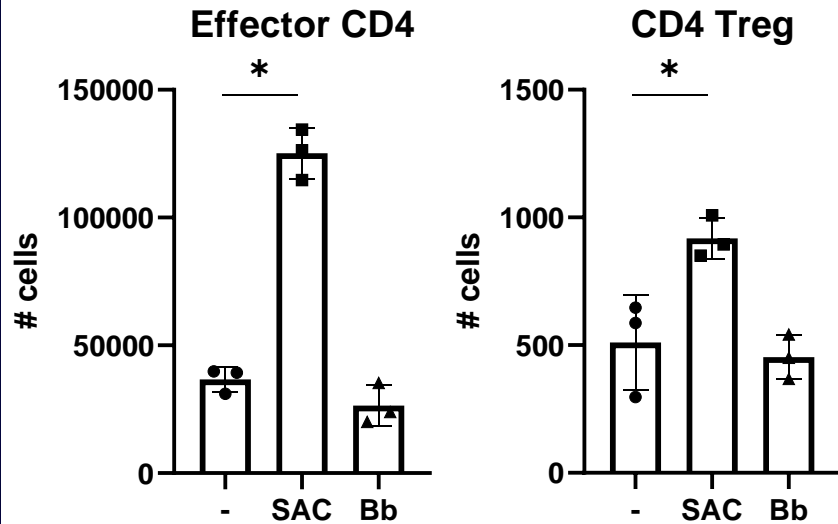
(GIRIJA GOYAL et al., *Adv. Sci.* 2022)

- + Germinal center formation
- + Expansion with antigen stimulation & expression of correct biomarkers
- + Plasma cell formation
- + Antibody Class Switching
- + Vaccination response with Ag-specific IgG and Cytokine production in vitro
- + Now being used to test & validate new Adjuvants with GATES Foundation & Pharma



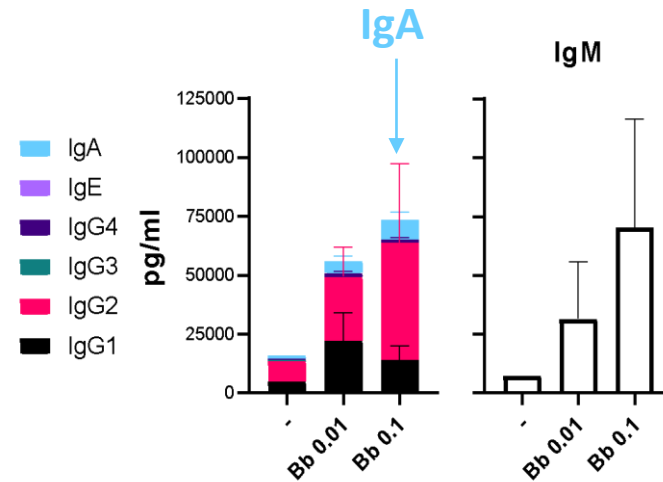
Lyme Disease: Modeling Infection-Induced Autoimmunity in the human LF Chip

7/7 health donors display **aberrant T cell immunity** with *Borrelia* infection



SAC: heat killed *S. aureus* Cowan I
Bb: *Borrelia burgdorferi*

3/7 healthy donors show **hypergammaglobunemia**

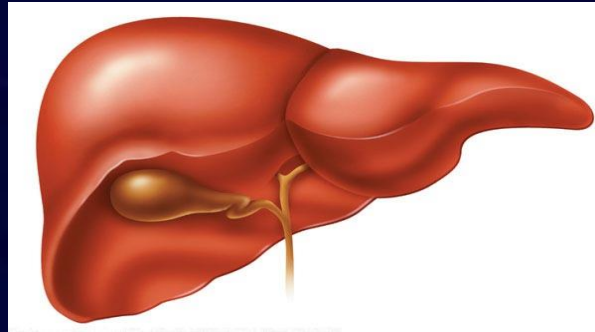


Bb – *Borrelia*
MOI = 0.1 or 0.01 (*Borrelia* vs. human cells)

- Clearance of *Borrelia* requires antibiotic therapy
- Persistent inflammation may set the stage for *chronic* Lyme Disease
 - In antibiotic-refractory Lyme arthritis, Treg number correlates with time to resolution
- Excessive antibodies target host proteins

Species-Specific Liver Chips

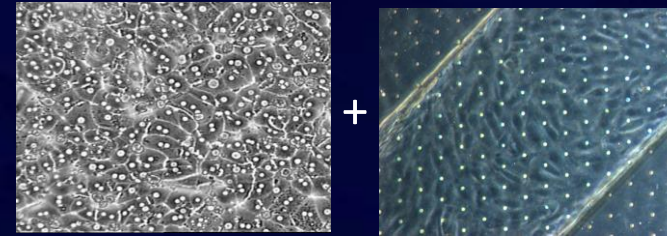
(KYUNG-JIN JANG et al., *Science Trans. Med.* 2019; w/ Emulate Inc., AstraZeneca & Janssen Pharm.)



Primary HUMAN, DOG, or RAT

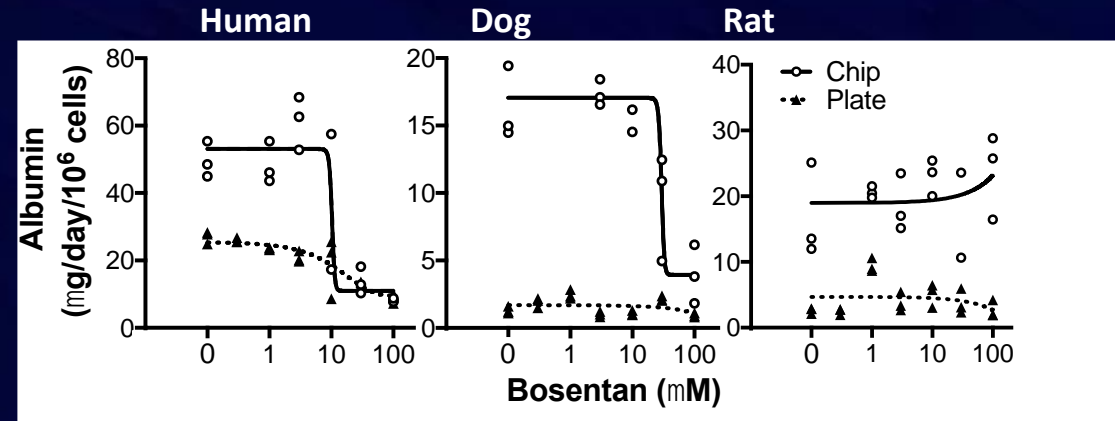
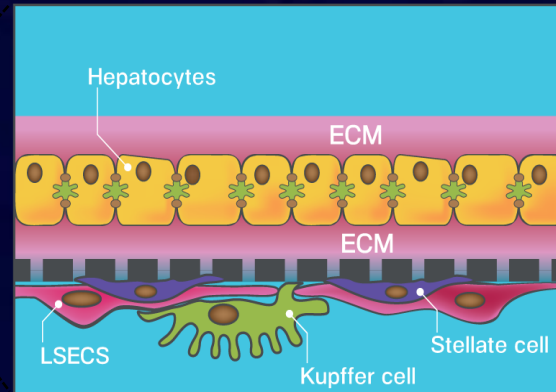
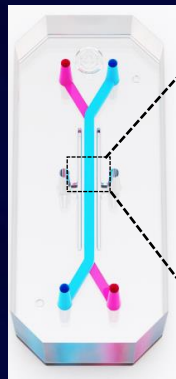
Hepatocytes

Liver Sinusoidal Endothelial Cells



Liver Chips Mimic Species-Specific Bosentan Toxicities

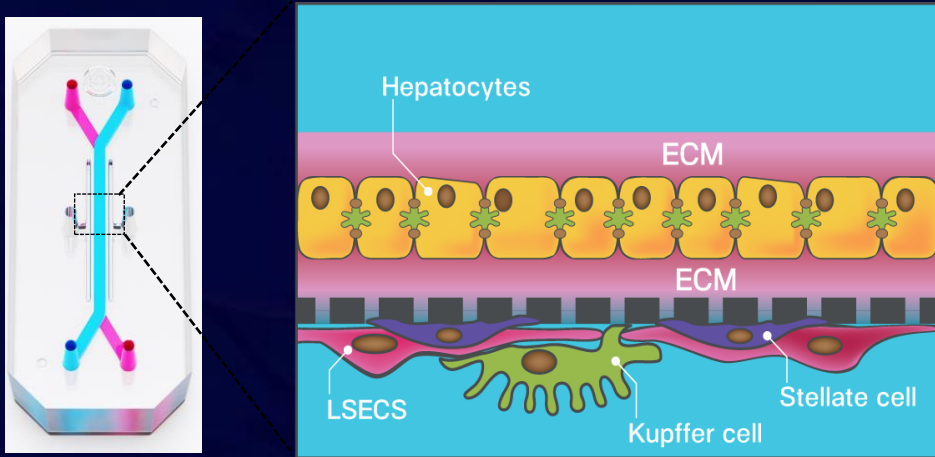
- Hepatocytes
- Liver sinusoidal endothelium
- Kupfer cells
- Stellate cells



Faithfully recapitulated hepatocellular injury, steatosis, cholestasis, and fibrosis + species-specific toxicities with multiple compounds

Human Liver Chips are Better Predictors of Drug-Induced Liver Injury than Animal Models

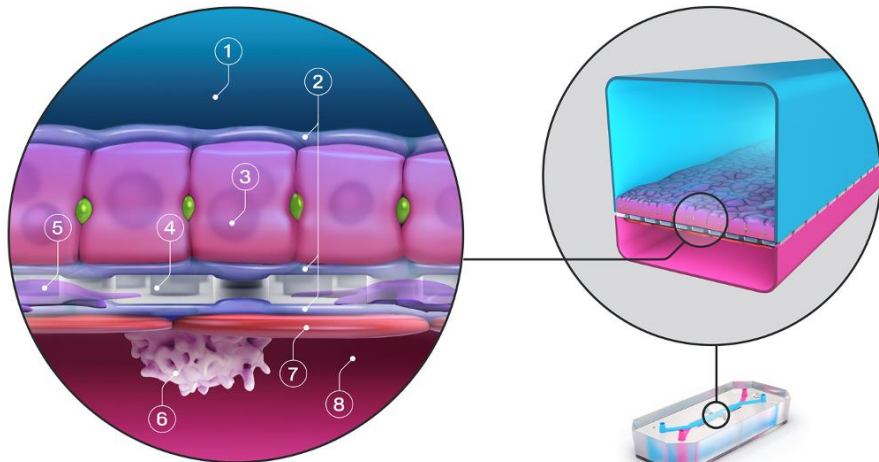
(Ewart et al. *Commun. Med.* 2022; led by *Emulate, Inc.*)



- 870 Human Liver Chips analyzed (cells from 3 donors)
- Tested blinded set of 27 hepatotoxic and non-toxic drugs (identified by pharma IQ Consortium)
- Human toxicities of many drugs had been missed in animal models
- **Predicted human DILI with 87% sensitivity and 100% specificity**

- 7-8x Better than Animal Models

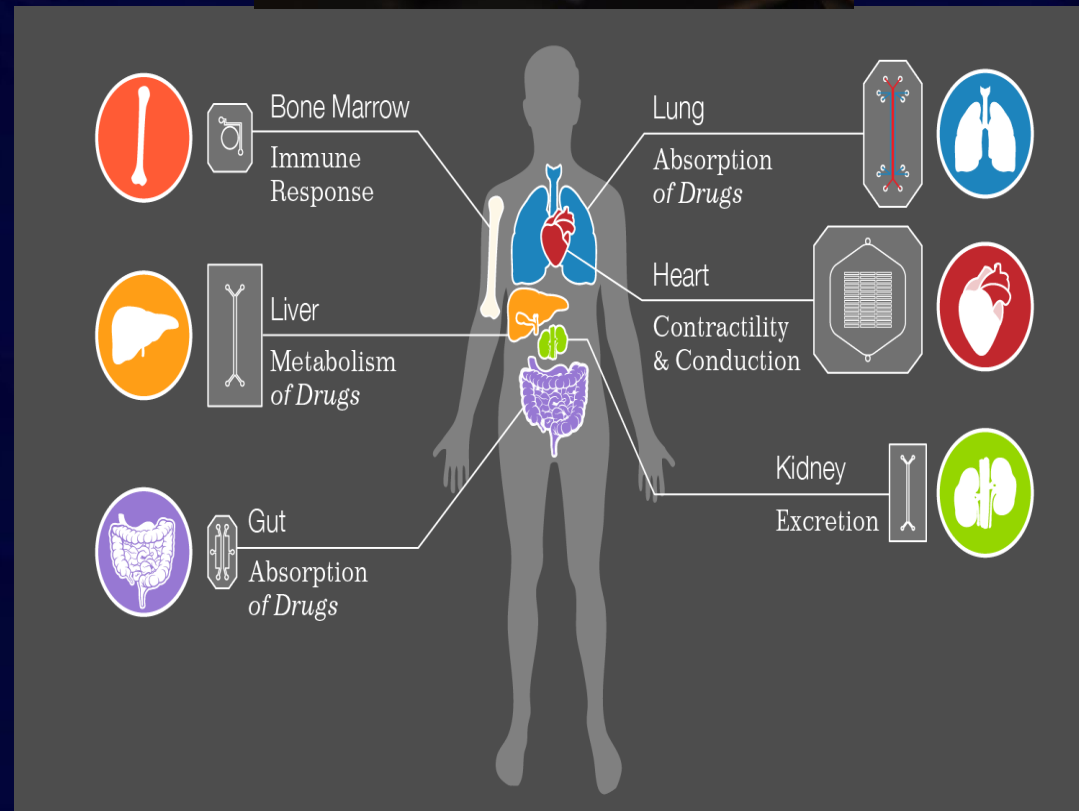
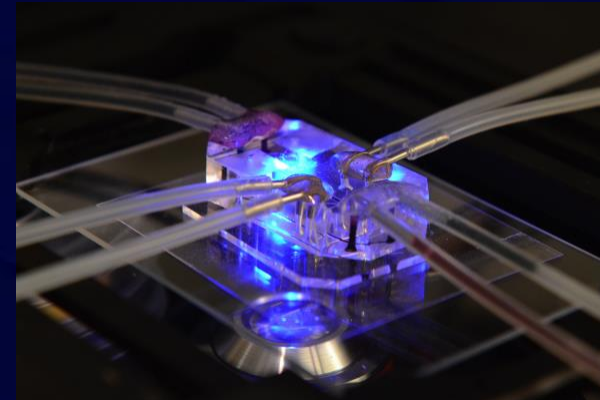
- Save Pharma Industry ~\$2-3B per year



