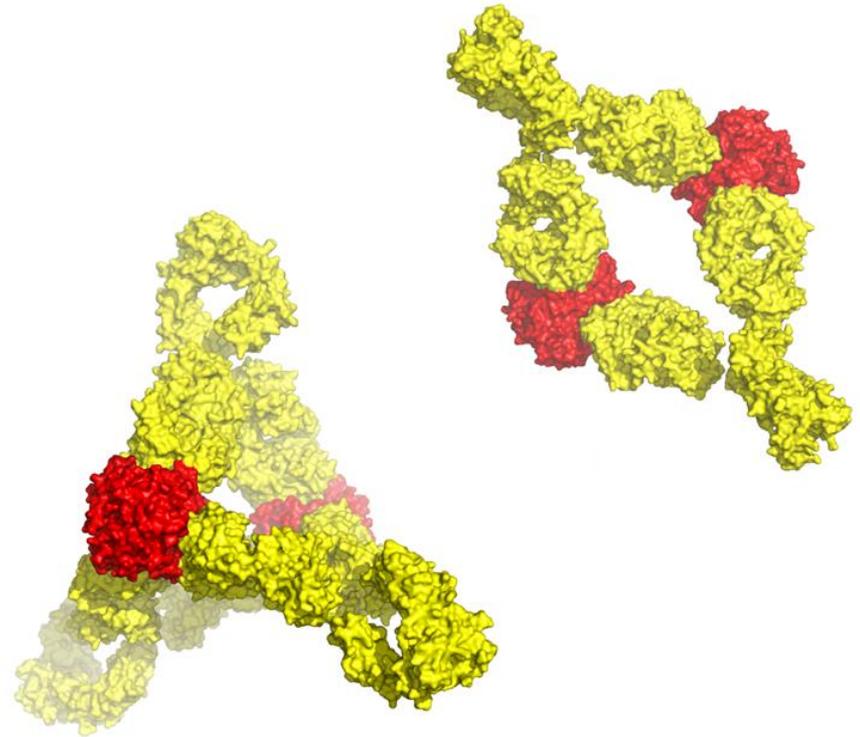


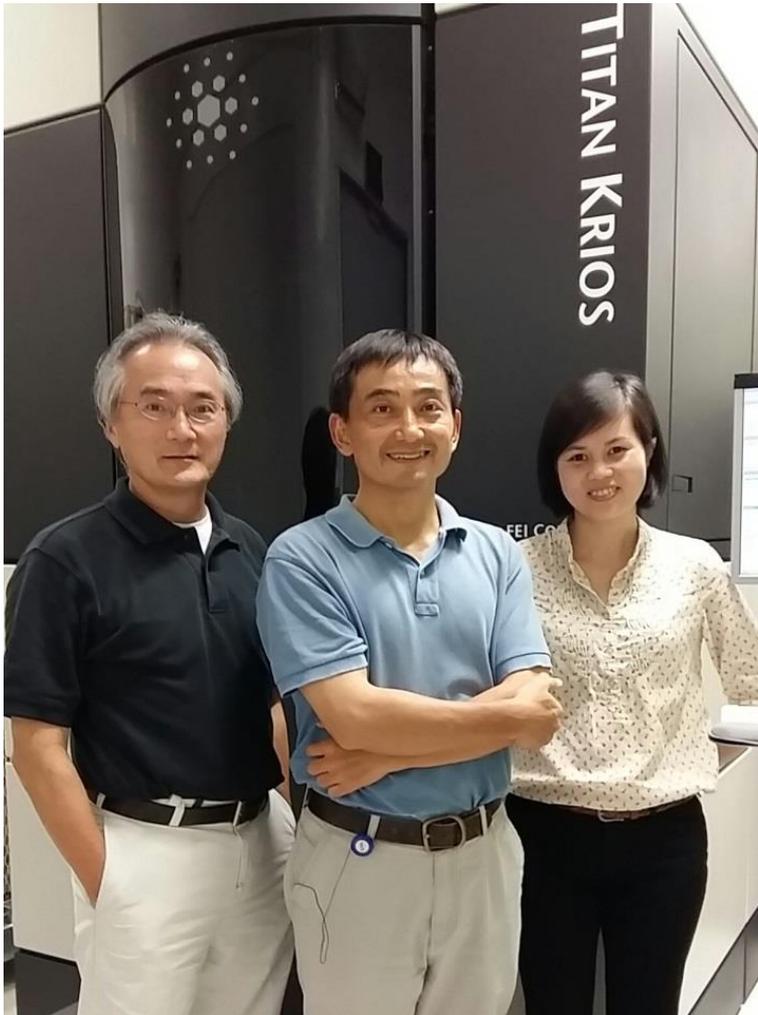
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Electron Microscopy Imaging Reveals Unique Higher Order Structures of Adalimumab-TNF α and Infliximab-TNF α Complexes

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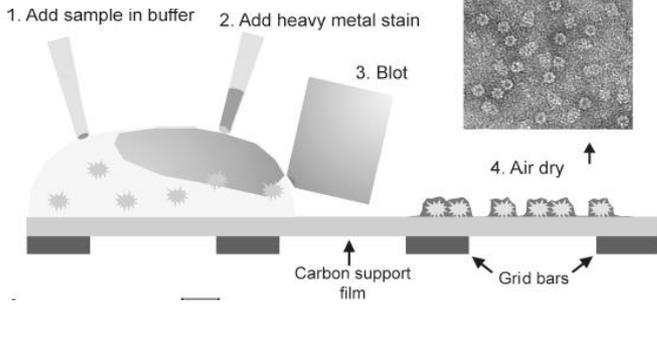
Chee Sheng Ng

Content of today's talk

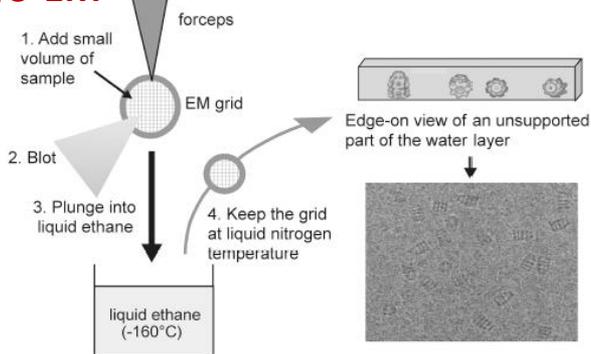
1. Introduction : Electron Microscopy, TNF α and its complexes with Adalimumab
2. Negative Stain EM and Cryo-EM of Adalimumab-TNF α complexes
3. Negative Stain EM of Infliximab-TNF α complexes
4. Summary

Electron Microscopy of Macromolecular Assemblies

Negative Stain



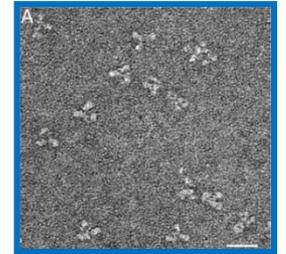
Cryo-EM



EM Imaging

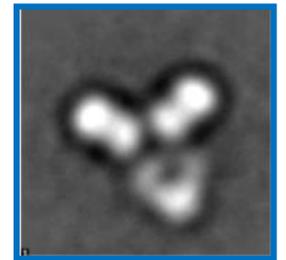


Single Particle



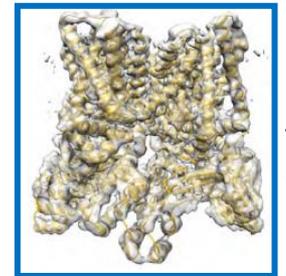
IgG

2D Class Average



IgG

3D Reconstruction

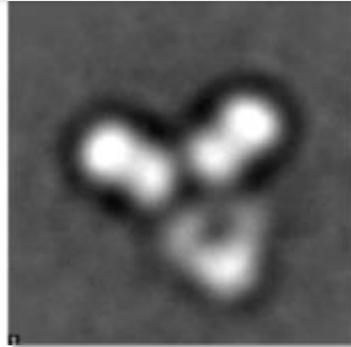
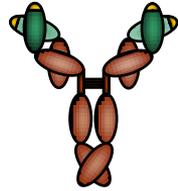


TrpV Ion Channel

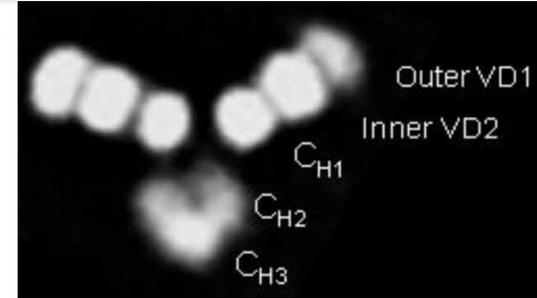
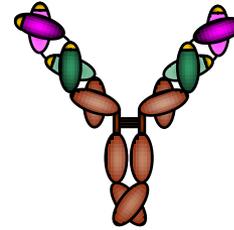
E. V. Orlova and H. R. Saibil (2011) Structural Analysis of Macromolecular Assemblies by Electron Microscopy. Chem. Rev. 111: 7710–7748
M. Carroni and Helen Saibil (2016) Cryo electron microscopy to determine the structure of macromolecular complexes. Methods 95: 78–85

Electron Microscopy of Therapeutic Biologics

Negative Stain EM of mAb and Bispecific Antibody

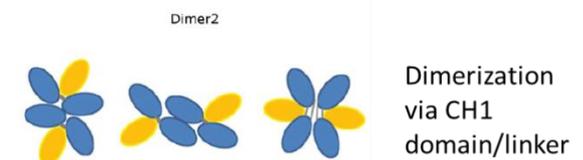
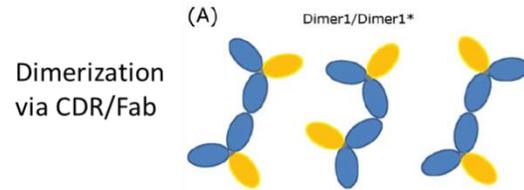
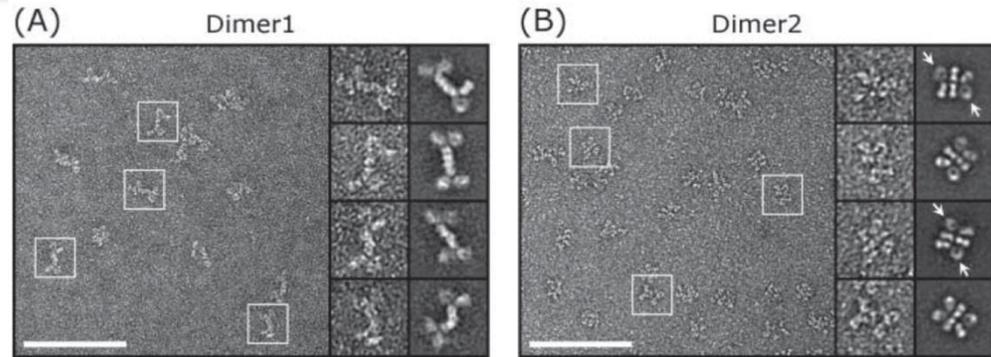


Adalimumab



Dual-Variable Domain Ig (DVD-Ig)

Negative Stain EM of different dimer forms in mAbs

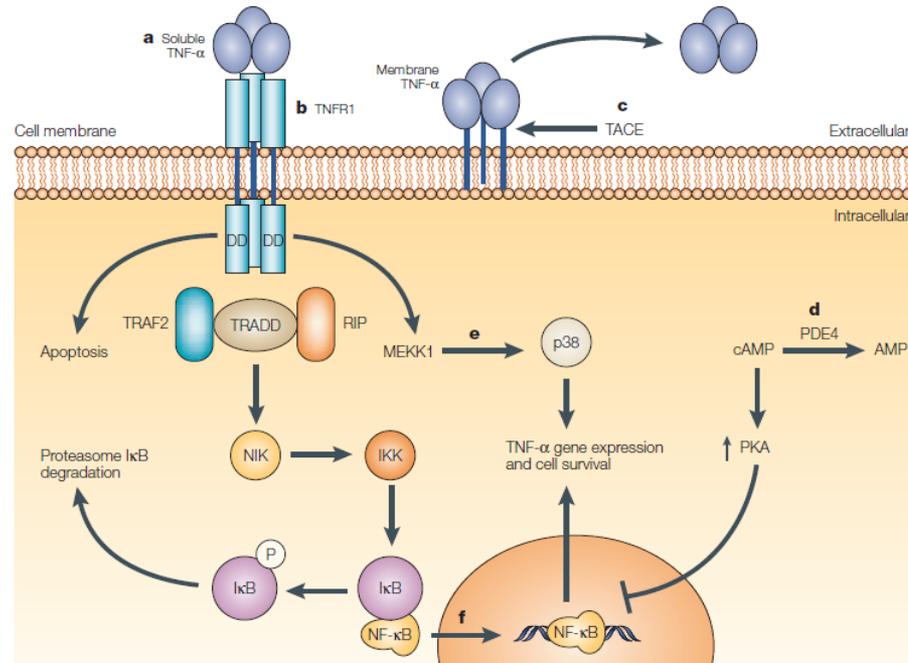


Tran B. et al. (2017) *Protein Sci*, 26:12, 2392-2398

Correia I. et al. (2013) *mAbs*, 5:3, 364-372

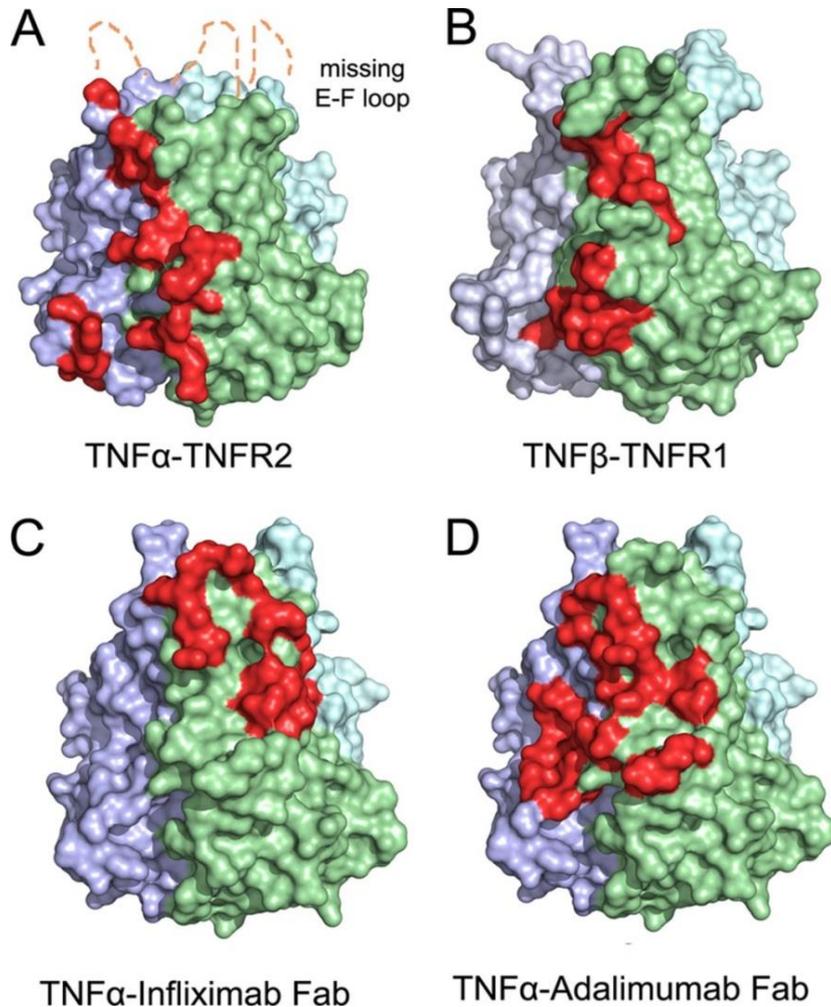
Plath F. et al. (2016) *mAbs*, 8:5, 928-940