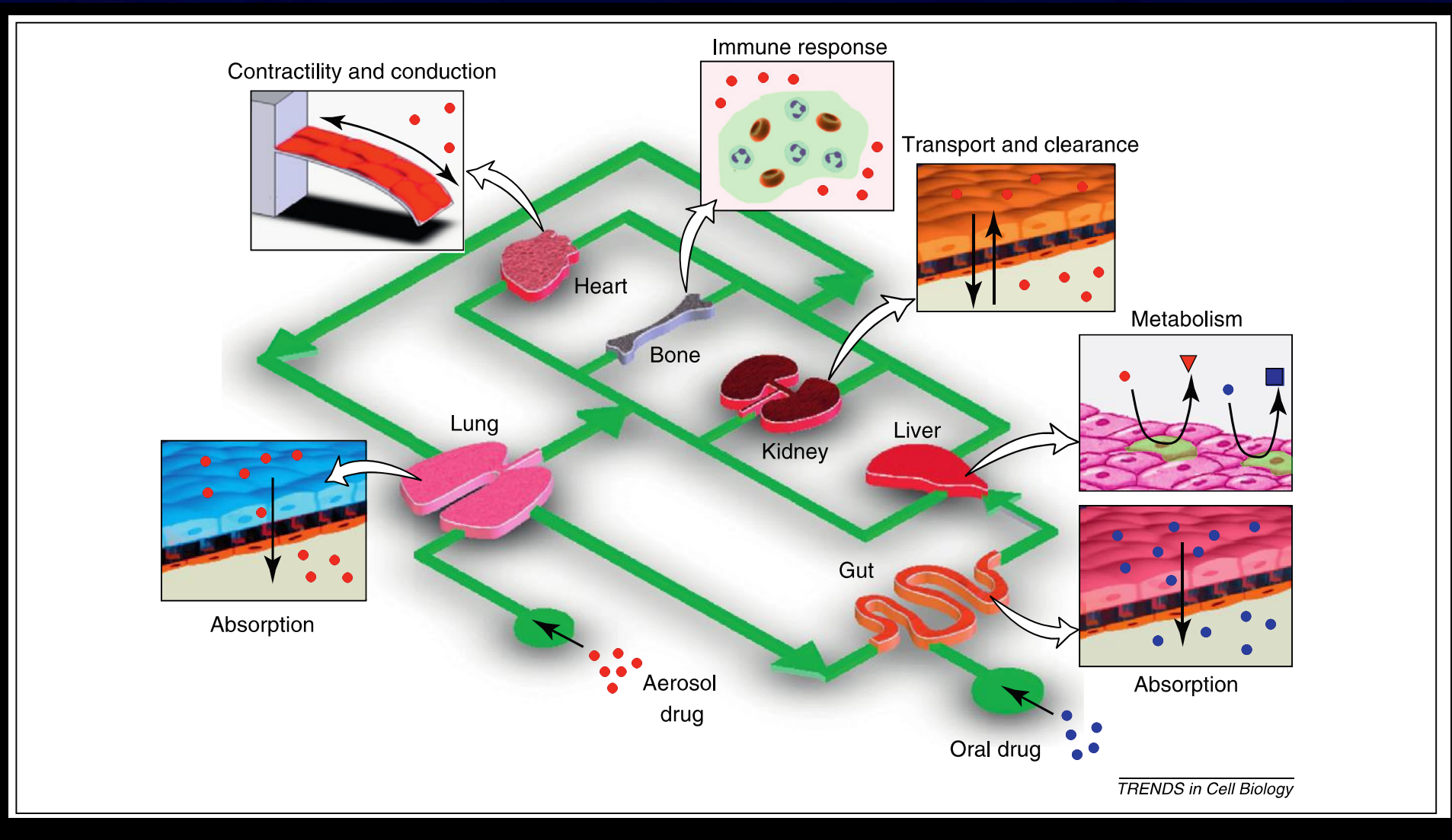
Organ Chip Technology Pipeline

- **Ongoing projects**

- Lung Alveolus
- Lung Small Airway
- Liver
- Small Intestine (duodenum, jejunum, ileum)
- Large Intestine
- Kidney Proximal Tubule
- Kidney Glomerulus
- Bone marrow
- Skin
- Lymphoid Follicle
- Orthotopic Cancers
- Blood-Brain Barrier
- Esophagus
- Vagina
- Cervix
- Brain Neurons (*Kit Parker*)
- Heart (*Kit Parker*)
- Skeletal Muscle (*Kit Parker*)
-

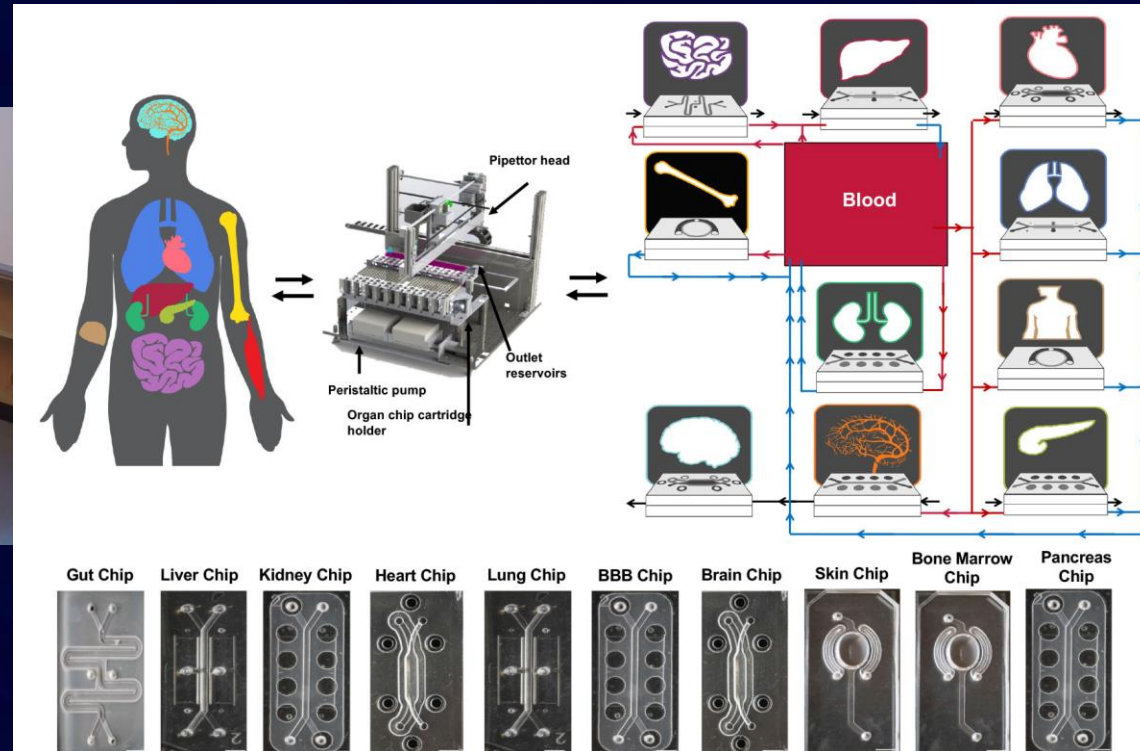
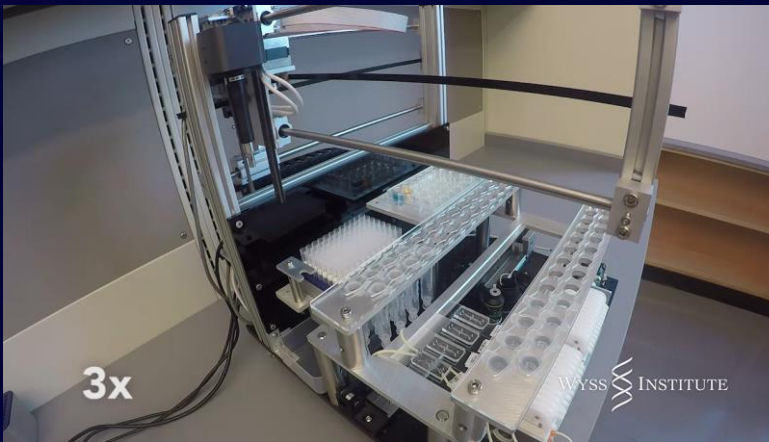


Integrated Human Body-on-Chips



Automated Coupling of up to 10 Organs for 4 Weeks

(Novak et al., *Nature Biomed. Engin.* 2020)

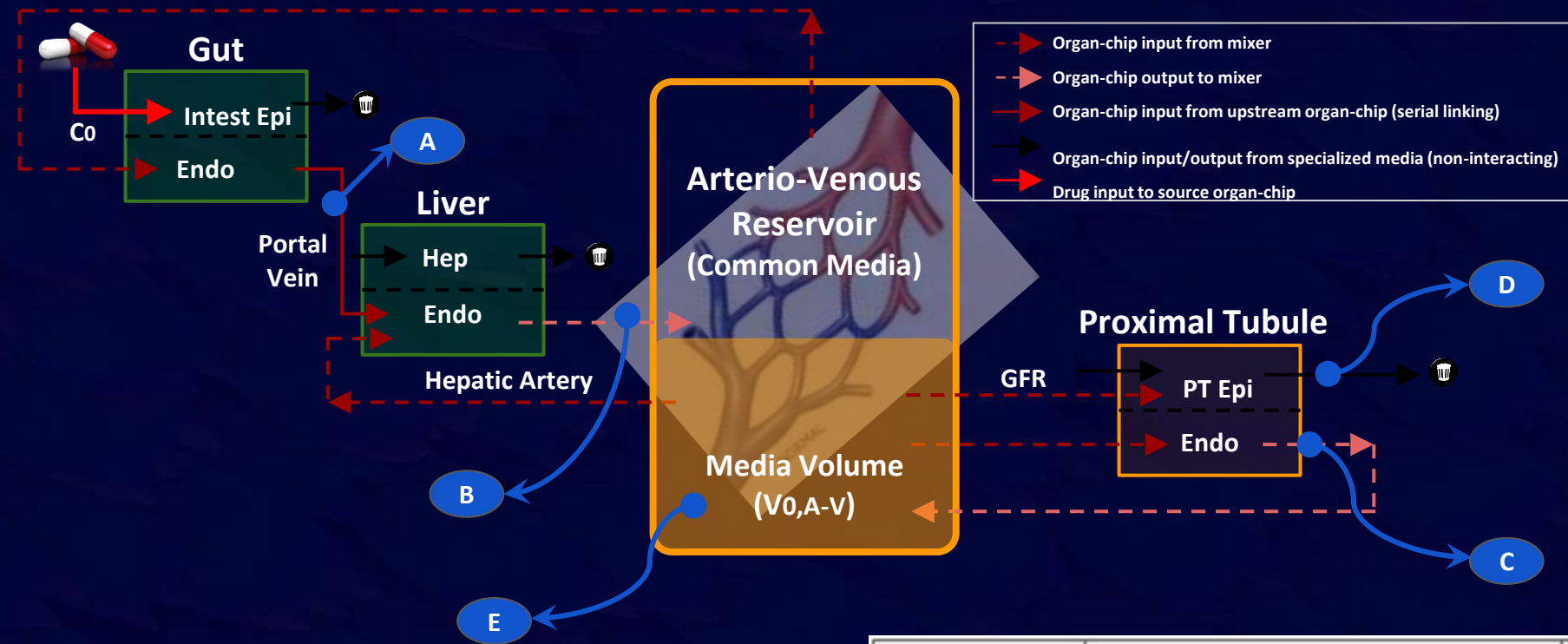


Use of Common "Blood Substitute" medium is possible due to Endothelium-lined Vascular Channels

Kit Parker lab

Kit Parker lab

In Vitro-to-In Vivo Translation of PK Parameters



Organ-Chip	PK Metrics	Sampling Location
Gut	Drug absorption (F_a) Apparent permeability (P_{app})	A
Liver	Drug metabolism (CL_{int})	B
Proximal Tubule	Secretion & Reabsorption	C
Kidney	Renal clearance (CL_R)	D



Organ-Chip	PK Metrics	Sampling Location
AV Reservoir	Maximum (or peak) plasma drug concentration (C_{max})	E
AV Reservoir	Half-life ($t_{1/2}$)	E

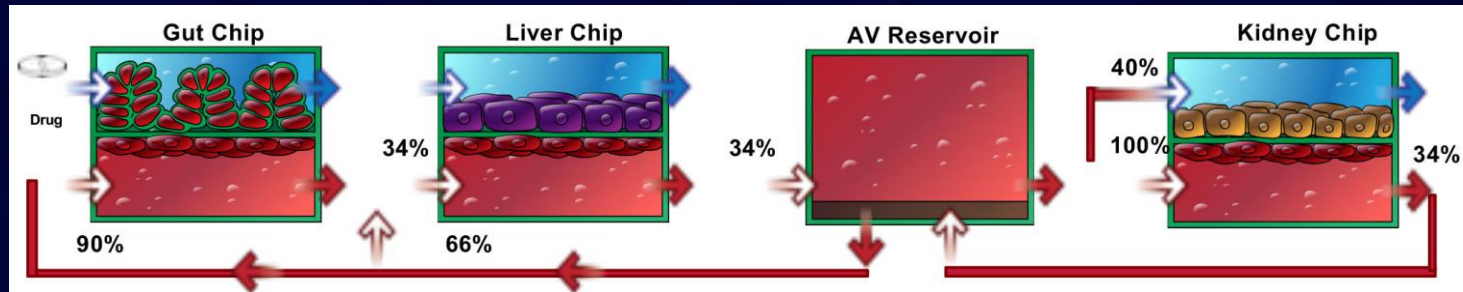
(PRANTIL-BAUN et al., *Ann. Rev. Pharm. Toxic.* 2018)

In Vitro-to-In Vivo Translation of PK Parameters

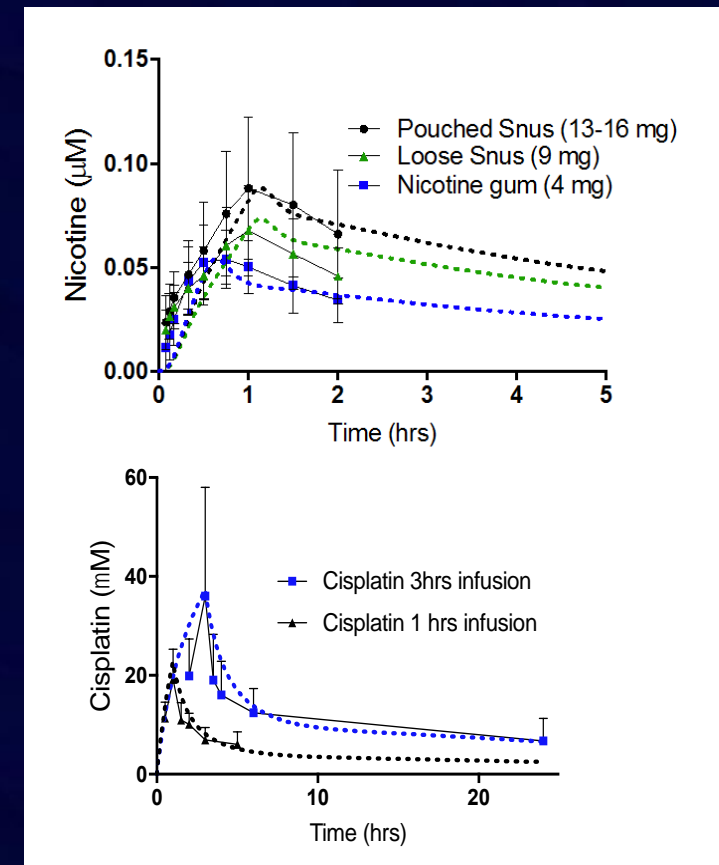
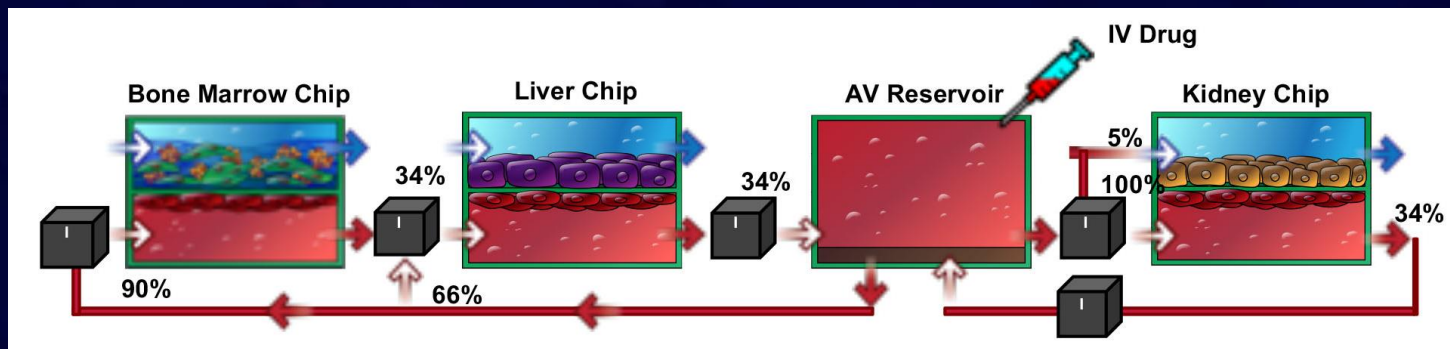
(ANNA HERLAND et al., *Nature Biomed. Engin.* 2020)