Introduction - TNF α



- TNF α : Tumor Necrosis Factor – alpha
- Central biological mediator that regulates inflammation responses
- Multi-functional cytokine mediates acute and chronic inflammation, anti-tumor responses and infection. Biological activity mediated through interaction with 2 distinct receptors, TNFR1 and TNFR2
- 17kDa mature protein, cell associated or secreted. [Forms trimer, with 3 binding sites for TNF receptor \(and targeting antibody\)](#)

Crystal Structures Showed Adalimumab and Infliximab Bind Different Epitopes on TNF α

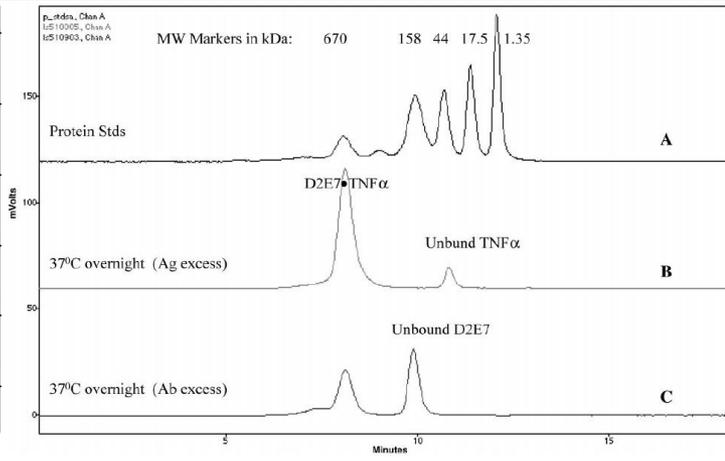
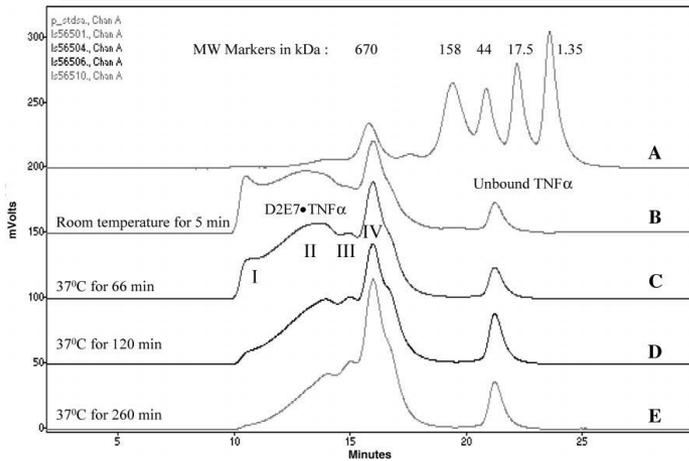


- Adalimumab Fab and Etanercept/TNFR2 bind to the interface of 2 adjacent TNF α protomers
- Infliximab Fab binds to the interface of 1 TNF α protomer
- Adalimumab Fab has larger binding surface to TNF α , and overlaps extensively with TNF α -TNFR2 interface.

	Binding surface to TNF α (\AA^2)
Adalimumab	2,536
Infliximab	1,977
Etanercept	2,500

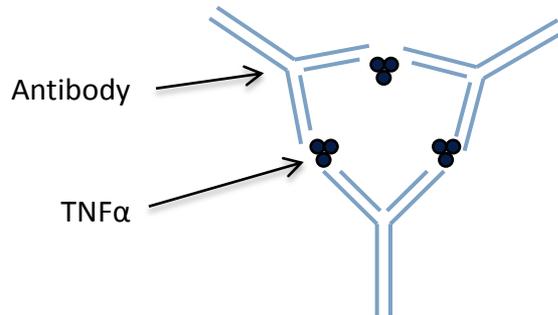
S. Hu et al. (2013) Comparison of the Inhibition Mechanisms of Adalimumab and Infliximab in Treating Tumor Necrosis Factor-Associated Diseases from a Molecular View. *J. Biol. Chem.* 288: 27059

Background - Stable Complex of Adalimumab (Intact IgG) with TNF α



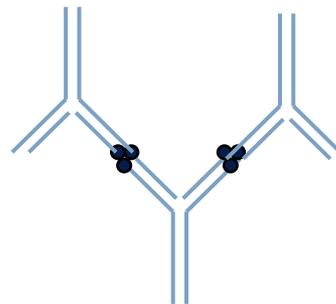
- Adalimumab and TNF α form higher order aggregates upon initial complex formation.
- Adalimumab-TNF α forms stable complex of ~ 600 kDa (37°C overnight)

What is the structure of the stable complex between Adalimumab and TNF α ?