Human Body Chip Model QUANTITATIVELY PREDICTS CLINICAL PK DATA for 2 different drugs

Oral NICOTINE



Intravenous CISPLATIN



Summary

Our 2-channel Organ Chips CAN:

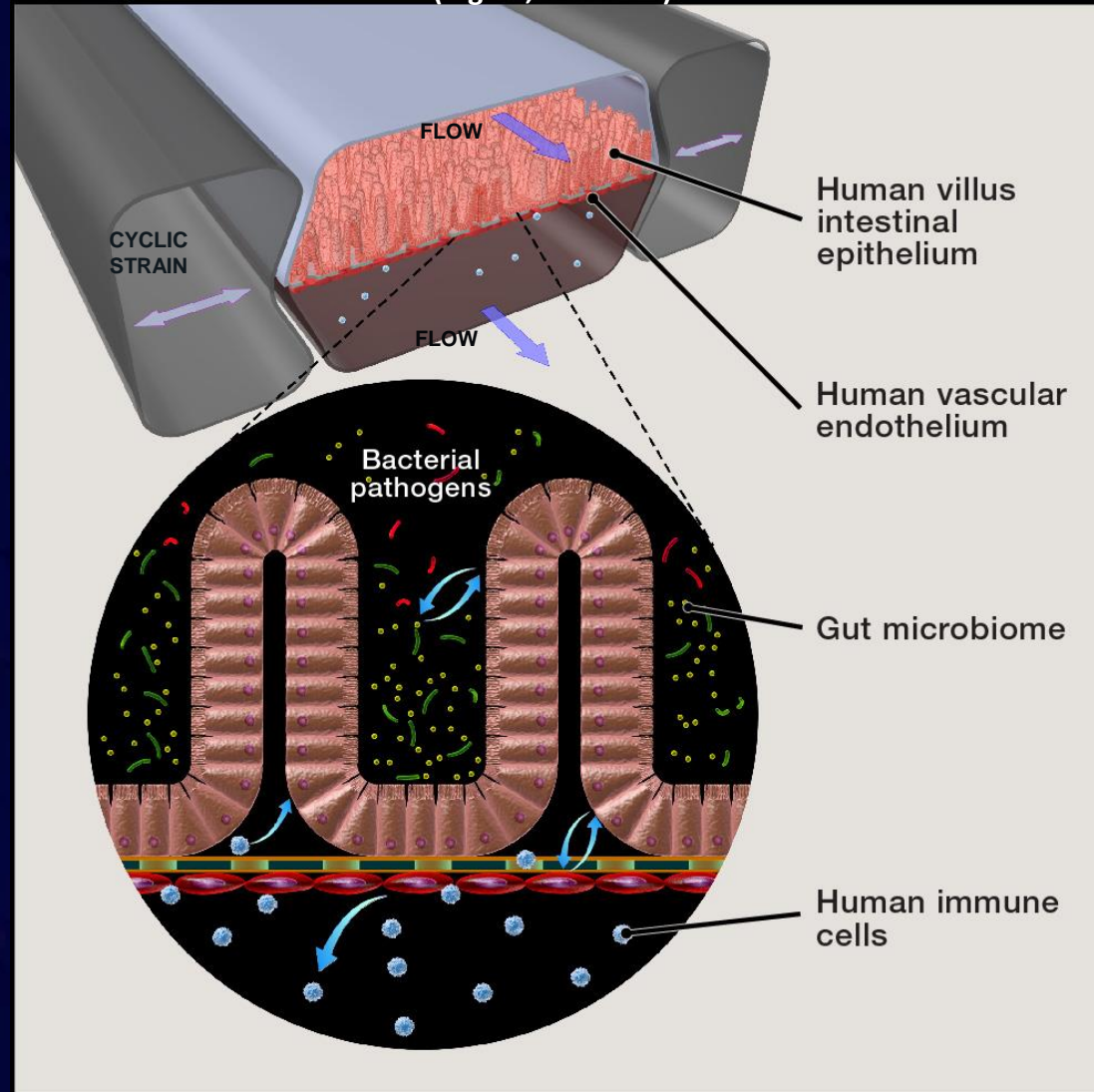
- faithfully recapitulate human pathophysiology
- mimic human responses to drugs & radiation
using clinically relevant dose exposures
- quantitatively predict human drug PK parameters



***We believe that these Organ Chips are now ready
to be integrated into the Drug Development Pipeline***

Tools for Reverse Engineering Human Pathophysiology

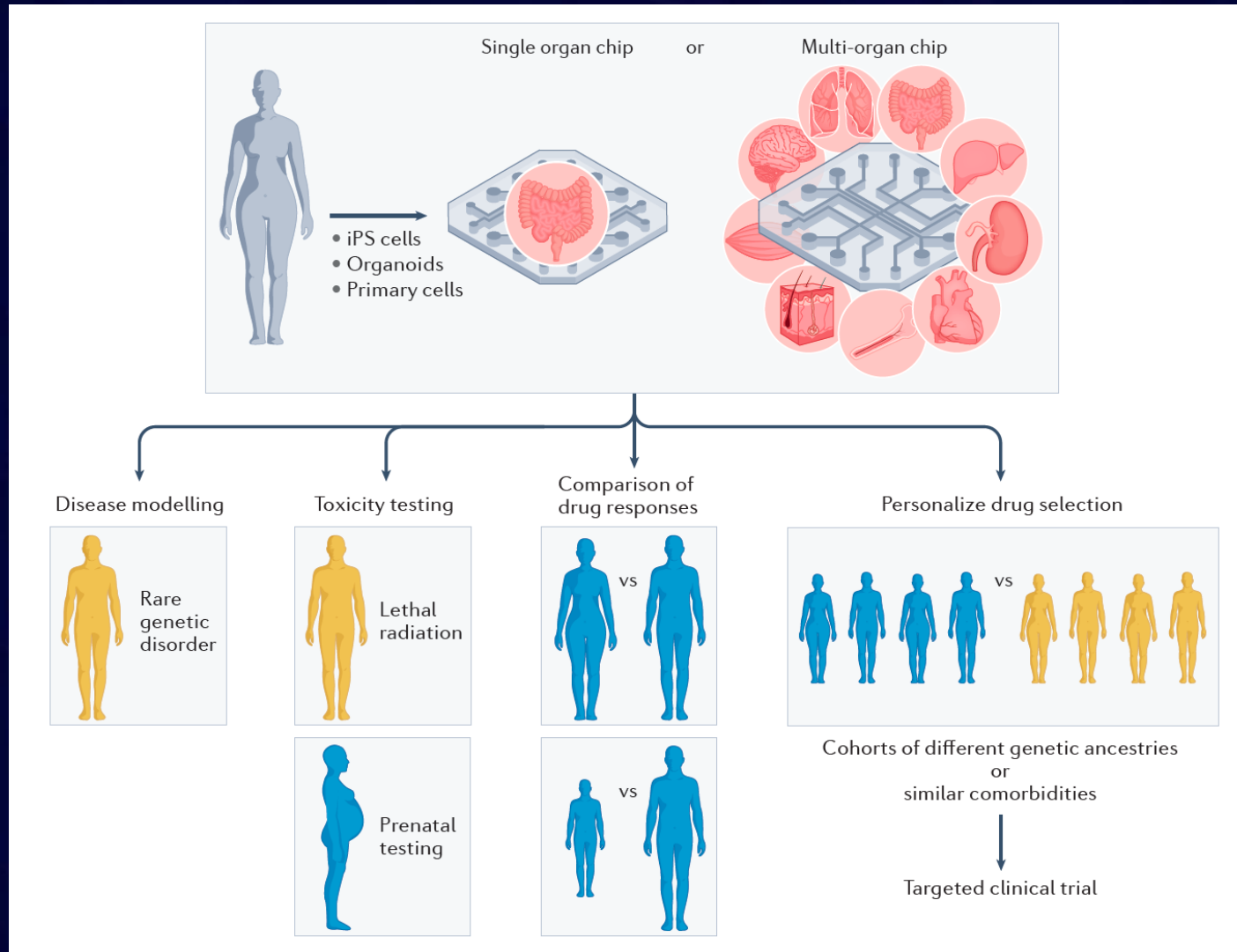
(Ingber, Cell 2016)



Insight into
Disease Mechanism
+
Drug Mechanism
of Action
+
Drug Mechanism
of Toxicity

Implications for Personalized Medicine

(Ingber, *Nature Rev. Gen.* 2022)



Personalized Clinical Trials



FDA Modernization Act Passed by U.S. Congress

117TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 5002

To allow for alternatives to animal testing for purposes of drug and biological product applications.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 29, 2022

Mr. PAUL (for himself, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. BRAUN, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. MARSHALL, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. KING, Mr. PADILLA, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. TUBERON, and Mr. WELLS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice, considered, read the third time, and passed

A BILL

To allow for alternatives to animal testing for purposes of drug and biological product applications.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “FDA Modernization Act 2.0”.

SEC. 2. ALTERNATIVES TO ANIMAL TESTING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act ([21 U.S.C. 355](#)) is amended—

(1) in subsection (i)—

(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “preclinical tests (including tests on animals)” and inserting

(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking “animal” and inserting “nonclinical tests”; and

(2) after subsection (y), by inserting the following:

“(z) NONCLINICAL TEST DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘nonclinical test’ means a test or a non-human in vivo test that occurs before or during the clinical trial phase of the investigation of the drug or biological product, or non-animal or human biology-based test methods, such as cell-based assays, microphysiology, or other methods.”

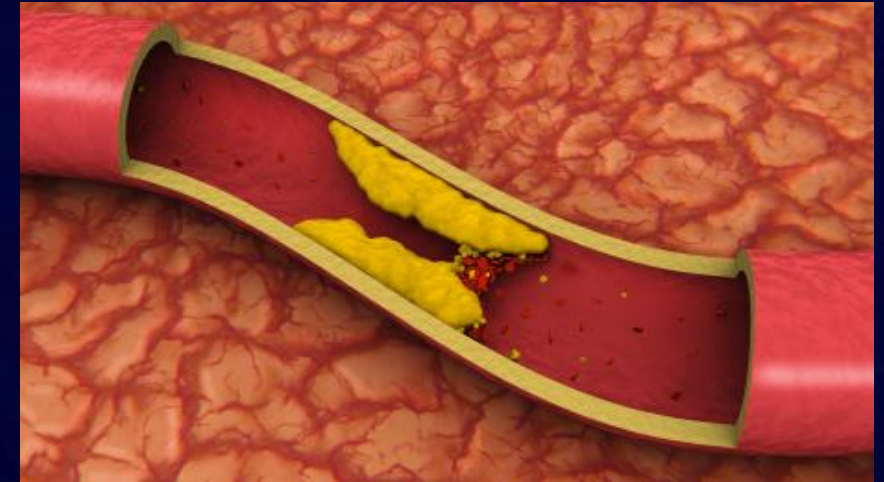
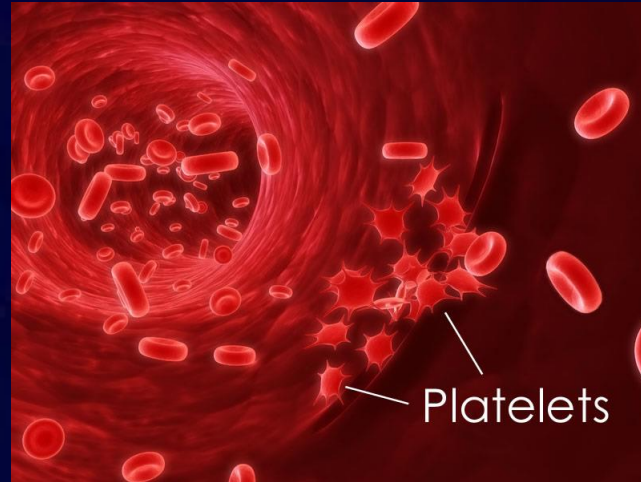
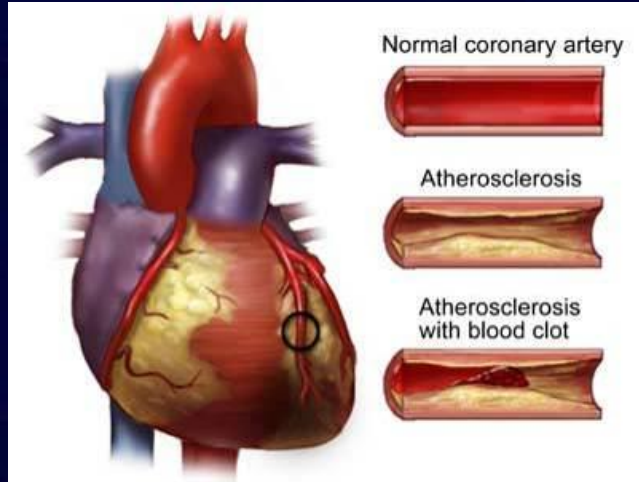
(b) BIOSIMILAR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT APPLICATIONS.—Item (bb) of section 262(k)(2)(A)(i)(I) is amended to read as follows:



CHALLENGE 2:

*Can we develop ways to target drugs
only to sites where they are needed?*

Vascular Occlusion is Leading Cause of Death



Platelets 'Activated'
by Shear Stress



- Heart Attack
- Stroke
- Pulmonary Embolism
- Atherosclerosis
- Coronary Spasm
- Intimal Hyperplasia (Stent clogging)
- Pulmonary Vascular Disease
- ...

Shear-Targeted Drug Delivery

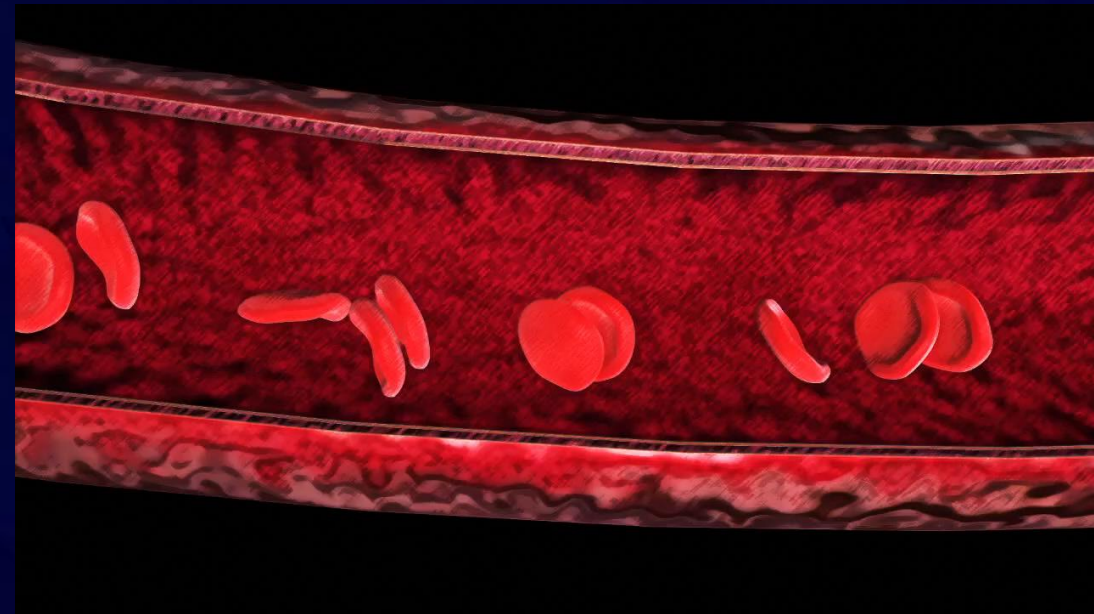
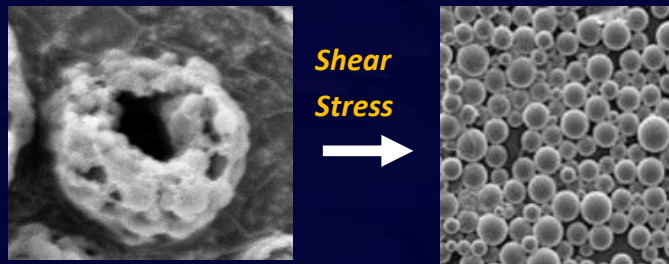
(Korin et al., *Science* 2012)