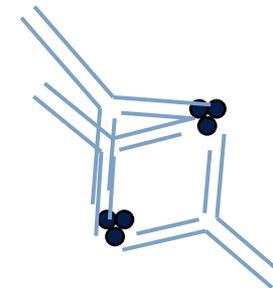
“Ring-like”
3:3 Complex
 ~ 600 kDa

or



“Open”
3:2 Complex
548 kDa

or



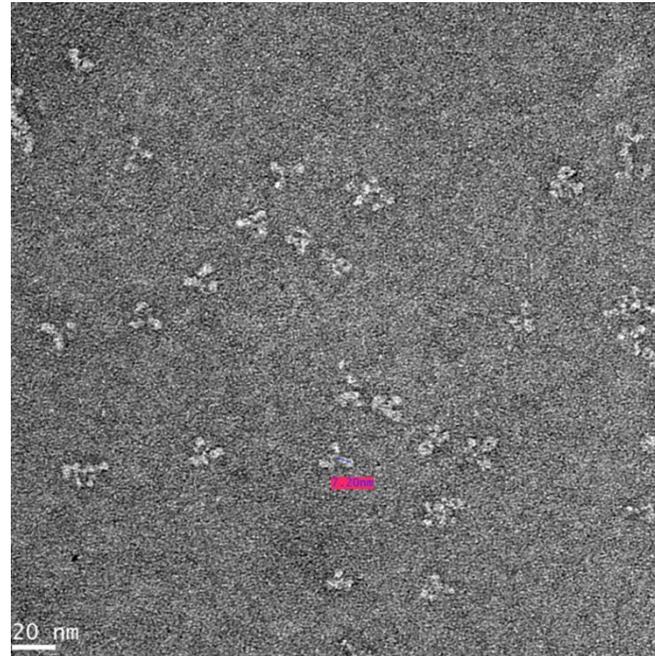
“Closed”
3:2 Complex
548 kDa

abbvie

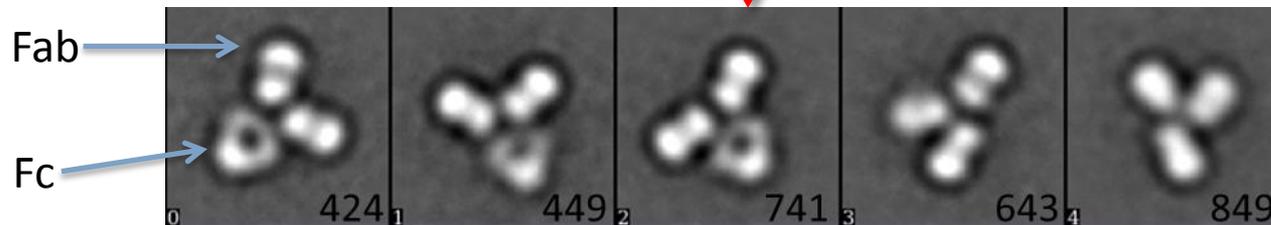
Adalimumab – TNF α
Complex



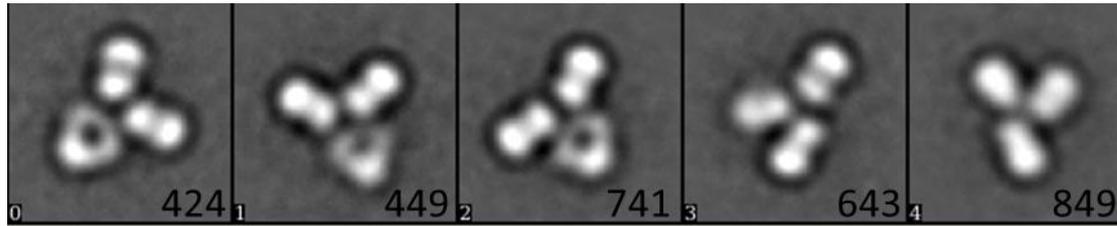
Negative Stain Imaging of Adalimumab



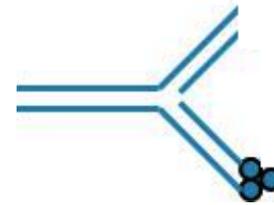
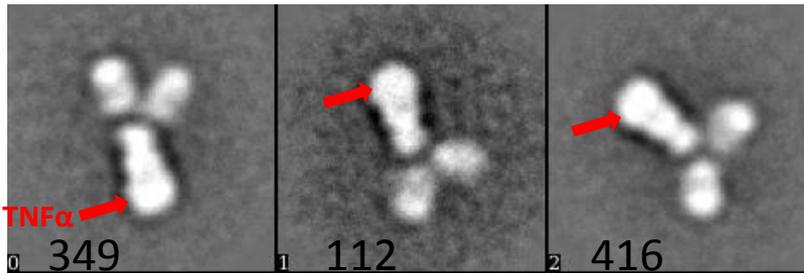
Class averaging with >3000 particles (67K magnification)



Adalimumab-TNF α Complexes Observed Under EM (Negative Stain)

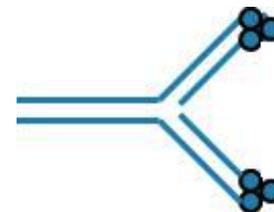
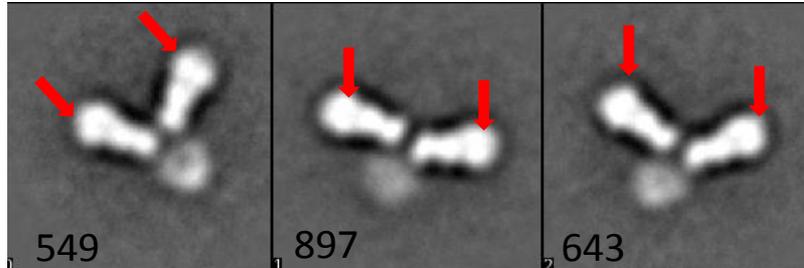


Adalimumab only



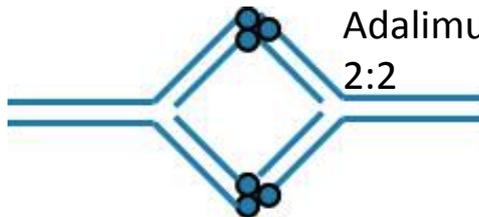
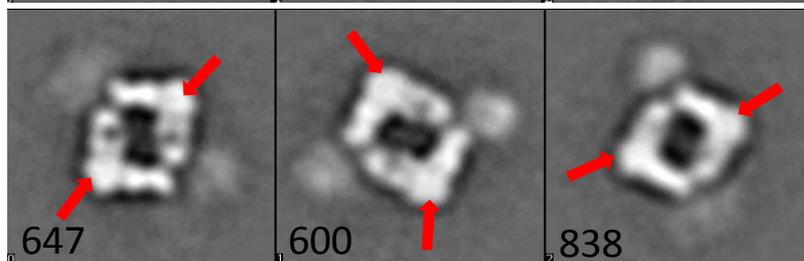
Adalimumab-TNF α
1:1

*On-grid
incubation*



Adalimumab-TNF α
1:2

*On-grid
incubation*



Adalimumab-TNF α
2:2

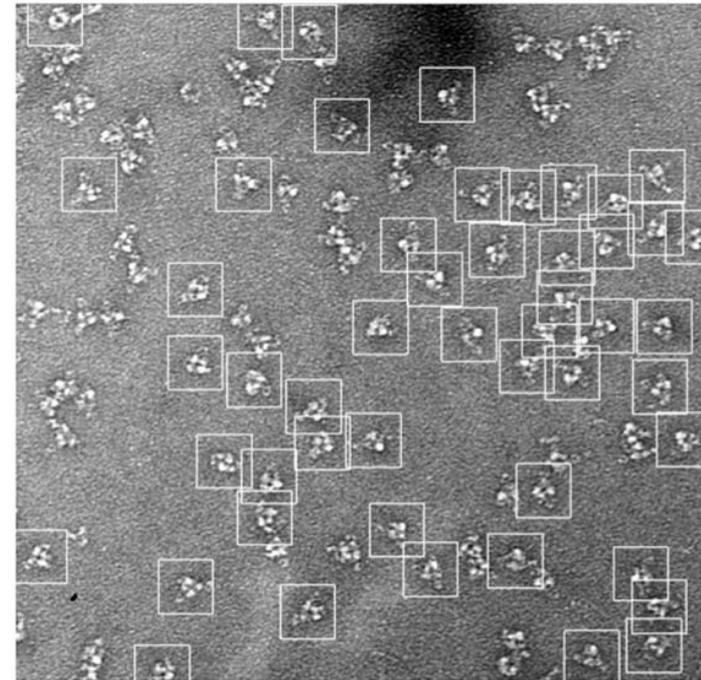
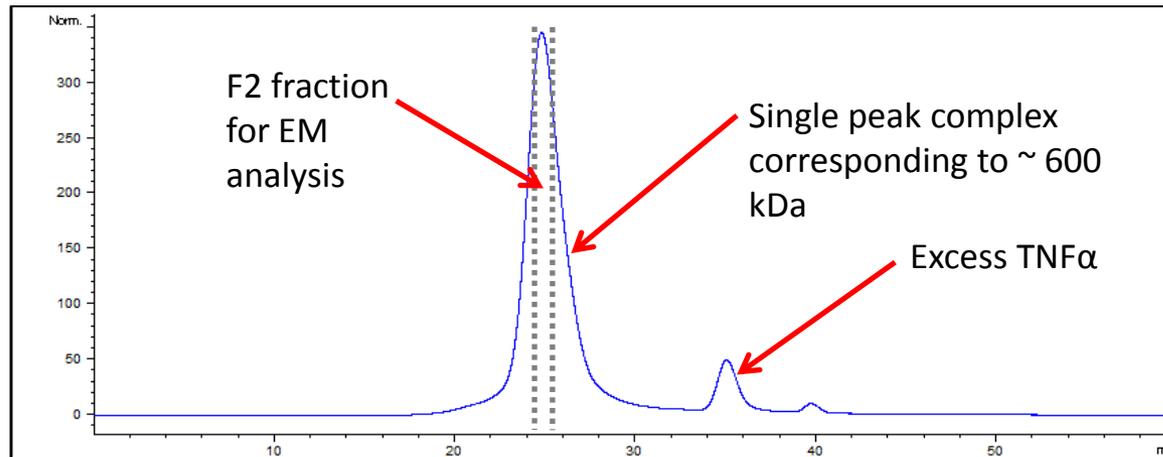
*In-solution
incubation
(6X excess
molar of TNF α)*

1:1, 1:2 and 2:2 Complexes Were Observed

Adalimumab – TNF α Stable Complex

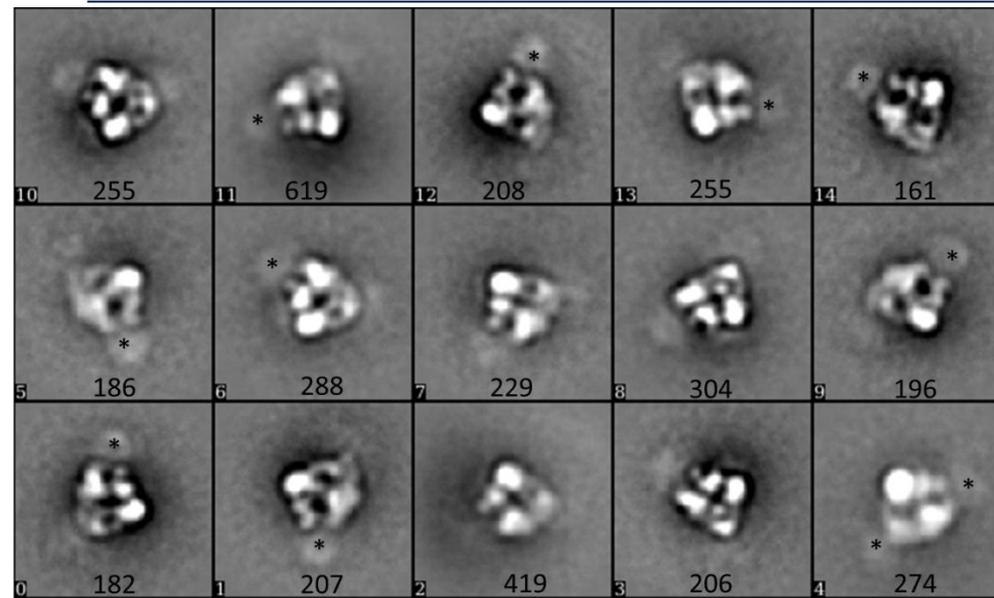
Adalimumab-TNF α complex formation according to L. C. Santora, 2001 (Analytical Biochemistry 299: 119-129) :

- Mixture of Adalimumab (2 mg/mL) and TNF α (0.8 mg/mL)
- Incubation at 37°C overnight , injected into SEC column (Superose 6 10/300 GL)
- Fraction of the main peak was collected for negative stain or Cryo-EM

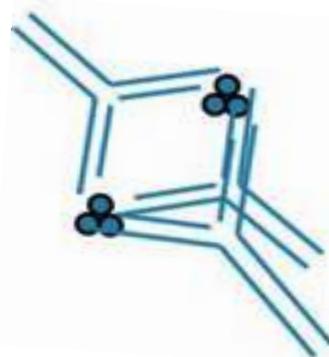
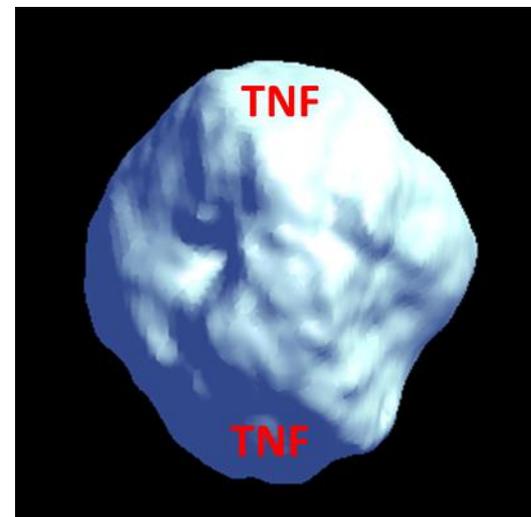


Negative Stain of SEC Fraction ~ 600kDa

Negative Stain EM of Stable Adalimumab-TNF α complex



* Fc



*Fc: not visible

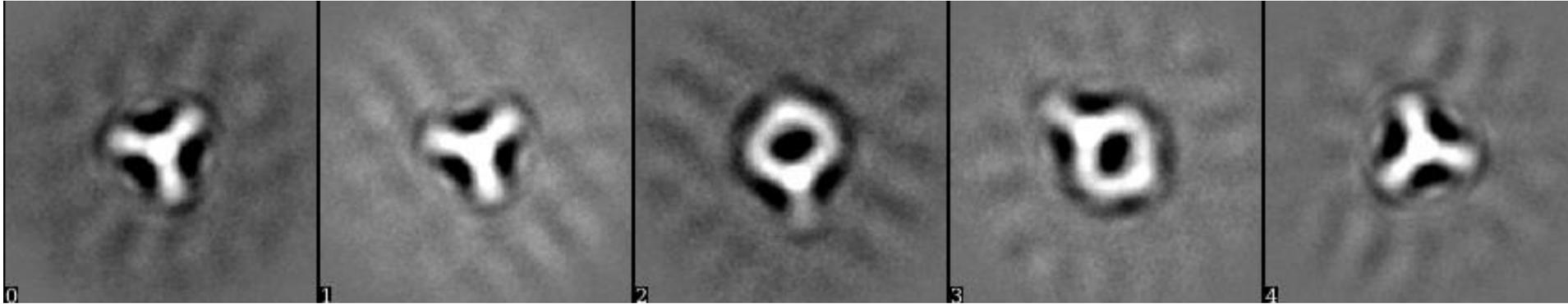
- Single particle analysis Negative Stain EM Analysis
- Limited information obtained from negative stain imaging
- Class averaging from 100 frames at 67K magnification, 4004 particles
- Class averaging and low resolution sub-tomogram averaging suggest stable complex is 3:2 Adalimumab:TNF α complex, adopting a closed conformation
- Other 3:3 or 3:2 complex conformation were not observed under EM

Cryo-EM of
Adalimumab-TNF α
stable complex

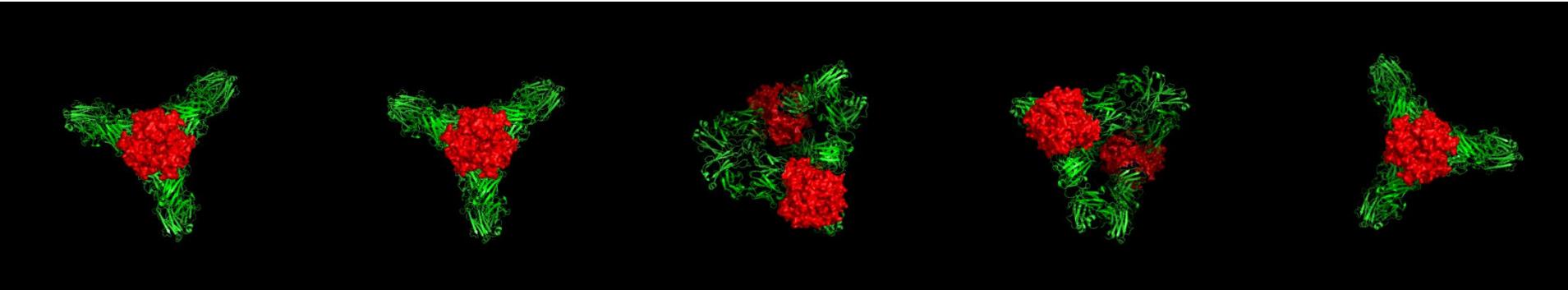


Cryo-EM Revealed Assembly of Adalimumab-TNF α Stable Complex (3:2 Closed Conformation Complex)