Vascular Blockage-Targeted Drug Delivery

Shear-induced platelet activation



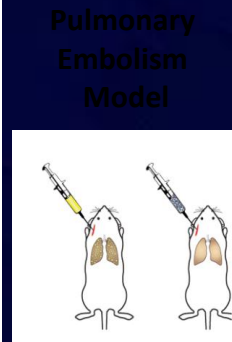
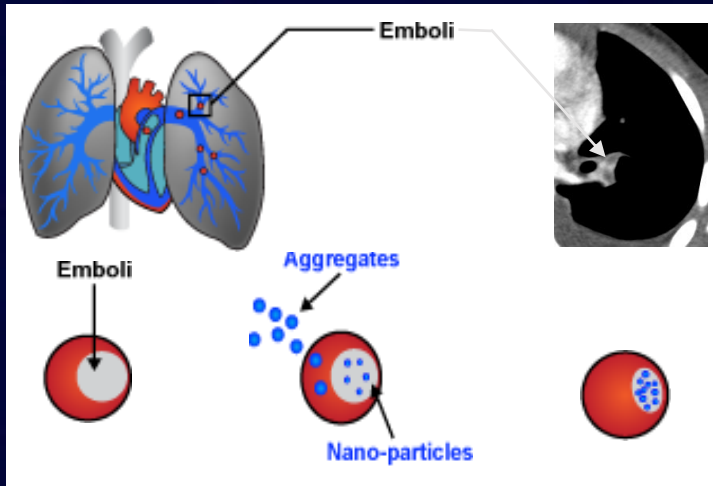
Synthetic 'Platelet Mimetics'



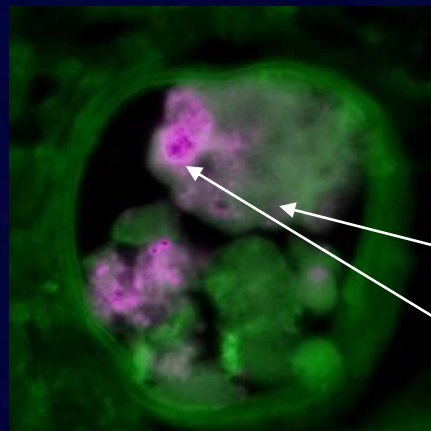
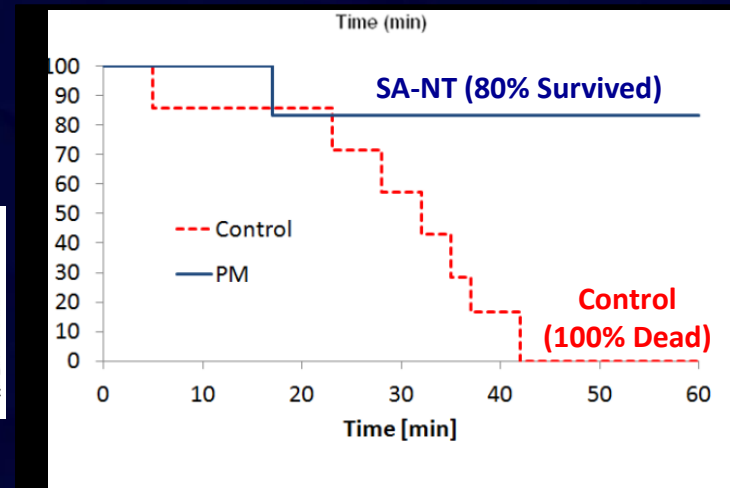
Therapeutic Responses in an Animal Model

(effective at 1/100th injected clinical dose of free tPA)

Targeting Pulmonary Embolism



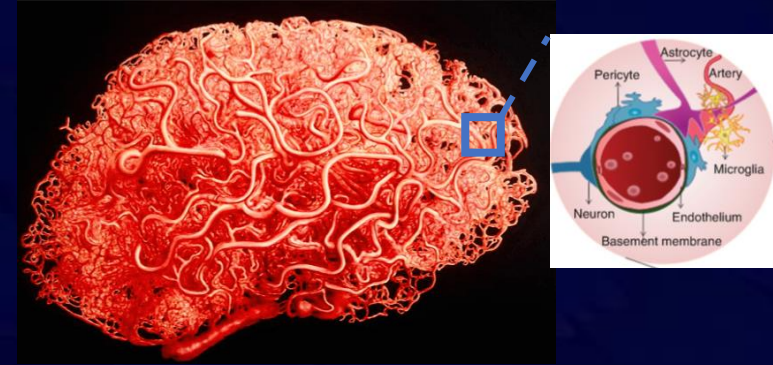
Significant Increase in Survival



CHALLENGE 3:

*Can we deliver drugs to the Brain
with great efficiency?*

Molecular Shuttles for Brain-Targeting



- Only 1 in 10,000 molecules of many drugs cross the Blood-Brain Barrier (BBB)
- Alzheimer's disease: More than 1700 clinical trials (>99.9%) have failed over the past 10 years
- Glioblastoma:

Neuro-Oncology

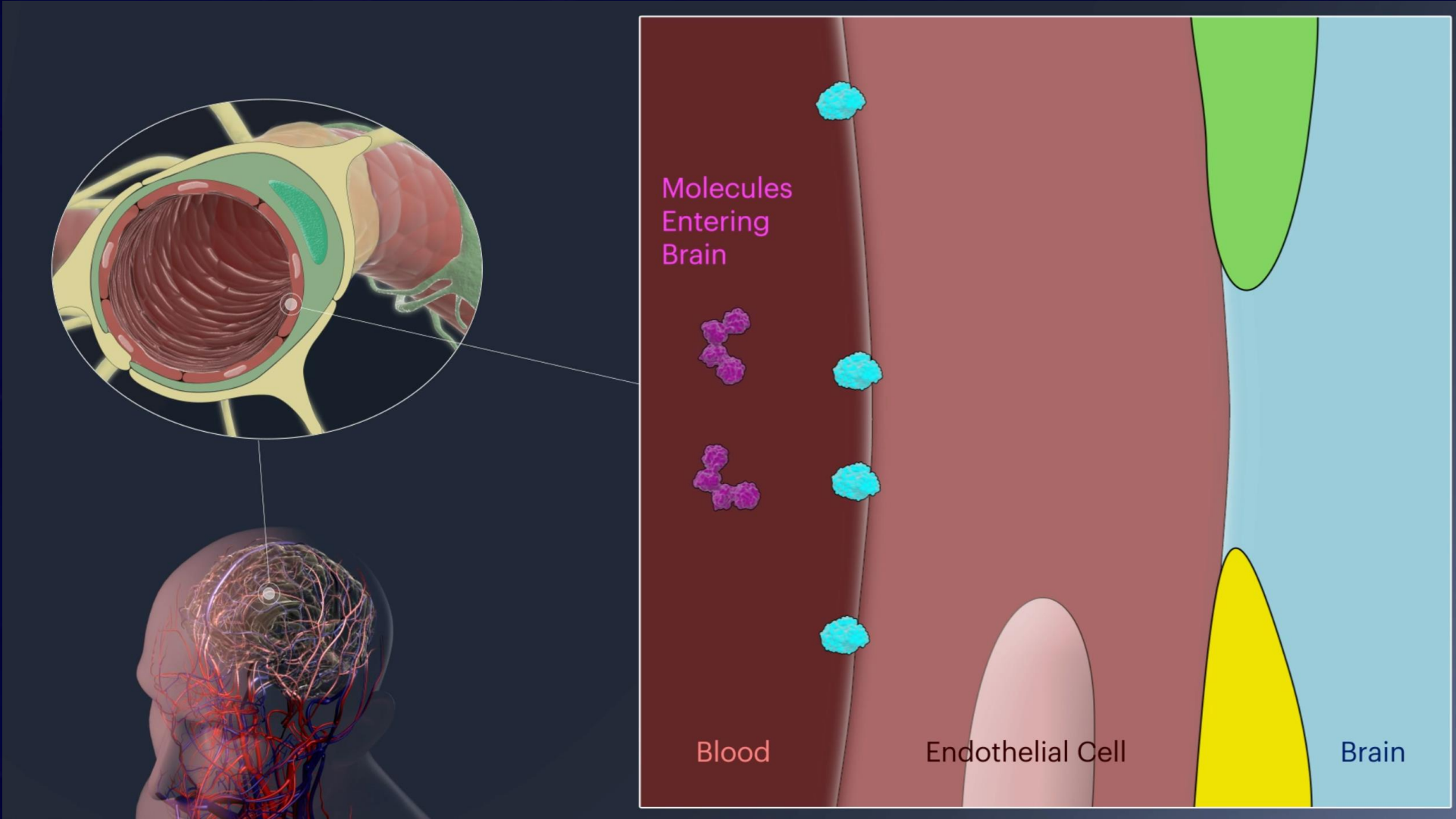
25(1), 1–3, 2023 | <https://doi.org/10.1093/neuonc/noac226> | Advance Access date 18 October 2022

Negative trials over and over again: How can we do better?

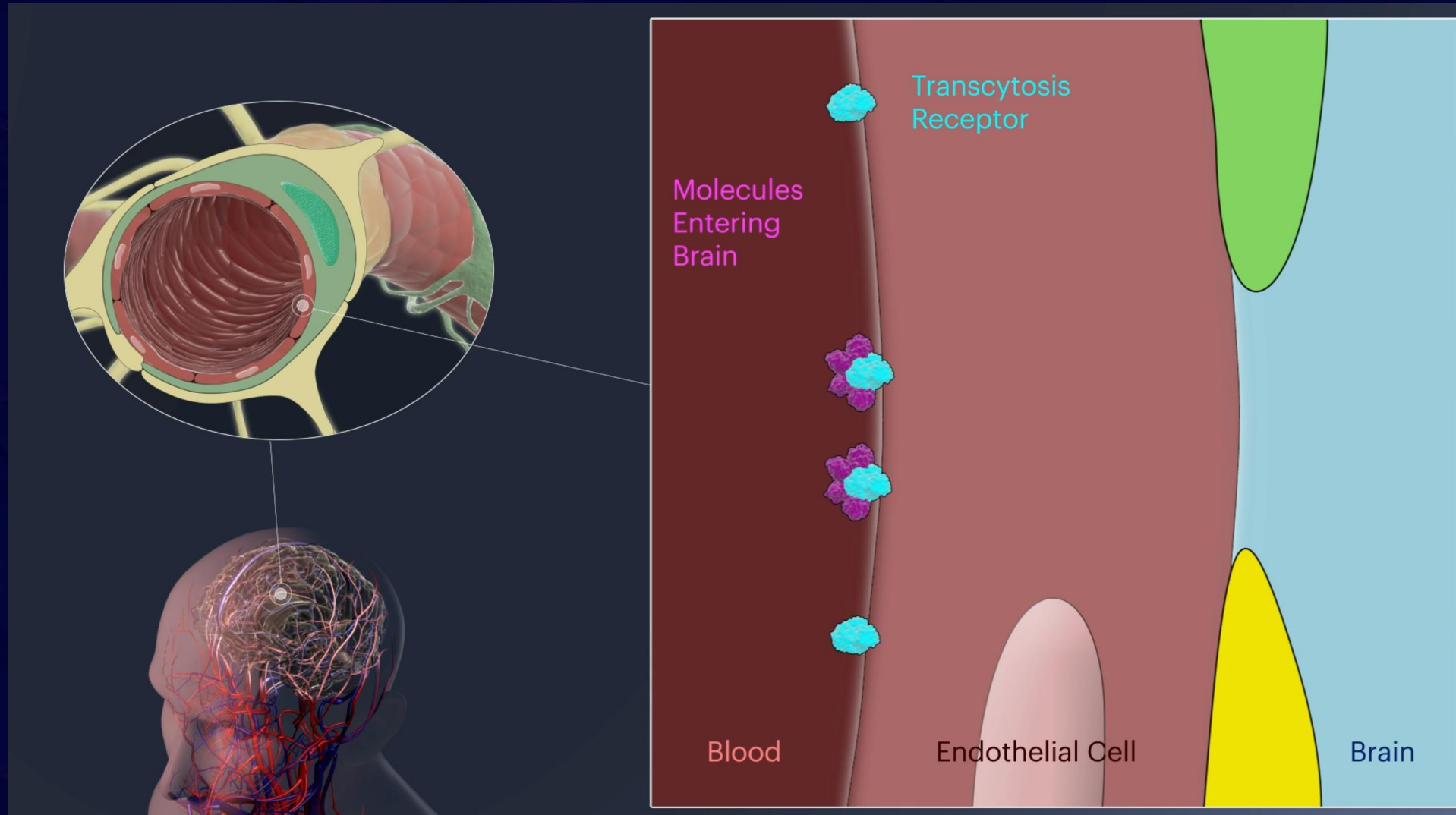
J. Ricardo McFaline-Figueroa and Patrick Y. Wen

➤ Unmet Need: **To dramatically increase the brain uptake of drugs**

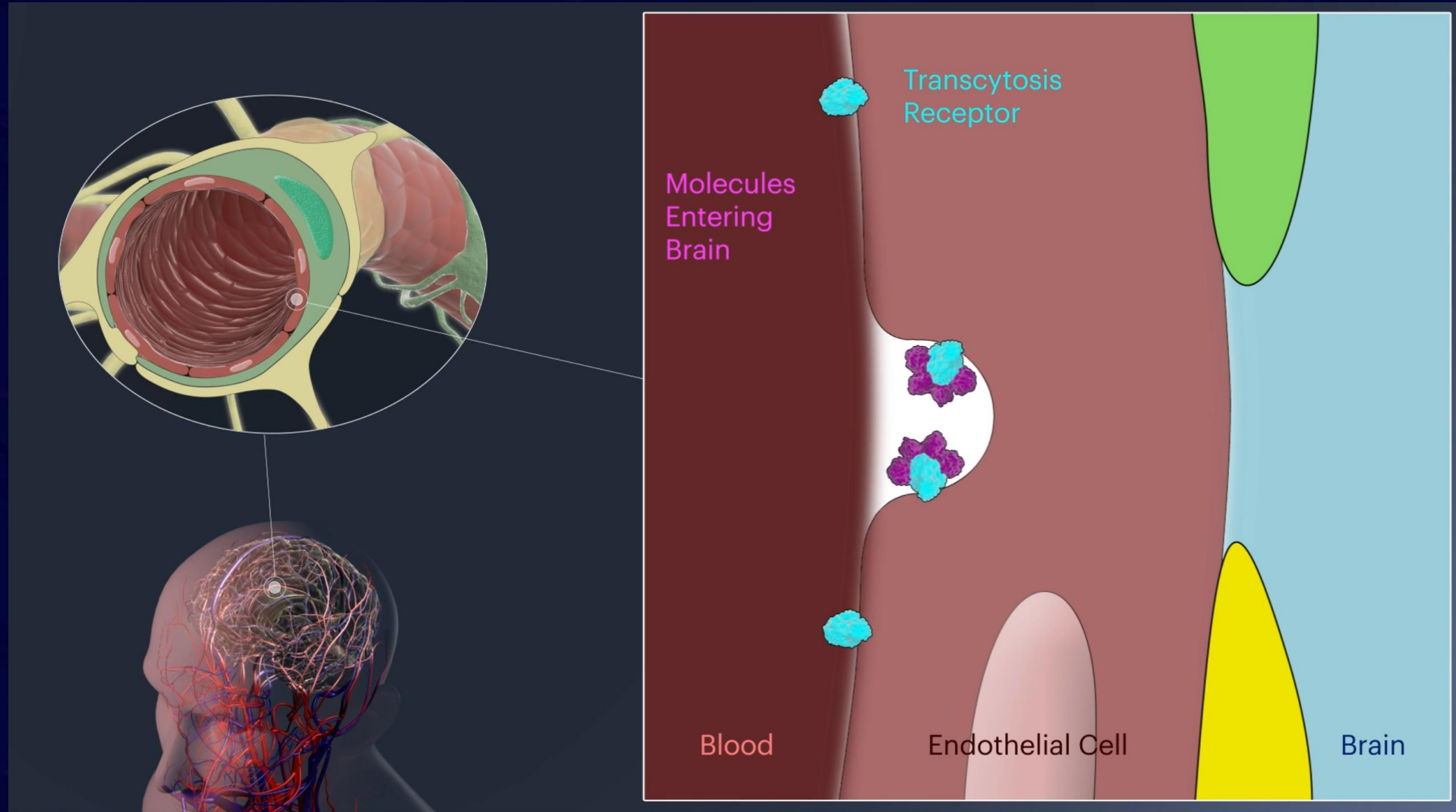
How do we evade the brain's security system? Evading the Brain's Security System



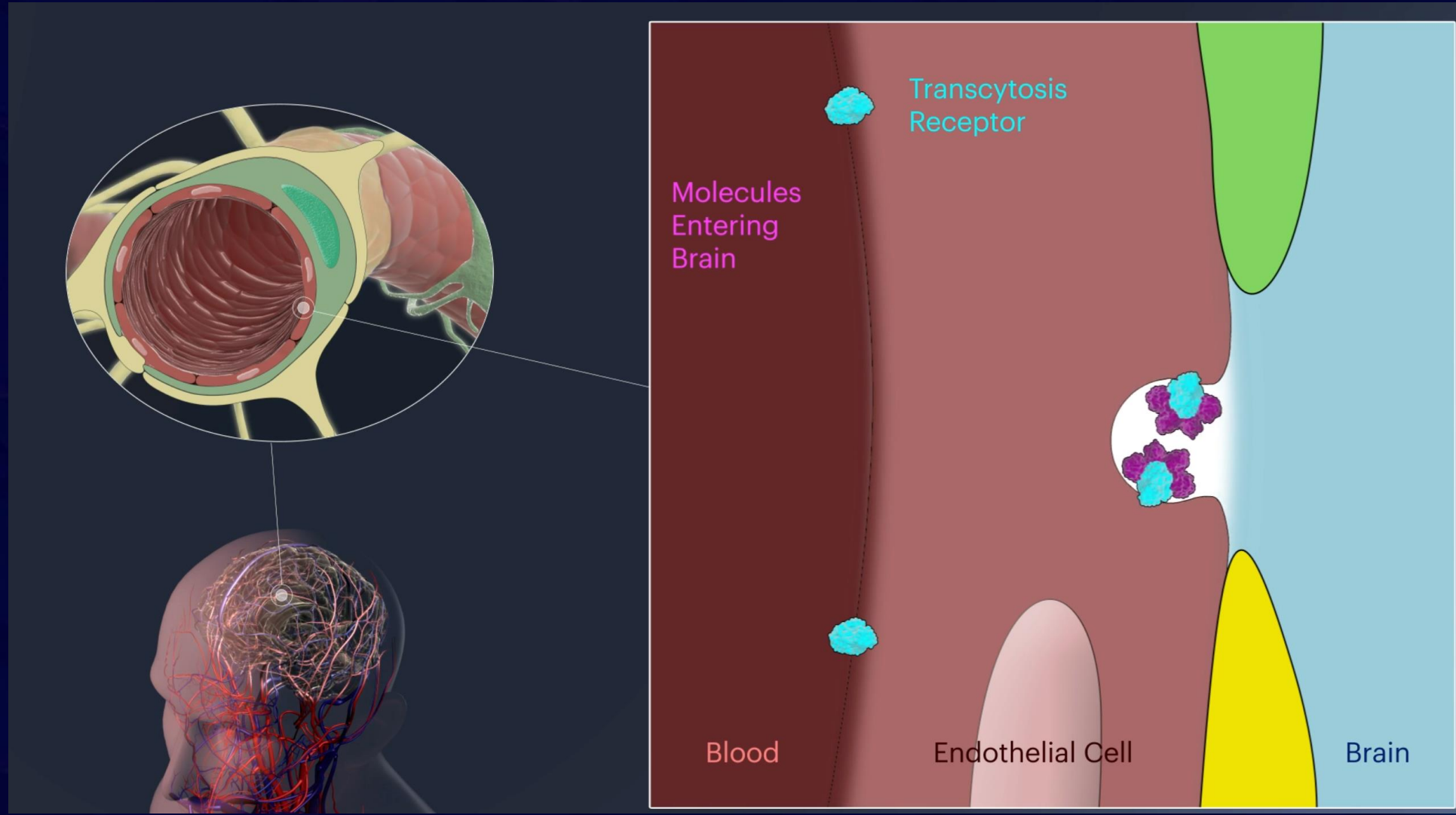
Evading the Brain's Security System



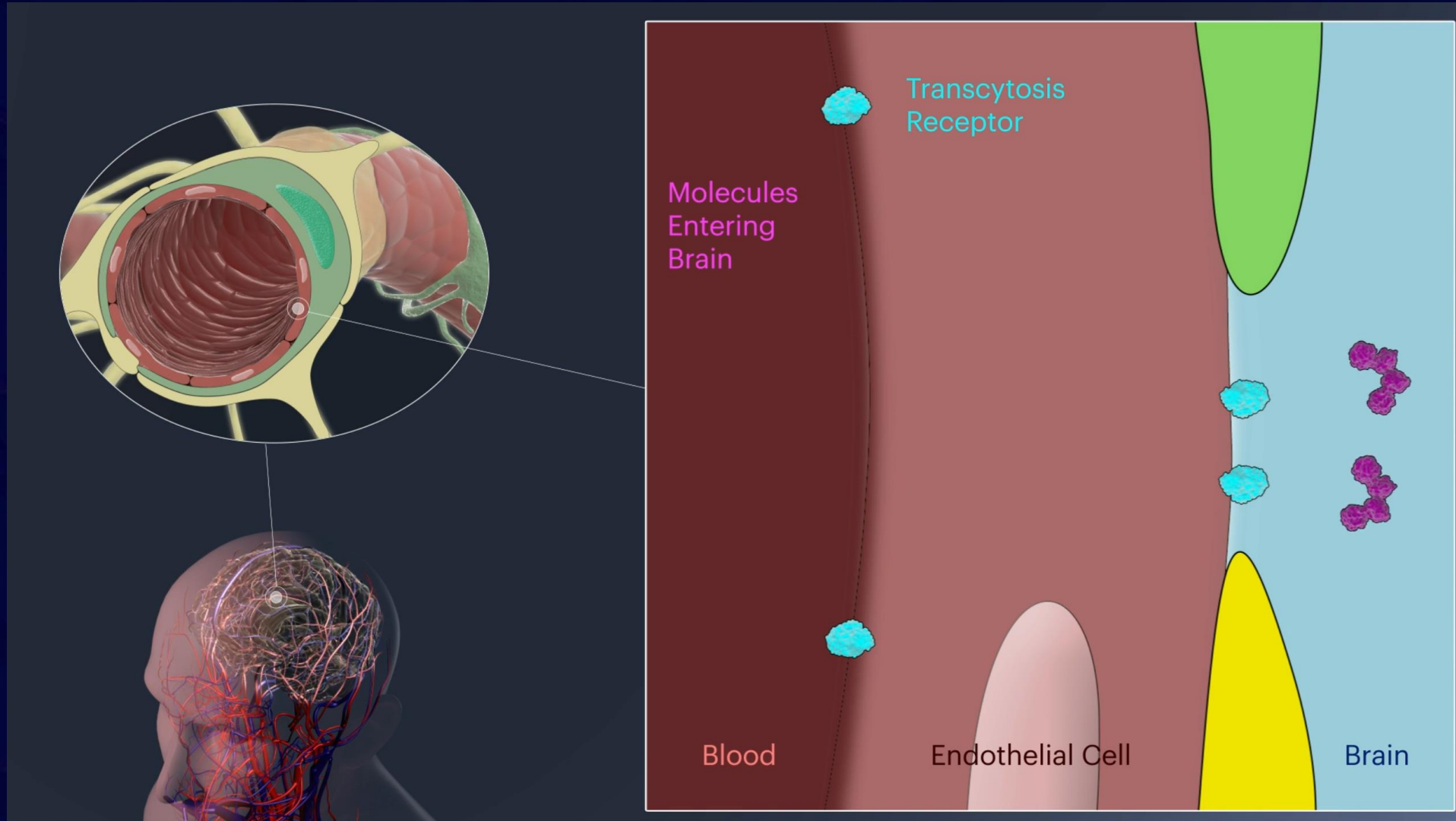
Evading the Brain's Security System



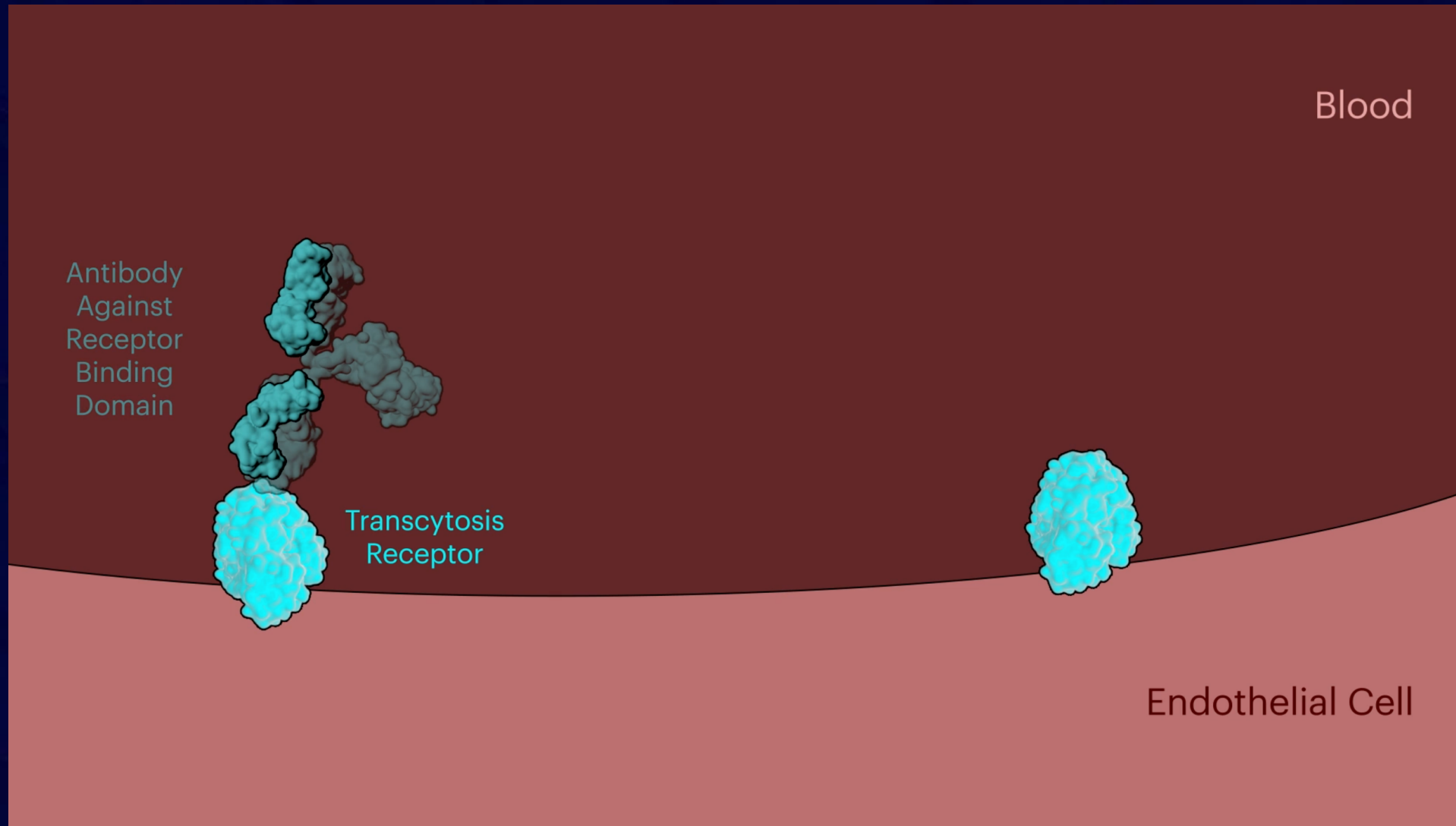
Evading the Brain's Security System



Normal BBB transport via transcytosis

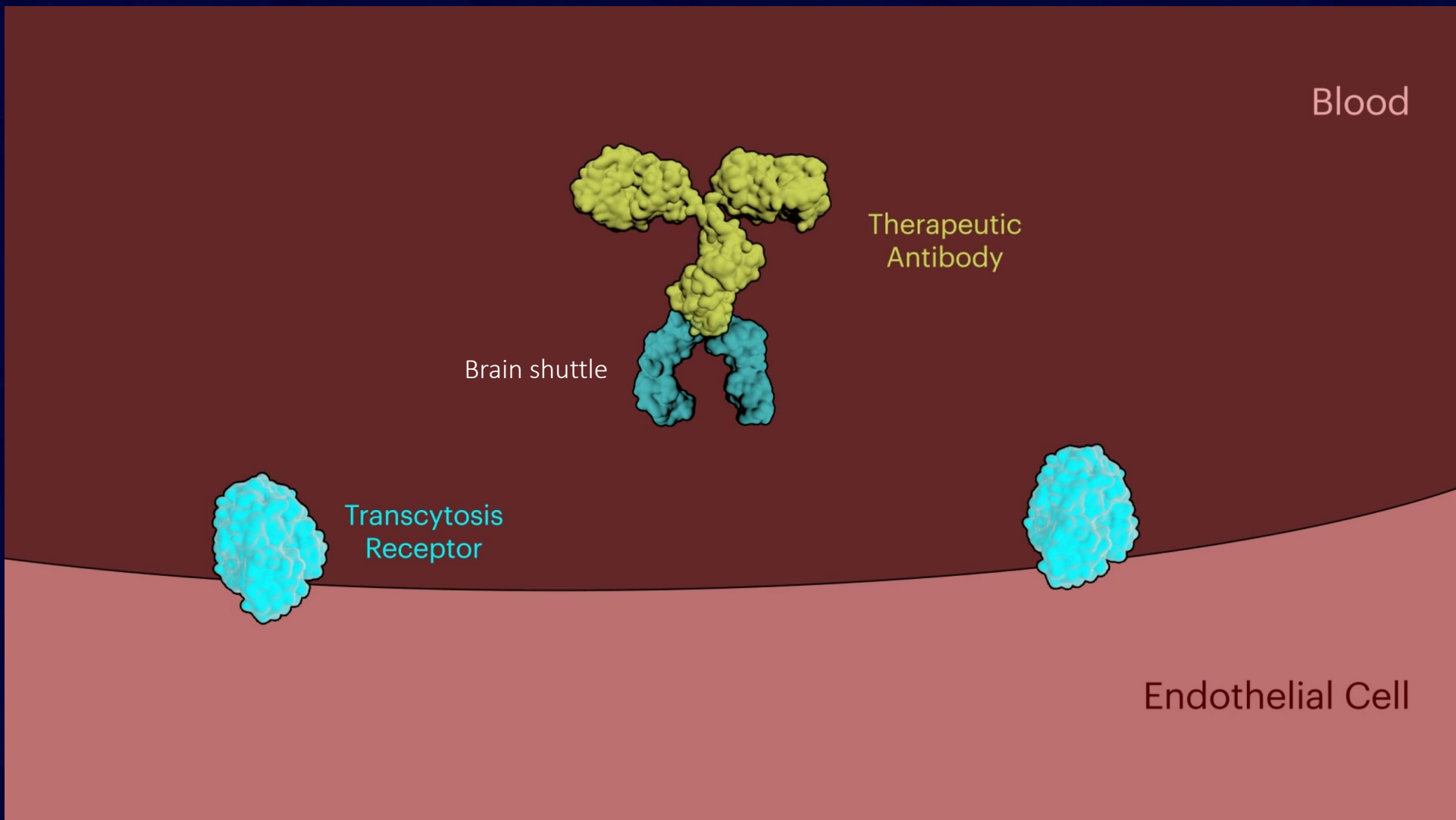


Designing Brain-Targeted Therapeutic Abs

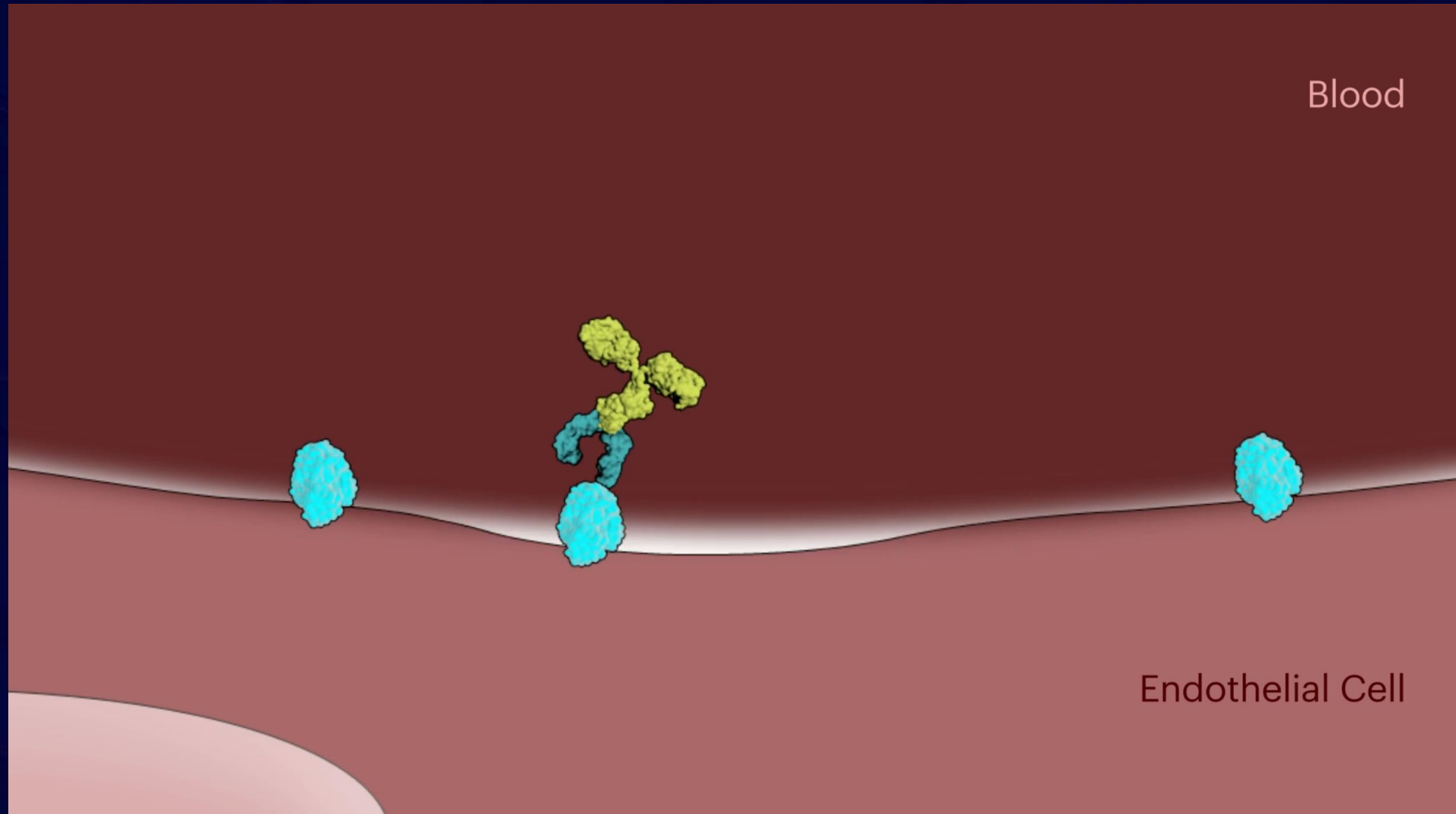


Designing brain-targeted therapeutic Abs

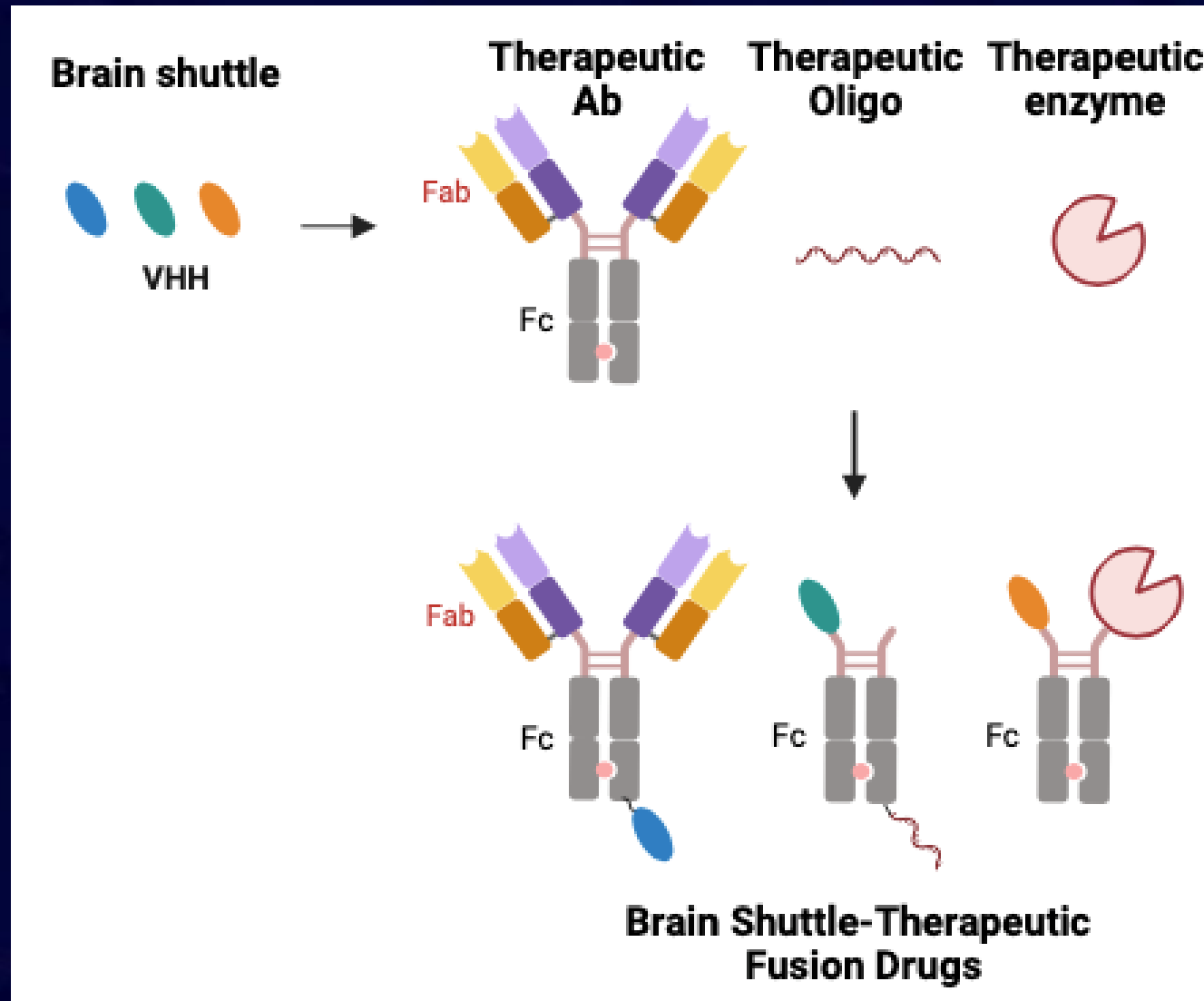