>18K particles, 5 classes from 2D Class Averaging (Cryo-EM) (Fc is flexible and not visualized here)



Orientation of 3:2 Complex - Model adapted from crystal structure. (Fc is not visualized here)



Cryo-EM images clearly showed 3:2 closed conformation of Adalimumab-TNF α Stable Complex

Adalimumab Fab (Green); TNF α Trimer (Red)

Cryo-EM Revealed Assembly of Adalimumab-TNF α Stable Complex (3:2 Closed Conformation Complex)

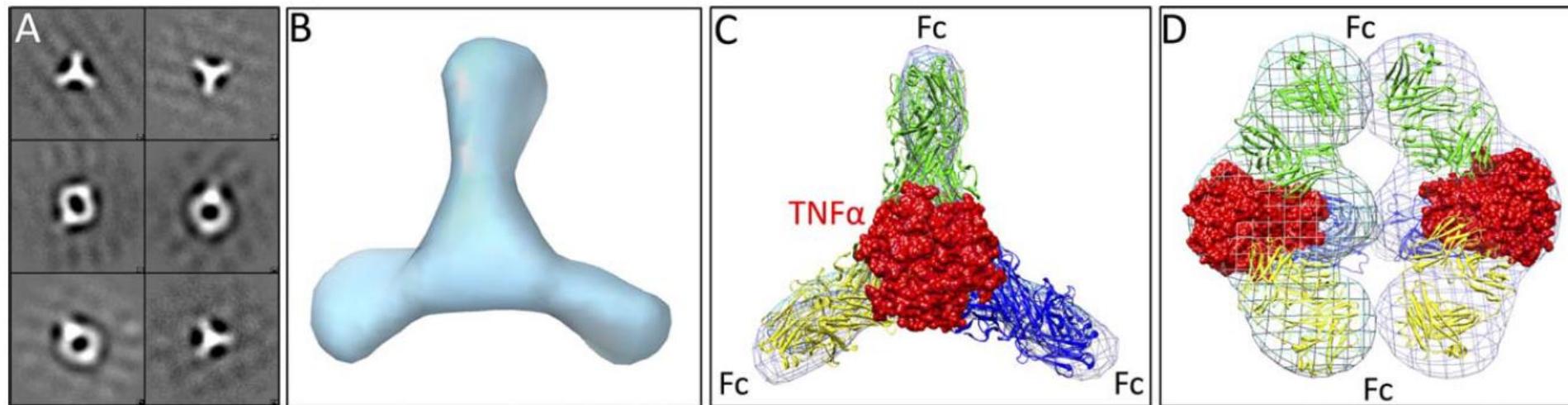


Figure 3. Analysis of Adalimumab-TNF α (3:2) complex by cryo-EM. (A) Representative classes of Adalimumab-TNF α (3:2) complex after 2D class averaging analysis. (B) 3D reconstruction of EM volume from 2D class averages showing the trigonal shape. (C) Superimposition of cryo-EM 3D volume (mesh figure) with X-ray model for Adalimumab-TNF α (3:2) complex, showing a structure with 3-fold symmetry. (D) Circular structure as viewed after 90° rotation along vertical axis of structure shown in (C). Fc is not visualized in the cryo-EM structure, with the approximate position of Fc depicted in the figure.

3:2 stable complex with
closed conformation



All epitopes on
Adalimumab and TNF α
are fully occupied

Can we obtain higher resolution structure?

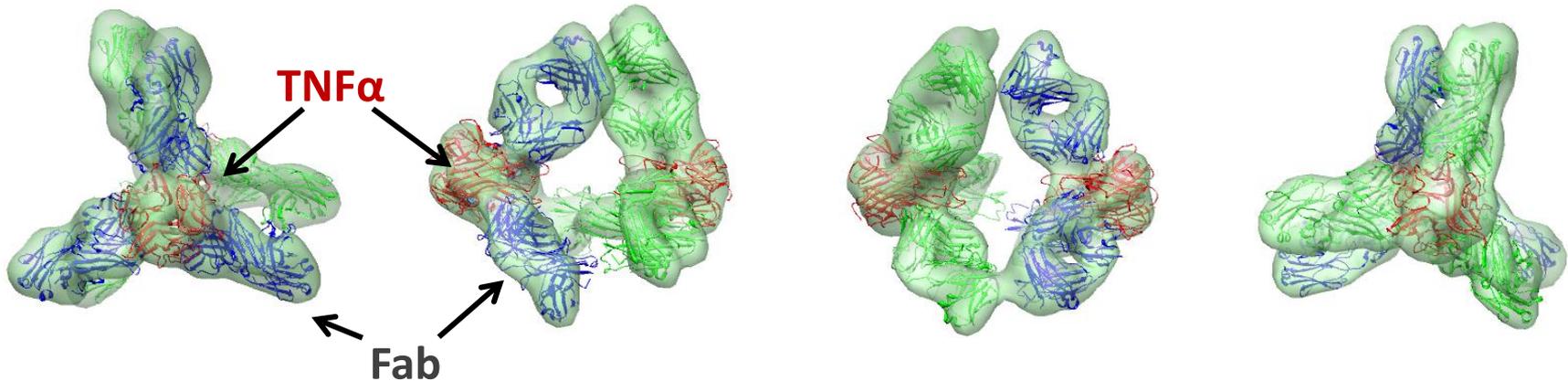
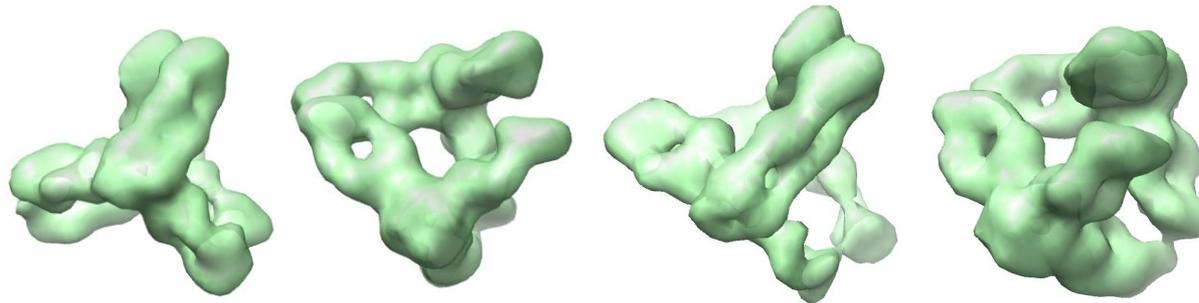
High Resolution Cryo-EM : Higher Order Complexes between Adalimumab and TNF α