Designing Brain-Targeted Therapeutic Abs



Designing Brain-Targeted Therapeutic Abs



Ab Shuttle Platform Can Deliver Many Payloads



New Brain Target Discovery Approach

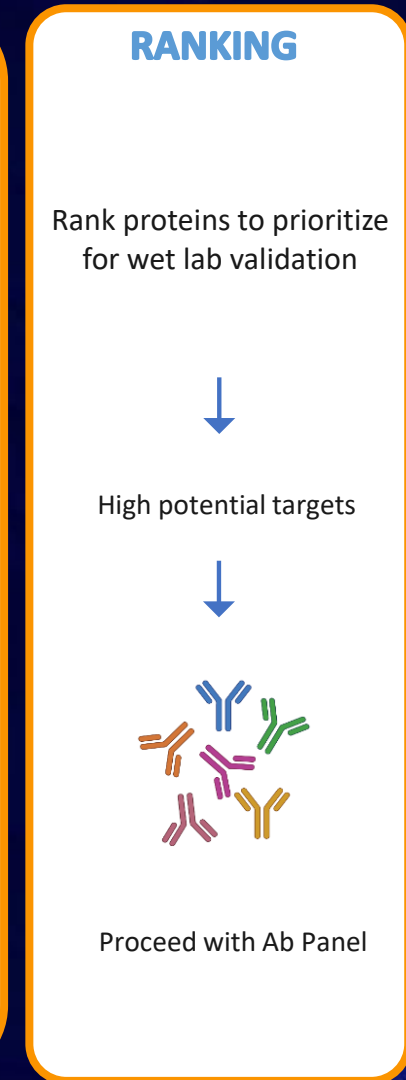
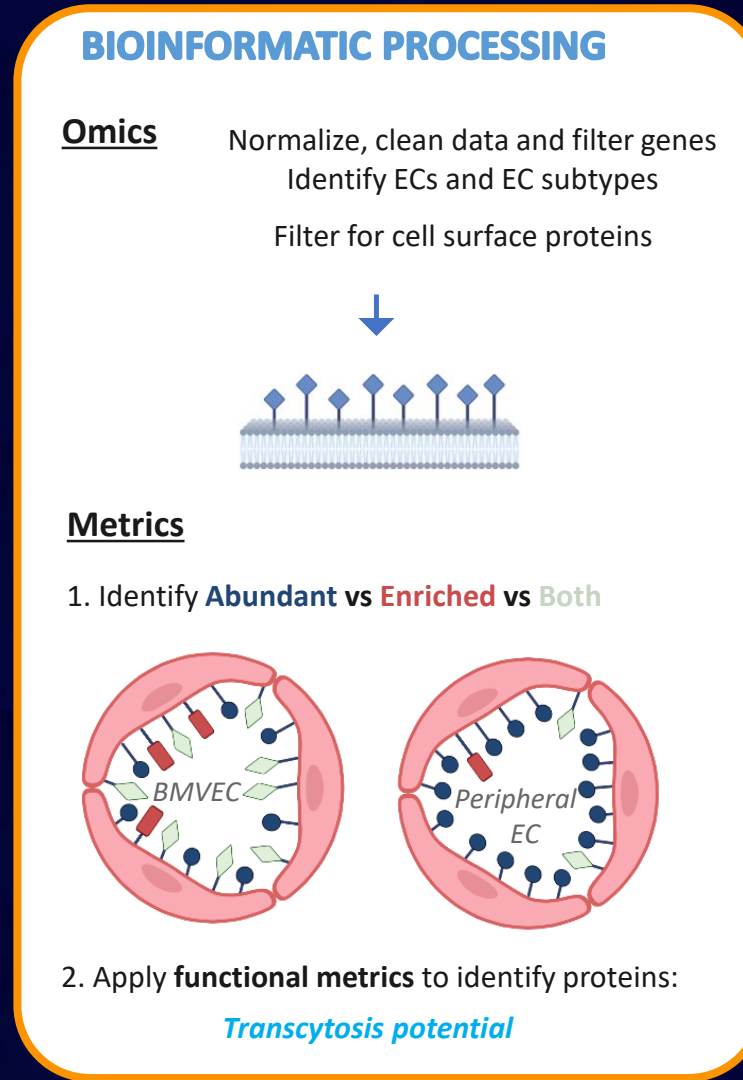
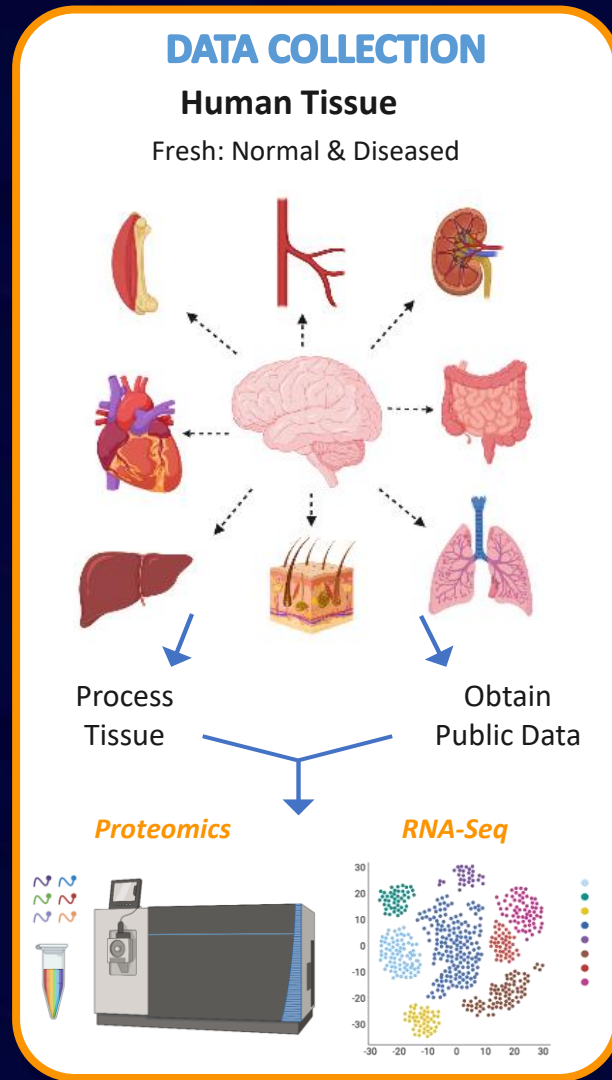
(PRE-COMPETITIVE CONSORTIUM Led by Jim Gorman, MD,PhD)

Consortium
Members:

Eli Lilly
Merck
BMS
Anylam
Lundbeck
Visterra

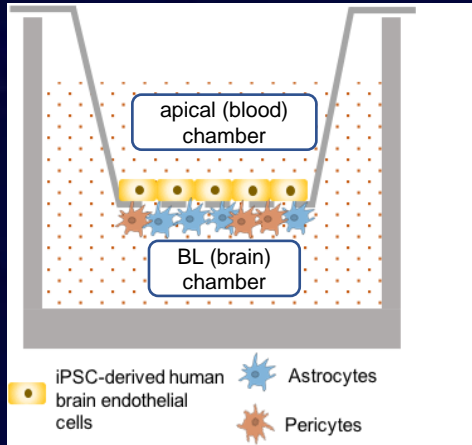
Development
Partner:

Fair Journey

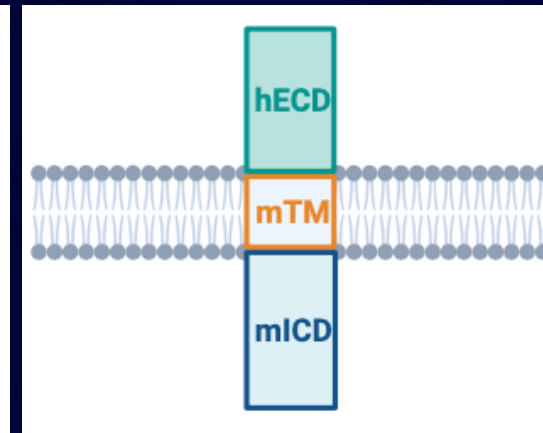
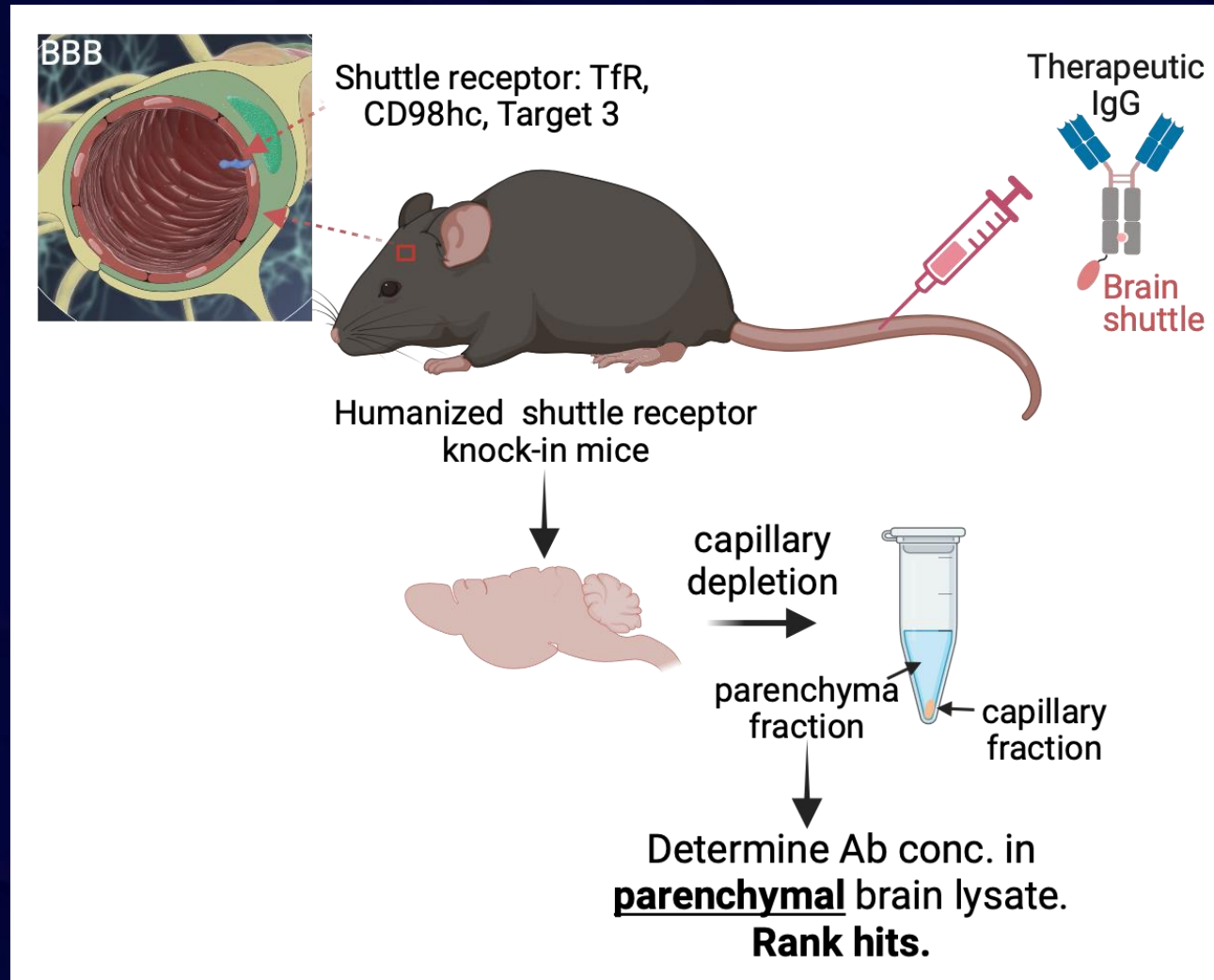


Functional Screens

In Vitro Models



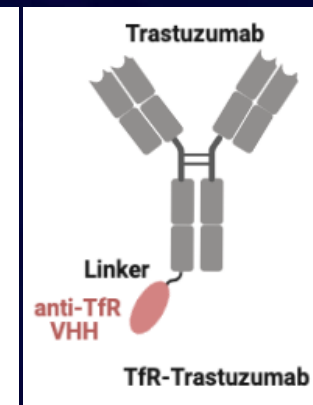
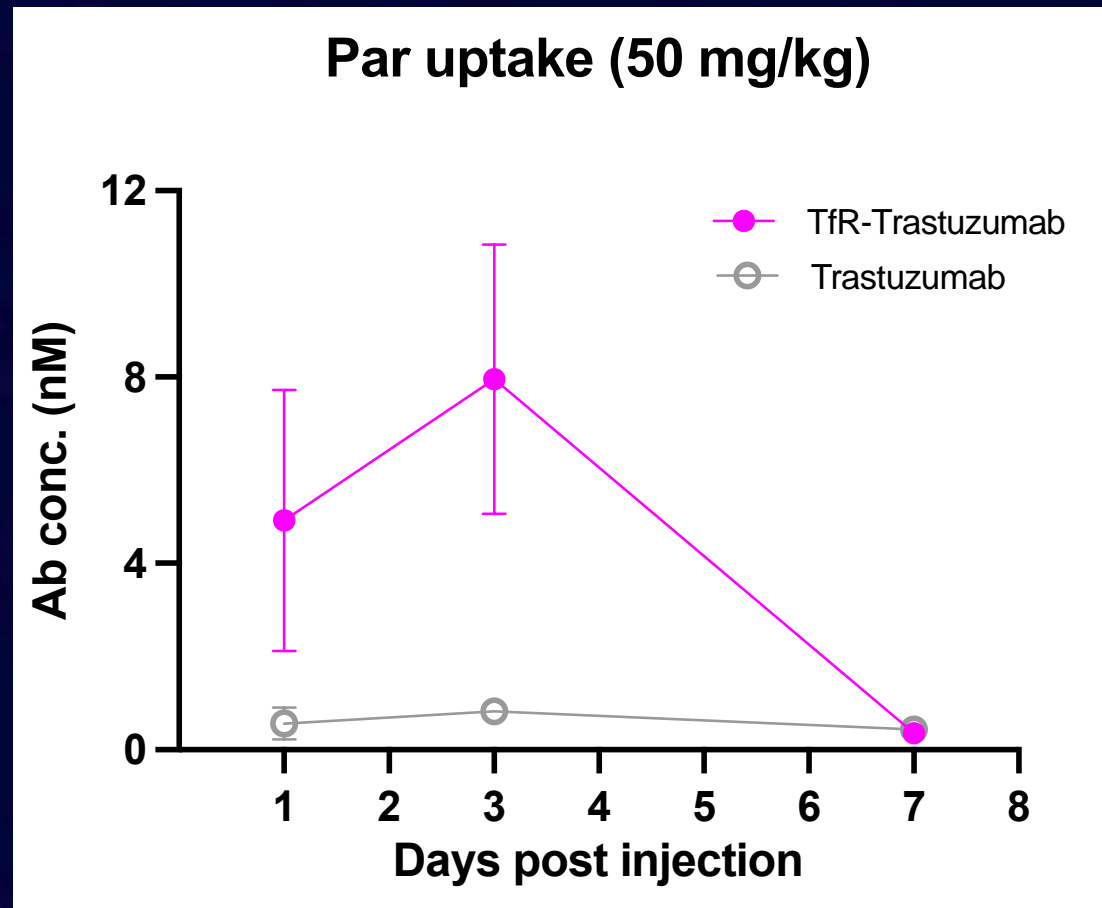
Humanized Mice



Humanized receptor

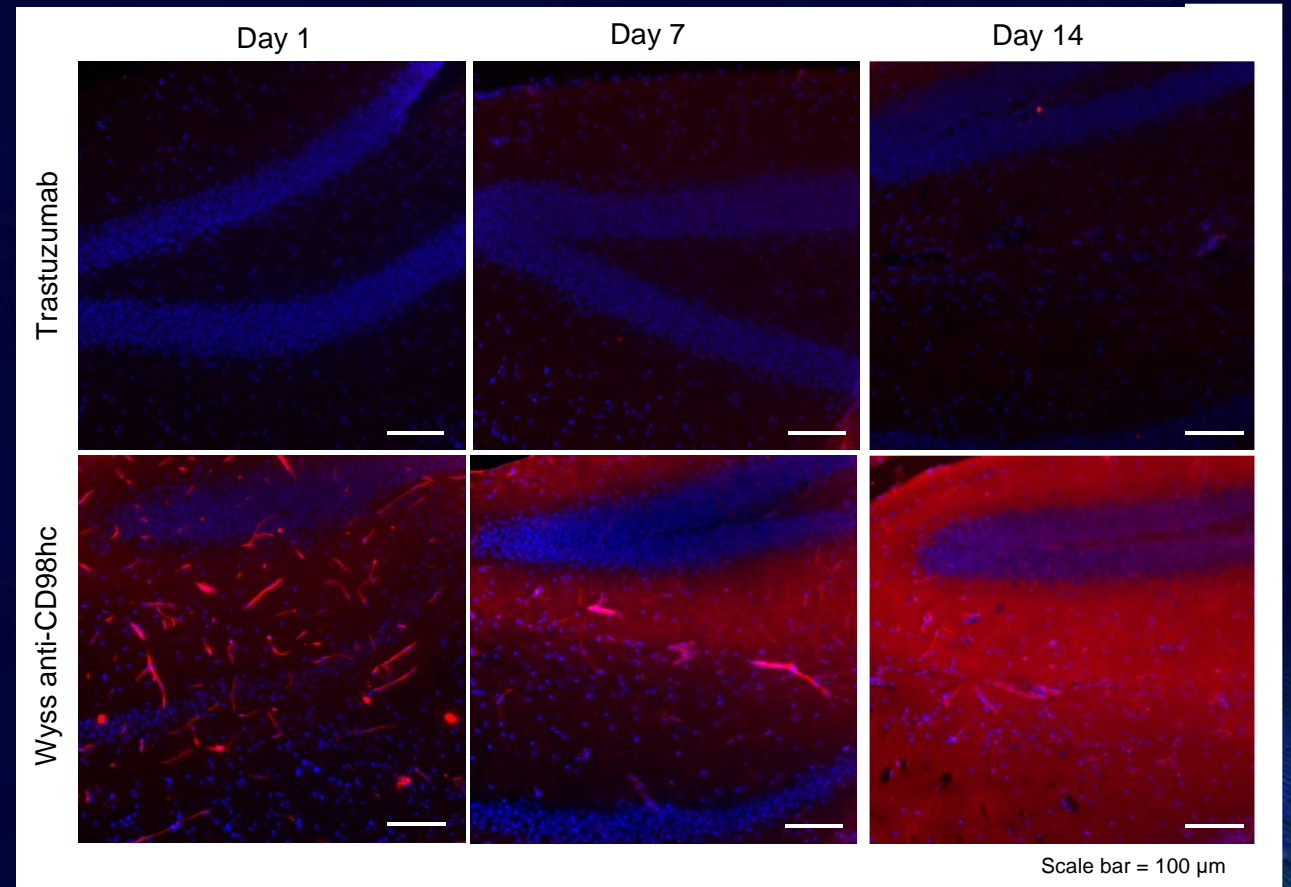
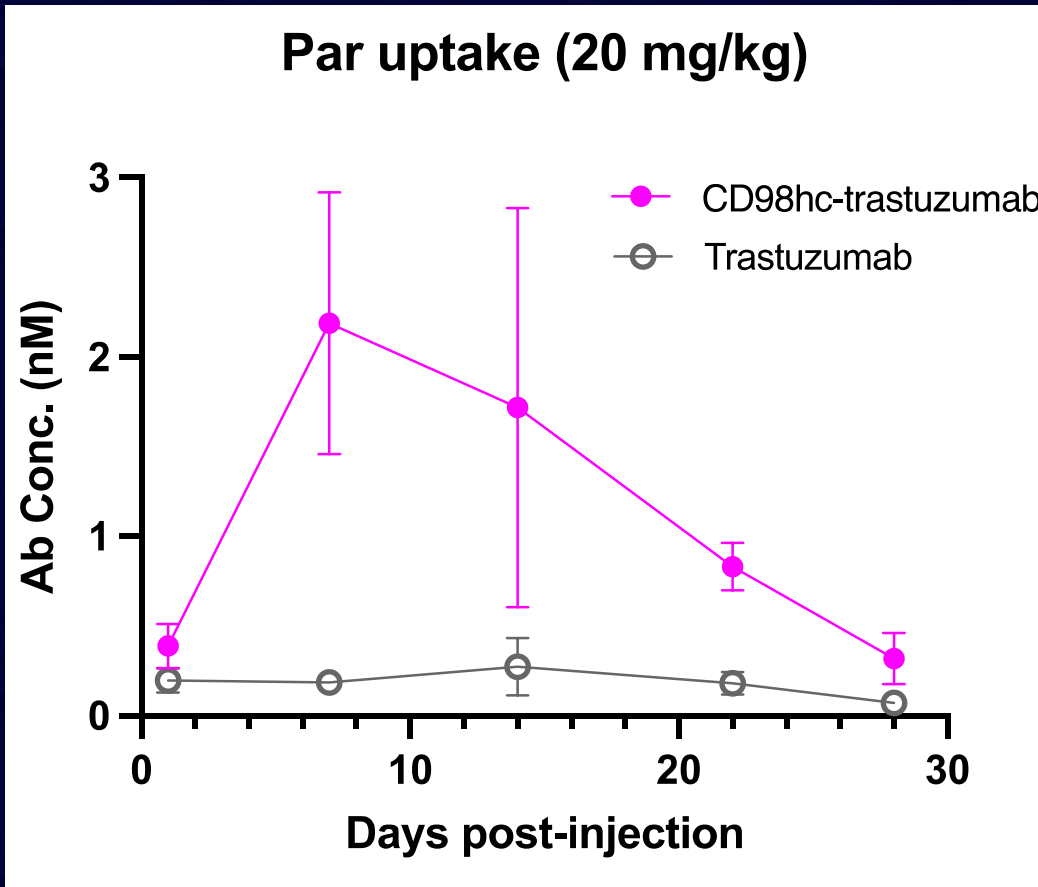
Brain PK of anti-Transferrin Receptor (TfR) shuttle

- 10-fold increased parenchymal brain uptake compared to control



Brain PK of Anti-CD98hc Shuttle

Sustained brain exposure over 4 weeks!



CHALLENGE 4:

Can we develop companion diagnostics to increase likelihood of therapeutic success?