Data collection with Volta Phase Plate (VPP), with > 600K particles

2D class average



3D reconstruction model

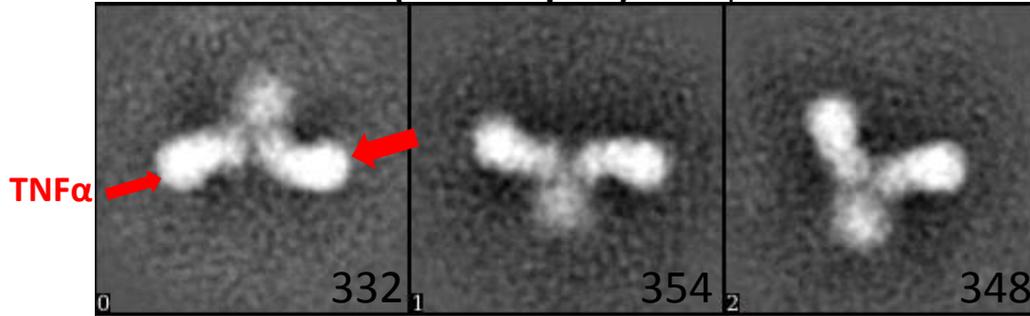


Infliximab (Remicade) –
TNF α Complex



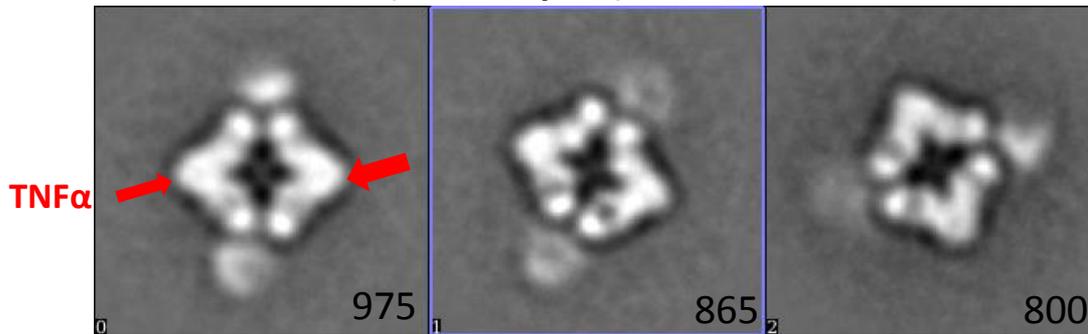
Infliximab-TNF α Complexes Observed Under Negative Stain EM

Infliximab-TNF α (1:2 complex) 1034 particles



*On-grid
incubation*

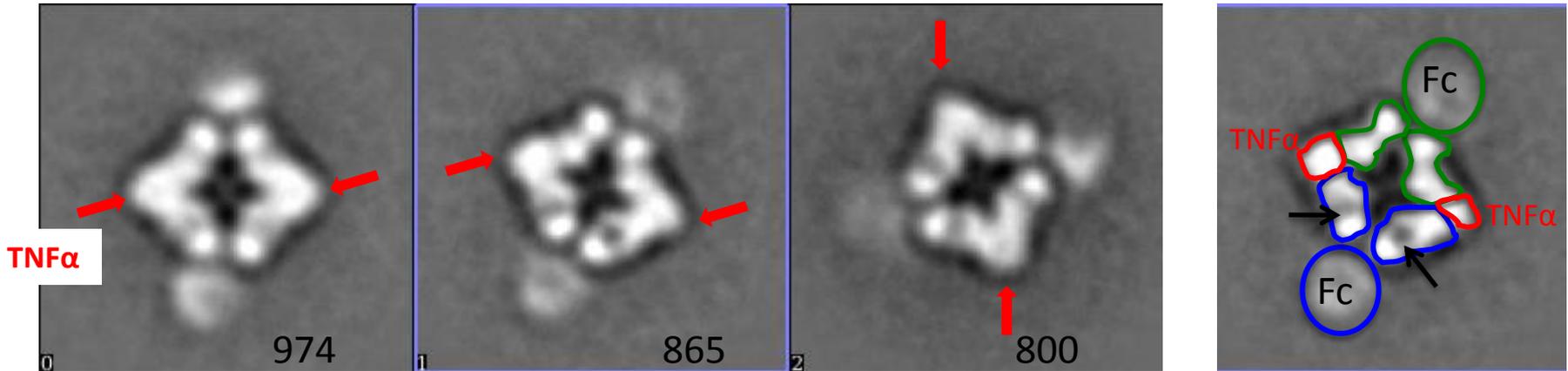
Infliximab-TNF α (2:2 complex) 2640 particles



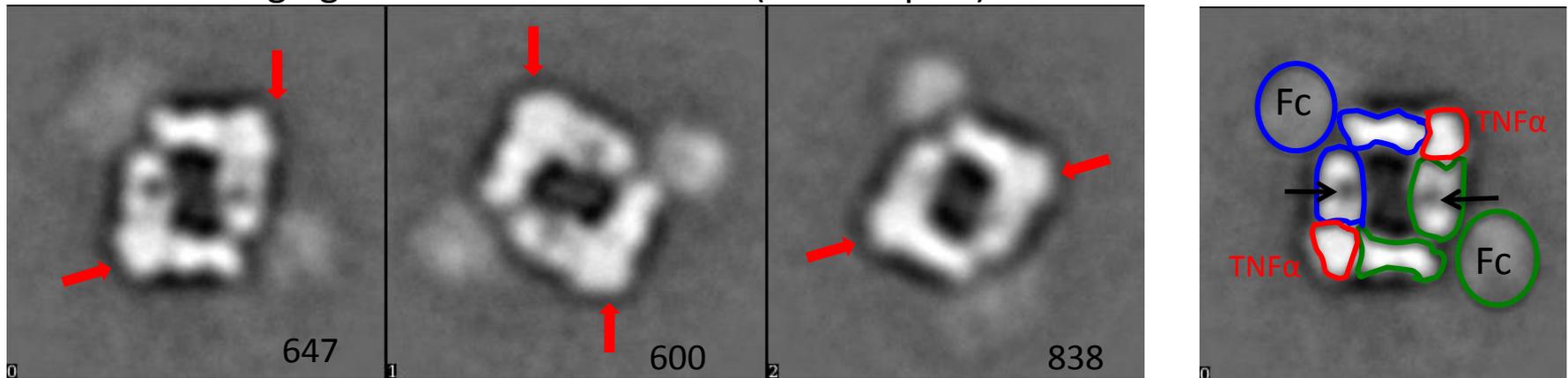
*In-solution
incubation
(6X excess
molar of TNF α)*

Infliximab-TNF α Complexes Observed Under Negative Stain EM

2D class averaging for **Infliximab-TNF α** (2:2 complex)

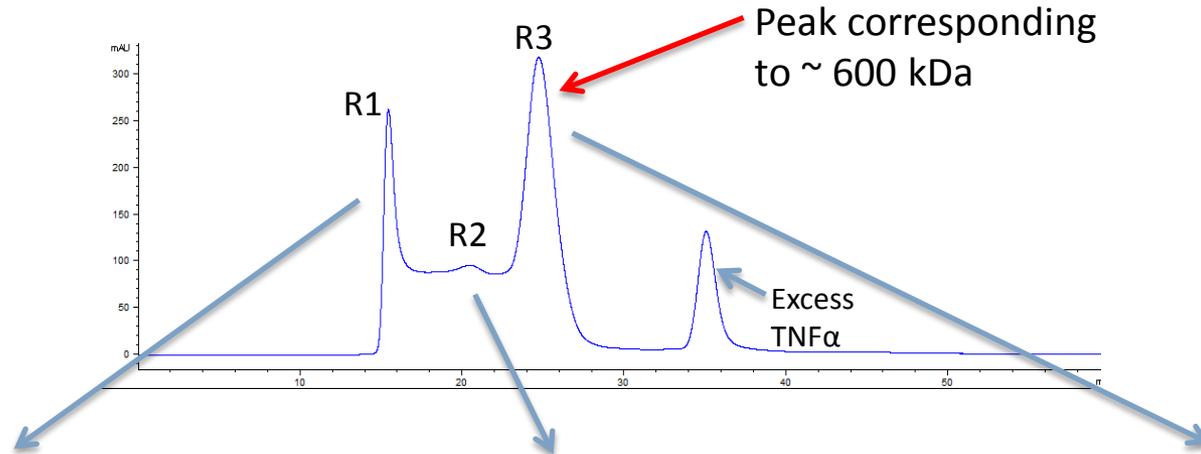


2D class averaging for **Adalimumab-TNF α** (2:2 complex)