GOAL: A Quantitative Point-of-Care Diagnostic

OPTIMAL DESIGN: Handheld Sensor



ELECTROCHEMICAL SENSORS

ADVANTAGES:

- Rapid
- Quantitative
- Miniaturized
- Highly sensitive
- Low cost

PROBLEM:

- Biofouling
- Multiplexing

GOAL: A Quantitative Point-of-Care Diagnostic

OPTIMAL DESIGN: Handheld Sensor



ELECTROCHEMICAL SENSORS

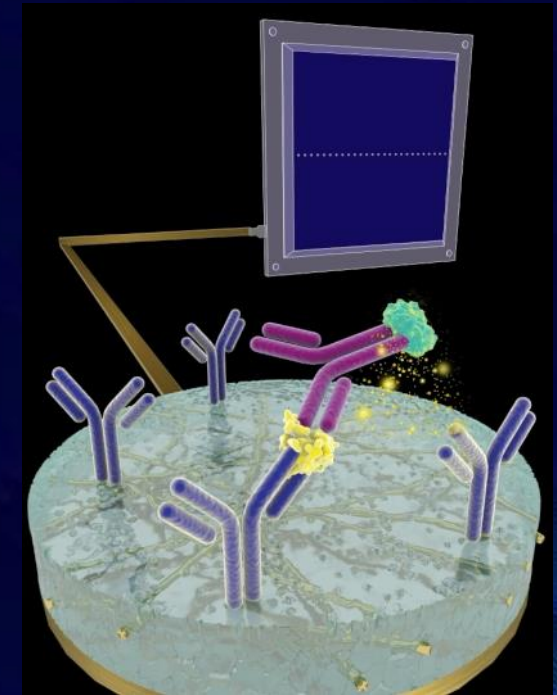
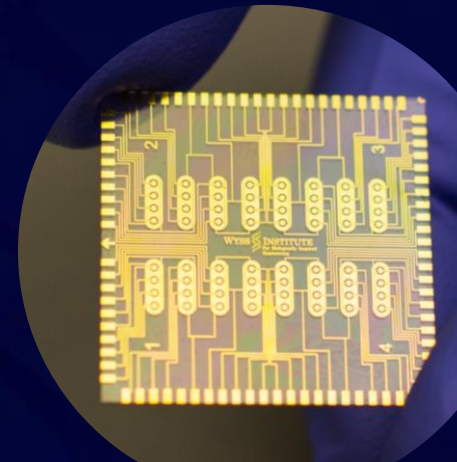
ADVANTAGES:

- Rapid
- Quantitative
- Miniaturized
- Highly sensitive
- Low cost

PROBLEM:

- Biofouling
- Multiplexing

SOLUTION: eRAPID Technology

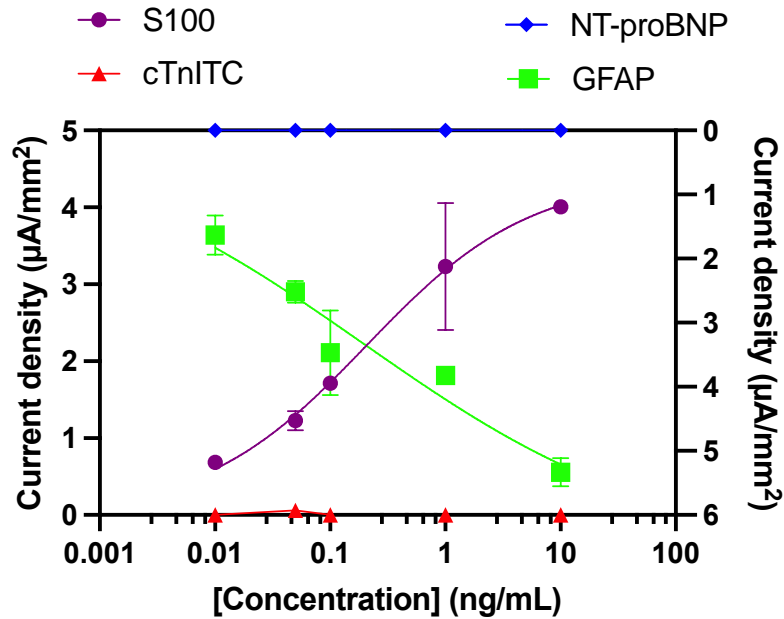


Detection of Potential Biomarkers for Heart Attack & Concussion

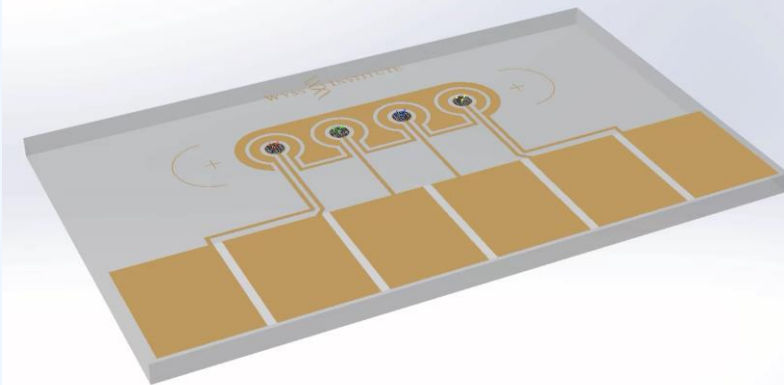
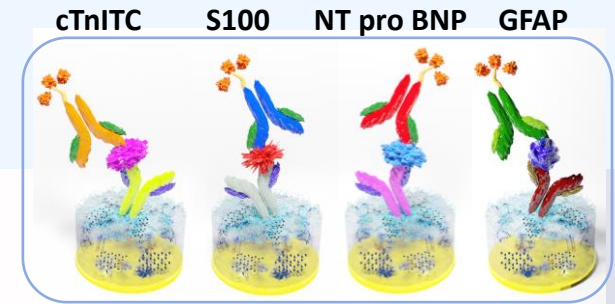
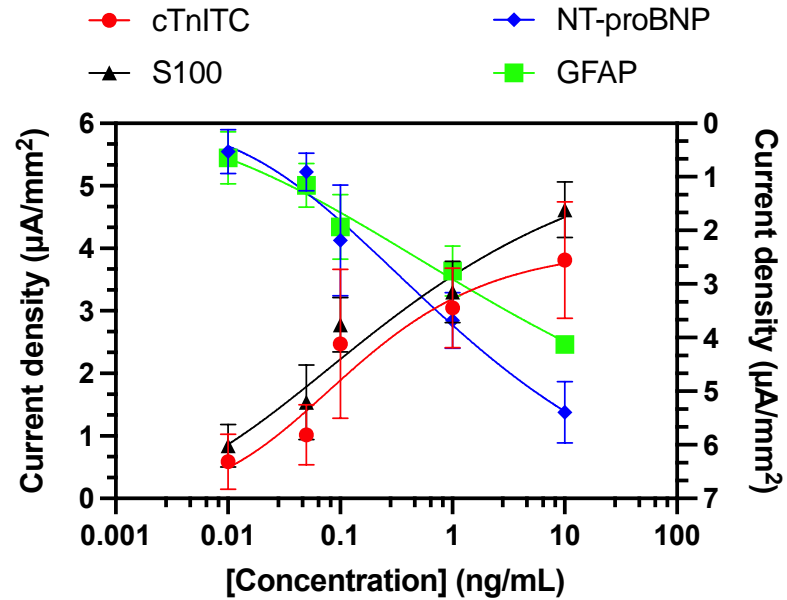
Multiplexed Panel: Troponin ITC (cTnITC), NT pro BNP, s100b, & GFAP

Detection Time: ~30 min in 15 μ L human whole blood

2 markers demonstrate
Excellent Selectivity



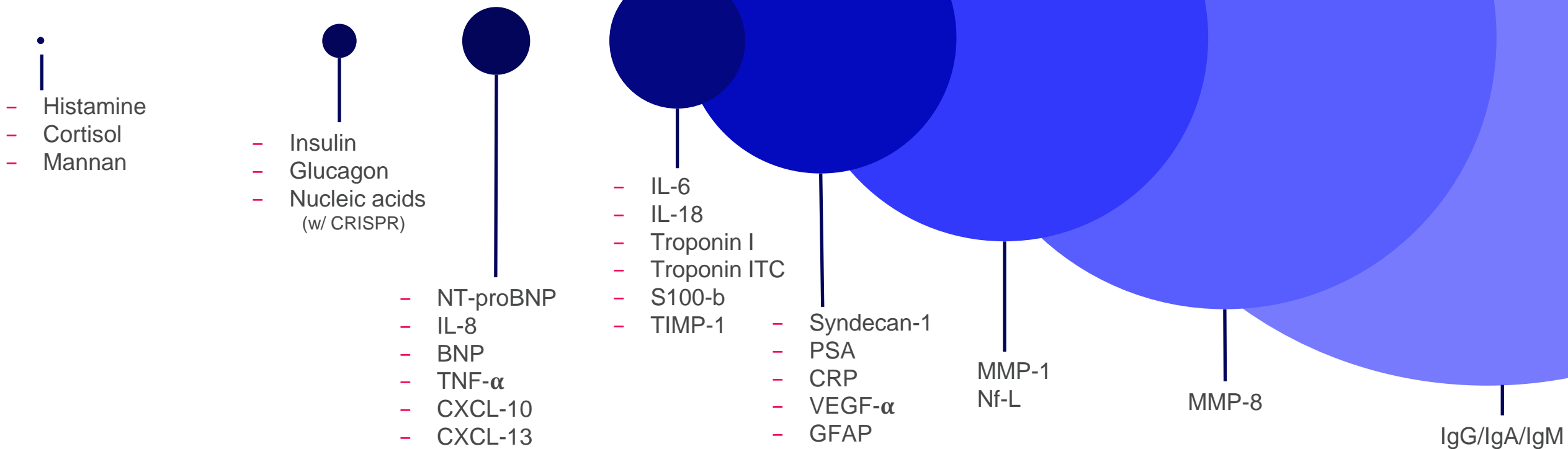
4 markers demonstrate
Excellent Correlation



Timilsina et al. *AHM*. 2021

eRapid Platform Detects a Wide Range of Analytes

>25 markers tested



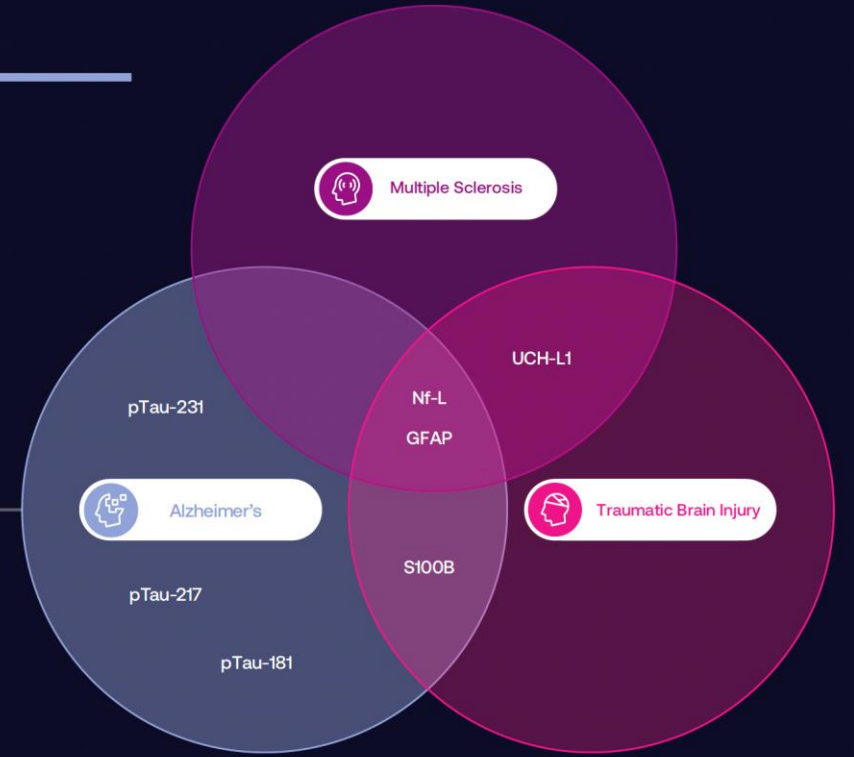
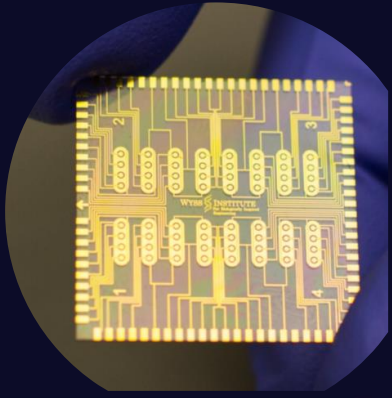
(Timilsina et al. *Acc.Chem. Res.* 2021)

What if a simple finger-prick blood test could reduce dependence on the MRI?



STATA DX

We are building the first point-of-care platform for Neurology

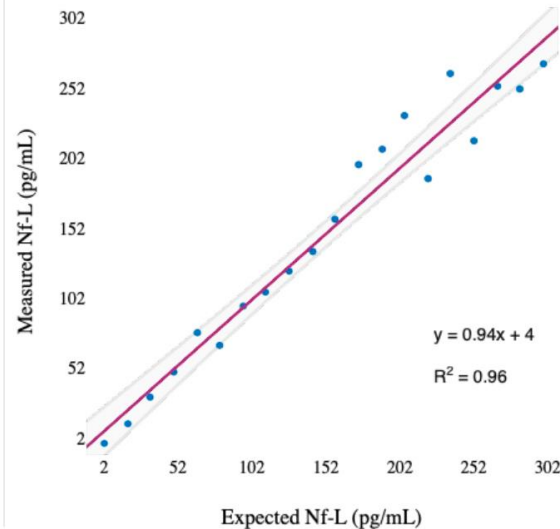


STATA DX

POC Diagnostics for Neurological,
Cardiovascular and Renal Diseases

Clinical

Established clinical concordance for Nf-L with Quanterix Simoa at Universität Basel



COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC

Rapid Nf-L test for MS



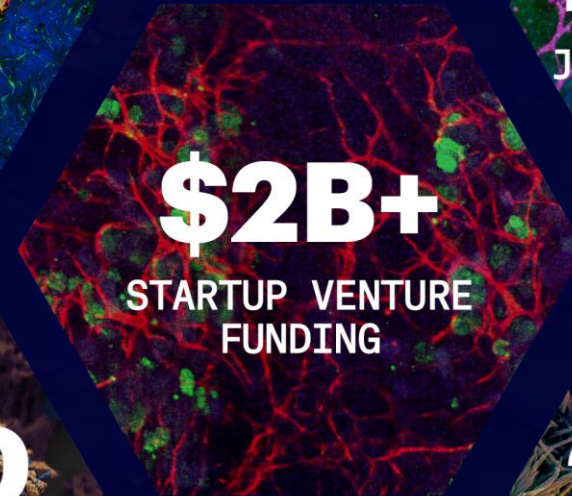
Take Home Message

- *Human Organ Chips are more than potential animal replacements*
- *They are also **Mechanistic Drug Discovery Tools** that*
 - *can provide new insight into human pathophysiology*
 - *can be combined with advanced analytical (AI) approaches*
 - *enable rapid drug repurposing*
 - *accelerate discovery of novel therapeutics and vaccines*
- ***Bioinspired Engineering offers a new approach to confront major challenges in pharmaceutical development***

WYSS INSTITUTE IMPACT SINCE 2009

Disruptive Innovation Inspired by Nature

*We enable >20%
of all Harvard IP
& startups annually*



Multidisciplinary Team

BIOPHYSICS

PHYSIOLOGY

ENGINEERING

MATERIALS

CELL BIOLOGY

IMMUNOLOGY

VIROLOGY

MEDICINE

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

MICROBIOLOGY

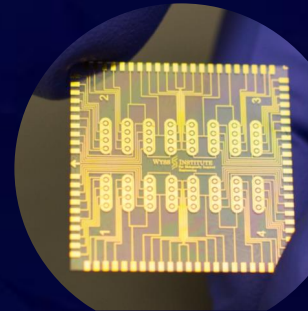
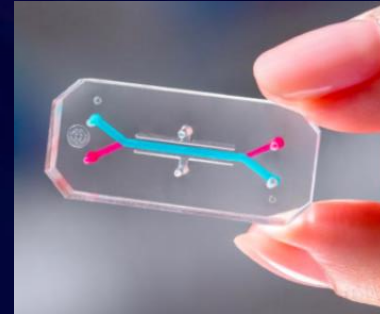
PHARMACOLOGY

COMPUTATIONAL MODELING



Disclosure Statement of Financial Interest:

- I hold equity, sit on the BODs & chair the Scientific Advisory Boards of:



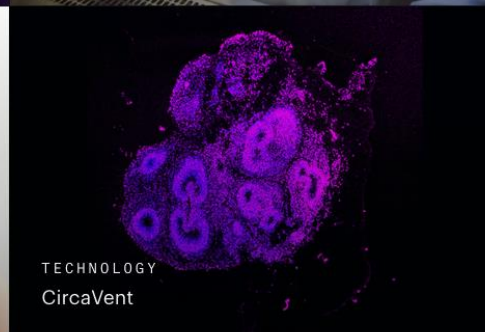
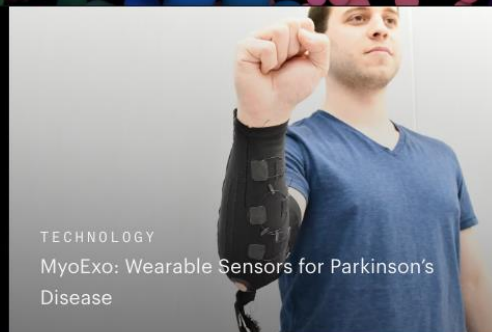
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NEWS
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wyss.harvard.edu



Breakthrough discoveries cannot change the world if they do not leave the lab