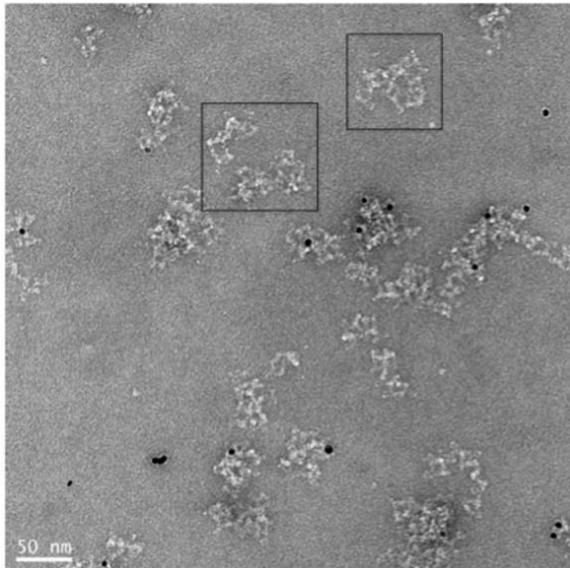


Different Fab orientation when comparing 2:2 complexes between Infliximab-TNF α and Adalimumab-TNF α

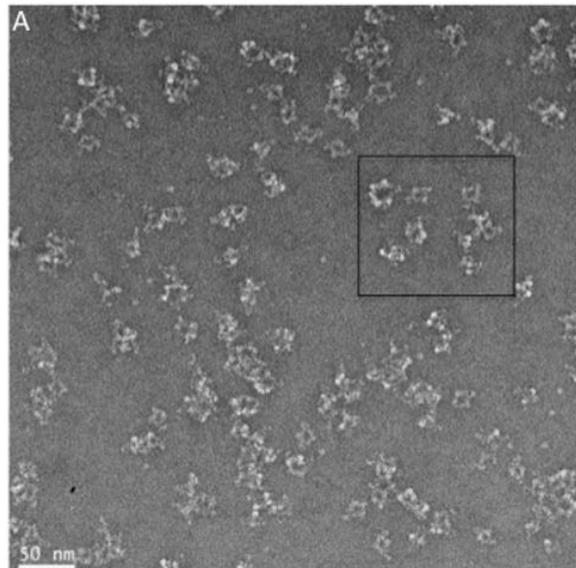
Infliximab - TNF α Stable Complex – Higher Order Aggregates Observed



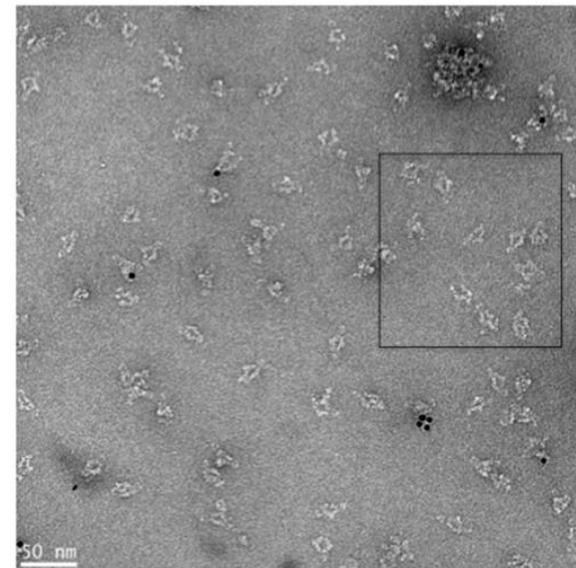
Infliximab-TNF α (R1 fraction)



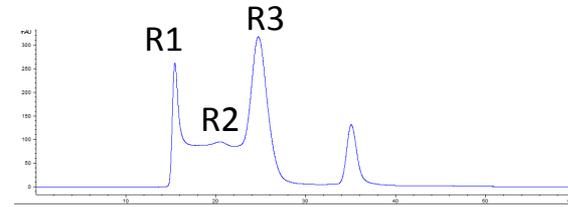
Infliximab-TNF α (R2 fraction)



Infliximab-TNF α (R3 fraction)

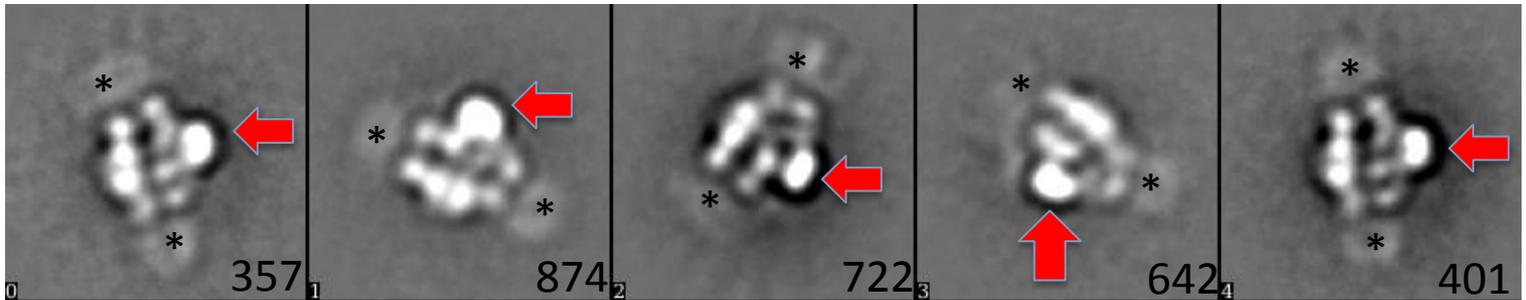


Infliximab - TNF α Stable Complex (Negative Stain)

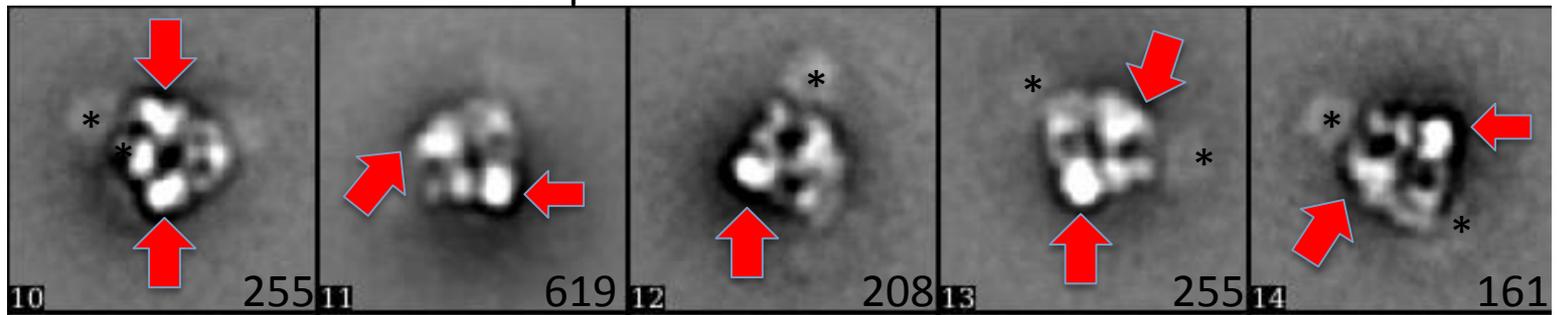


Infliximab-TNF α (R3 fraction)

* Fc
→ TNF α or IgG



Adalimumab-TNF α 3:2 complex



Limited structural information due to low resolution and preferred orientation

SUMMARY

- Negative Stain EM class averaging able to produce low resolution images for mAb, bispecifics and complexes with antigens
- Structures of Adalimumab-TNF α complexes.
 - Observed 1:1, 1:2, 2:2 and 3:2 complexes between Adalimumab and TNF α
 - Different 2:2 structures when comparing Adalimumab-TNF α and Infliximab-TNF α
 - Closed conformation of the 3:2 stable complex
- Cryo-EM imaging provided high resolution structures, to support 3:2 closed conformation complex structure of Adalimumab-TNF α

